265
1933

138154

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Chron.
82

PRICE ONE ANNA

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M MEHTA IN 1913.

NO. 154 BOMBAY SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1933 SIXTEEN PAGES

NCE
take no
ne's own
E'S OWN
COM-
he BEST.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

WYLI ON INCREASE OF CORRUPTION IN PUNJAB

Indian Delegates Challenge Statement

SIR S. HOARE SNUBS SIR MICHAEL

SWEEPING GENERALISATIONS NOT JUSTIFIED

"Tere Had Been Scandals In Mnicipalities In Many Parts f World," Says S. Of S.

LONDON, June 30.

e statement of Sir M. O'Dwyer, that according to the information from the Punjab corruption and bribery had mucincreased, and there were only two or three British officers it, was challenged by several Indian delegates at yesterday meeting of the Select Committee.

T. B. Sapru asked whether the Secretary of State had information on the subject, and whether Government was taki steps.

SCANDLS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

S. Hoare replied it was difficult to deal in detail with it out notice, but he had received no complaints. It was a fact that there had been scandals in certain municipalities of the Punjab. There had been scandals in municipalities in many parts of the world. He would not like to give a general view without further examining reports on the subject, but so far as I know in my experience there is no justification for the very general charge contained in one of Sir M. O'Dwyer's answers."

INQUIRY COMMISSION.

Sir M. O'Dwyer asked: "May I make clear that? Some years ago there were such general complaints of bribery that the Punjab Government appointed a Commission of inquiry"

Mr. Abdur Rahim: "What was the Commission's conclusion."

Sir M. O'Dwyer: "It made certain recommendations and brought out startling evidence, doubtless it is on record."

He added when he was in the Punjab it was dinned into his ears that administration was not paying sufficient attention to the existence of widespread bribery. Accordingly started a campaign with the aid of legislation and press, and in a year or two succeeded in successfully prosecuting five prominent officers, which was tremendously effective in stopping bribery, but it had afterwards been resumed.

NUMBER OF BRITISH OFFICERS.

With reference to the number of British officers, Sir S. Hoare said that the figure on 1st January was fifteen.

Sir M. O'Dwyer suggested that the figure was lower in hot weather owing to the number of Britishers going on leave.

Chowdhry Zafrulla declared that the figure was never so low as four.

Questioned with respect to the prospects of his proposals proving acceptable, Sir M. O'Dwyer thought masses were still not interested in politics, but were more concerned with their day-to-day welfare and security. He believed a large body of intelligentsia were apprehensive of the effects of the White Paper, and would be relieved by disappearance of certain objectionable features, particularly the transfer of law and order.

WILL CONSTITUTION BE WORKED.

Sir T. B. Sapru asked: "Are you satisfied that any party will work the constitution such as you suggest?"

Sir M. O'Dwyer: "I believe so. if it was made known that Government as responsible for the welfare and advancement of people thinks it as far as it is at present wise to go."

Sir T. B. Sapru: "If I tell you no politicians will agree, would you still advise Parliament to proceed?"

Sir M. O'Dwyer: "Certainly. Parliament is responsible for doing the best it can for the people. I think it is a pity that interests of the people have hitherto been rather subordinated to political aspirations."

MASSES AFFECTED.

Sir T. B. Sapru pointed out that departments which Sir M. O'Dwyer contemplated transferring, particularly affected the masses, and inquired if Sir M.

(Continued on page 11).

STABILISATION PLAN

Gold Countries To Issue Definite Statement

LONDON, June 29.

Mr. Bennet in an interview to Reuter said that the meeting of gold countries this afternoon was engaged in drafting a most definite and resolute statement on stabilization.

Gold countries were completely unanimous on the necessity of defending to their utmost the stabilization of their currency.

The gold standard countries' conference is preparing a declaration of their own views, and it will be left for Britain and America to join in, if they wish. The French assert that a declaration will be issued whatever happens.—Reuter.

HOARE TO GIVE EVIDENCE

Jt. Committee Programme Not Yet Fixed

LONON, June 30.

The programme of the work of the Select Committee for the coming fortnight has not yet been definitely fixed, but it is understood that Sir Samuel Hoare is likely to give evidence about the middle of July.—Reuter.

LATEST NEWS

LONDON PASSENGER PROBLEM

LONDON, June 30.

Whole London's passenger transport passes under control the newly created London Passenger Transport Board midnight. This will be effected by coming into operation an act transferring control from 100 public undertakings at present operating coaches, buses, trams, trains within a radious of 30 miles of London, separately.

Traffic King will be Lord Ashfield on a salary of £12,500 a year. The capital involved will be 170 millions sterling.

U. S. BUDGET REVELATIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 30.

The United States ended the present fiscal year with the official deficit approximately 1,760 million dollars. In addition the Reconstruction Finance Corporation lent or disbursed in the same period 1,285 million dollars, which was not carried in the ordinary budget.

The public debt reached approximately 22 milliard dollars, which is an increase of three milliard dollars during the year.

POPE DRIVES TO CHURCH OF ST. PAUL.

ROME, June 30.

The Pope made the first excursion from Rome since 1870 when, reviving the custom drove in a closed car to the Church of St. Paul outside the walls, and sa the High Mass on the occas of the Festival of St. Paul.

Strictest precautions were en in consequence of the r bomb outrage at St. Peter's dreds of police and plain c men were strung out alo previous route and the chu surrounded by police.

(STOP PRESS ON PA

WIMBLEDON TENNIS

Wills Moody Beat Henrotin

LONDON, June 30.

The weather was glorious, and the Queen was present among the spectators during the play in the fourth round at Wimbledon.

RESULTS.

Wills Moody beat Henrotin 6/3; 6/6.

Valerio (Italy) beat Fraulein Horn (Germany) 6/3 8/6.

Mlle Payot (Switzerland) beat Fearnley Whittingstall 8/6 5/7 7/5.

IN THE FIRST ROUND.

Billington and Miss Knapp beat Tuckey and Scriven 6/4 6/2.

HUGHES' GREAT GAME.

At Wimbledon, playing the greatest singles game in his career, Hughes (Britain) defeated America's third rank player Sutter 9/7 7/5 6/3 in the third round. Hughes showed great fire at all points, serving strongly and volleying admirably.—Reuter's Special.

BARBER'S 85 IN COUNTY MATCH

Brown Captures Eight Wickets For 35

LONDON, June 30.

The following are results in first-class cricket matches which commenced on Wednesday:—

Warwickshire Vs. Surrey: Warwickshire won by an innings and 23 runs. Warwick 382, Surrey 231 and 128 (Brown eight for 35).

Derbyshire Vs. Lancashire: Lancashire won by three wickets. Derby 128 and 181. Lancs 182 and 131 for seven (Armstrong four for 40).

Yorkshire Vs. Sussex: Sussex won by ten wickets. Sussex 373 and 17 for no loss. Yorks 131 and 263 (Barber 85).—Reuter's Special Service.

MIDDLESEX WINS.

MIDDLESEX vs. ESSEX:—Middlesex won by two wickets. Essex 252 and 186 (O'Connor 73). Middlesex 237 and 203 for 8 (Nichols 5 wickets for 70 runs).

GLAMORGAN vs. LEICESTERSHIRE:—Leicestershire won on the first innings. Leicester 454 for 6 and declared, and 132 for 3. Glamorgan 443 (Duckfield 100, Clay 69, not out).

WOOLLEY'S 198.

KENT vs. SOMERSET:—Somerset won by 24runs. Somerset 215 and 277 for 8 and declared. Kent 105 and 363 (Woolley 198, Chapman 53).

NOTTS vs. GLOUCESTERSHIRE:—Gloucester won on the first innings. Notts 301 for 9 declared, and 196 for 9 and declared. Gloucester 347 (Butler 5 for 64) and 55 for no loss.

WORCESTERSHIRE vs. HAMPSHIRE:—Worcester won on the first innings. Worcester 327 and 243 for 6 and declared (Wright 65, Nichol 106, not out). Hampshire 252 and 192 for 4).—Reuter's Special.

RICHARD'S 100TH WIN.

LONDON, June 30.

At New Market Gorden, Richards, the champion jockey, rode his 100th winner of the season to victory on Mr. Darling's Croon at Haworth Plate.

His nearest opponent is Harry Wragg, who has ridden only 40 winners.

It is a most remarkable feat to ride a century, and before the end of June he should reach a double century. Richards did the hat trick the first day at meeting and rode four winners the second day.

"SUPER-EDITOR" AT WORK IN BENGAL

Journalists Expose Blue Pencil Methods Of Censor

Freedom Of Press Killed By Press Officer's Phone Ukases. Directions And Instructions Regarding Publication Of News And Even Style Of Display

The Jt. Secretary of the Indian Journalists' Association writes:—

I am enclosing a correspondence that has passed between the Government of Bengal and the Indian Journalists' Association on the communique issued by the Government on Pandit M. M. Malaviya's allegations of assault on Congressmen.

As the Government communique dragged the Calcutta Press into the matter the Association has thought it necessary to vindicate the action of the Press.

The Government's reply has been published by the "Statesman", the "Advance" and some other papers. A Special General Meeting of the Association held on Sunday (25th June) last has approved a rejoinder to the Government which I am enclosing for publication in your paper.

OFFICIAL REPLY TO JOURNALISTS

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.
Political Department,
Political Branch,
No. 773 P. D.

From G. P. Hogg. Esq., C.I.E, I.C.S., Offg. Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

To the Joint Secretary, Indian Journalists' Association. Darjeeling. 19th June, 1933.

Sir,

I am directed to refer to your letter No. 249/JA33 dated the 3rd June, 1933, forwarding a copy of the resolution passed by the Executive Council of the Indian Journalists' Association, in connection with the Communique issued by the Government of India regarding Pandit M. M. Malaviya's complaints of police assaults on delegates to the recent abortive Congress Conference in Calcutta.

OFFICIAL DENIAL.

2. In reply I am to that there is no rigid censorship of Press reports in Bengal, and the assertion that the Press find it practically impossible to publish allegations against the Police is therefore baseless. In the instance in question no reports, verbal or written, were submitted to the Press Officer for censorship at the time of the Congress meeting nor were any such reports in fact censored by him. I am further to point out that the attitude adopted by the Press Officer when he is consulted has not prevented the Calcutta Press from publishing accounts of alleged oppressions by the police in the district of Midnapore or the alleged improper treatment of Mr. Aney in Midnapore Jail. In these circumstances, the Government of Bengal are unable to admit that there is any foundation of the insinuations and allegations made in the resolution in question in respect of the P Officer and his department. can only suggest that the for the redress of the Press to re

which M. M. Malaviya referred be sought elsewhere.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
Sd/- G. P. Hogg.
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JOURNALISTS' REJOINDER

June 26, 1933.

From Mrinal Kanti Bose, Secretary, Indian Journalists' Association.

To G. P. Hogg, Esq., C. I. E., I. C. S., Offg. Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Political Department.

Sir,

I am directed to refer to your letter No. 773 P. D. dated 19-6-33 on the communication of the Indian Journalists' Association enclosing a copy of the resolution adopted by the Council of the Association re: Government's Communique on Pandit M. M. Malaviya's allegations of assault by Police on Congress delegates so far as it affects the Calcutta Press.

CENSOR'S WAYS.

You say that there is no rigid censorship of press reports in Bengal. Apparently, the Government has its own idea about the rigidity of press censorship. Since the Press Ordinance was promulgated, the Association has been complaining of what it considers to be extreme rigidity of Press censorship. The council of the Association and the Ordinance Board appointed by the Council have from time to time given specific instances of interference by the Press Officer. At a meeting of the Ordinance Board held on 30-1-33, with the representatives of the Calcutta Indian daily papers attending, it was agreed that (a) the directions of and instruction of the Press Officer were becoming more and more rigid and had the effect of tightening the grip on newspapers to an intolerable point; (b) the suppression and mutilation of news and the prevention of the legitimate expression of opinion, though bad enough, were surpassed by the direction as to the use of the types in the headings and in the of news, the arrang of news, the exclusion like "Arrest of ladies lims" in the heading exclusion of double ing, the ban on t certain news and interferences w carried to an

DAY TO

The me tation the

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (upto 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.——The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.——The Advertisement Department, The Bombay Chronicle", Old Custom House Road, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Numbers should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—1 Provincial Controller for Bombay Presidency. 20 Assistant Controllers in each district, Pay Rs. 75—5—175 and Rs. 45—10 monthly. Share investment Rs. 1000 and 500. Apply with stamps Box No. 802, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Candidates on remuneration for outdoorwork everywhere. Opportunity to Learn and Earn. Initial outlay Rs. 5. Apply: Hind Equitable, 76, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. (808)

Wanted—Gujarati knowing educated youngmen to work as salesmen and supervisers former experience not particularly necessary. Write with particulars Box No. 810 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Services of an expert having thorough practical knowledge of Woollen Cloth Finishing Machinery. Apply with copies of testimonials stating lowest salary acceptable to: The Shaikh Gulam Sadik Woollen Mills, Grant Trunk Road, Amritsar (813).

Wanted a Tutor for I Standard boy at Santa Cruz. Time 7—8 p.m. Salary Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 805. "Bombay Chronicle."

Energetic Canvasser for Commercial Art Work. Apply personally 2 to 4 P.M. Monday, 64, Krishna Niwas, Kalbadevi. (720).

Wanted for Overseas:—Shift Engineers, Monotype Machine Operators, Boiler-maker, Chargemen and Telegraphists. And for Bombay, Qualified and Competent Accountants, Cashiers and General and Indent Clerks, knowing Gujarati and typing. Apply with certificates to P. Dubash & Co., Recruiting Contractors, 485, Frere Road, Fort. (819).

Wanted District Superintendents for Nasik, Khandesh, Surat and Hyderabad Deccan for our attractive anna daily premium schemes. Good Prospects even for beginners. Money saving clocks given to policyholders. Apply People's Insurance Co., 361 Hornby Road, Bombay. (770).

Wanted a Competent and experienced Carding Master for a Mill in Bombay. Must be well-versed in the working of Indian and Egyptian cotton. Apply with copies of certificates stating age, experience of machines of particular makers and salary required to Box No. 300, "Bombay Chronicle." (6892).

The M. & S. M Railway Employees' Urban Bank, Limited,—...nted.—Applications are invited ...he post of a Secretary for ...& S. M. Ry. Employees' ...k Ltd., on a salary on ...Rs. 250-20-350 per ...e but those with ...distinction, pre... ...ate member of ...kers in Eng... ...ot less than ...ience in a ...d not ...pply.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted influential and honest Persons of either sex to represent in the Districts of Thana, Kolaba, Ratnagiri, Bombay Proper and other parts of the Presidency a Progressive Life Office that has declared Bonus in First Valuation either on pay or Commission basis. Apply Bombay Office, The Venus Assurance Co., Ltd., Post Box 212, (Opp. Boribunder Tram Junction) (808)

12. TO BE LET.

Hindu Restaurant—Large up-to-date premises in Medows Street, excellent situation. Apply Box No. 124, "Bombay Chronicle."

Poona Synagogue Street, Bungalow No. 1 and 5 Apply within or Phone No. 20357. (818).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

space available for Flash Light Advertisements; also Shops and Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank, Opp. Fire Brigade. Apply to: Purshotam Govindjee, 62-66, Vithalwadi. Telephone No. 23518. (762).

20. OFFICES TO LET.

For Solicitors—Well-lighted and airy Office premises in Meadows Street. Reasonable Rent. Apply Box No. 123, "Bombay Chronicle."

Two Office Rooms, Immediate occupation. Hornby Building, 172-174 Hornby Road, Fort, rent Rs. 75/-. Apply Cassinath's Office 17-19 Bastion Road, Fort. Phone No. 20357. (817).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

A systematic course of Tailoring & Cutting is taught by Professor Kapur. American and London Diplomatist, classes held at convenient times. Books available. Apply: American Tailoring School, 403, Girgaum Road, Bombay. (807)

Paranjpe's Science and Mathematics Classes for Matriculation and F.Y.A. Students commence from 3rd July at Tayabji House, near Vianelli Restaurant, Choupatty. (821).

Senior Cambridge Class (Boys and Girls) December, 1933. To-day is the last date of admission. Apply now H. Gupta, 65, New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi. Enrolment between 8 and 10 (Morning). (315).

Wanted Students to learn Accountancy through Post. Small Fees—Splendid Prospects. Diplomas awarded. Prospectus free—Registrar, India School of Accountancy, Post Box 2020. Calcutta. (693).

K. S. Desai's Coaching Classes for First Year Arts, Matric and High School Students in Mathematics, Science and Languages reopened on the 15th June. 1933 Matriculation result 75 per cent. Students desiring success in 1934 examinations should join early. For particulars see K. S. Desai, B.A. (Hons.) S.T.C., Sir Bhalchandra's Buildings, near Bombay Book Depot, Girgaon. (816).

68. PARTNERSHIPS.

10,000 15,000/- for Legal ...g Scheme—No Risks, ...nishing R... ...ith Box No. 811,

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted.—Selling Agency to sell Bonds of a New Zealand Timber Growing Co., in either Bombay Presidency or in all India. Full particulars regarding terms, rates of commission &c., on application. Principals only should apply furnishing particulars of business connection, references, financial stability &c., to Box No. 6880.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkhas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, and Mhow. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

85. ENGINEERS.

Wanted Matriculates for Subordinate Engineer training for July. 1933. Session. Specialised tuition for Recognised Engg. Examinations. Unique Employment Facilities. Scholarships given. Free prospectus from Principal, Hewett Engineering College, Lucknow. (720).

100. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted—A Secondhand Boiler and a Steam Engine. Apply with particulars, Box No. 799 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A secondhand Lancashire Boiler in perfect working order, 150/200 lbs. pressure. Write with price and particulars to Post Box 416, Bombay. (793).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Manufacturers and Suppliers of Fruits and Flowers grafts on large scale. Free catalogue Dilkhush Nursery, Vyara, Baroda State. (814).

135. PERFUMERY.

Distinctive Perfumes for Discriminating Tastes. If you need a Perfume for any one of your Proprietories or in Industry, do consult D.G. Gore, Perfume Specialist, P.B. No. 2188, Bombay 2. List free on request. (620).

Legal Notices

In The High Court Of Judicature at Madras

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

O. P. No. 111 of 1931.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and In the matter of the UNIVERSAL MUTUAL AID AND POOR HOUSES ASSOCIATION, LIMITED, MADRAS. (In Liquidation)

A. D THOPPA NAIDU & OTHERS. ..... Petitioners.

Vs.

THE UNIVERSAL MUTUAL AID AND POOR HOUSES ASSOCIATION, LTD. ..... Respondents.

To all Certificate and Bond holders:—

The Liquidators find it impossible to include the Bond and Certificate holders in the list of creditors although such a list was provisionally made and completed recently. They have been ordered not to include them, unless they establish their rights as Creditors through appropriate proceedings. Hence it is necessary that there should be a Meeting of these Certificate and Bond holders held for the purpose of considering the steps to be taken to claim the right to any payment, in view of the fact that they are claimants under scheme which has been held a lottery and therefore illegal. Liquidators of the above Company are prepared to give other information that might be needed. This class of claimants are at liberty to meet them and do all that may be necessary to safeguard their interests.

C. V. NAGARAJA SASTRI, (Oxon) M.A. (Ec. Hon.) Barrister-at-Law, Managing Liquidator.

T. V. RAMANATHAN, B.A., B.L., Advocate, Joint Official Liquidator. 118, Armenain St., Madras.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch Per Insertion
1st Insertion ...	Rs 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ...	Rs 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ...	Rs 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ...	Rs 3-8-0

Motussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notice have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the CORPORATION called for MONDAY, the 3rd JULY, 1933, at 3 P.M. (Bombay Time):—

23-26. From Mr. K. H. Goregaoker—(23) For obtaining a report from the Commissioner on the desirability of introducing one way vehicular traffic in Meadows Street and Bruce Street, (24) for expressing the Corporation's opinion that a Mayoral robe and silver chain should be provided to the Mayor; (25-26) for obtaining reports from the Medical Relief, etc., Committee on the desirability (25) of setting apart a strip of land along Arthur Road for a recreation ground for the locality, (26) of supplying either filtered or chlorinated water to Bombay suburbs.

27. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, seconded by Mr. J. B. Bomon-Behram and Mr. D. G. Dalvi—For requesting Government to expedite legislation for the levying of the Terminal Tax on passengers.

28. From Mr. J. B. Bomon-Behram—For approving of the cause of absence of Mr. N. M. Dumasia from the Corporation meetings.

29. From Mr. S. B. Awar—For requesting the Commissioner to ascertain from the Collector of Bombay whether there is any objection to the Corporation's sending their representatives on the Local Excise Advisory Committee at this stage.

30-32. From Mr. K. H. Goregaonker—(30) Regarding the desirability of putting up suitable boards at the entrances to the Grant Road Cross Lane and Foras Road to indicate one way vehicular traffic therein; (31-32) For obtaining reports from the Commissioner regarding (31) a recent house collapse at 1st Carpenter Street and (32) the defalcation of Municipal money by an employee in the Assessment and Collection Department.

33-36. From Mr. B. G. Parelkar—(33) For obtaining a report from the Commissioner as to whether the Golanji Hill Road which is constructed with cement concrete without any metal will withstand the heavy lorry traffic &c.; (34) For requesting the Commissioner to take in hand early the repairs to western carriage way of Suparibaug Road from Lalbaug to Parel, (35-36) For obtaining reports from the Commissioner (35) as to what action he proposes to take against the Encroachment Removal Staff for removing goods from stall-boards at Elphinstone Road and for assaulting the shop-keepers and passersby and (36) as to whether licenses to hand-carts were given to hawk goods within 200 yards of Elphinstone Road Market.

37. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, seconded by Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar—For requesting the Law, Revenue etc. Committee to report on the desirability of amending the Municipal Act so as to admit of the creation of an independent Audit Department under the control of the Standing Committee.

38-39. From Mr. S. C. Joshi—For requesting the Standing Committee to reconsider their decisions regarding (38) the definition of the term "new entrant", and proposed cut in the salaries &c., of municipal servants drawing salaries below Rs. 200 and (39) the reduction of house rent allowance granted to peons &c. in the case of those who will not occupy rent free quarters.

By order of His Worship the Mayor,

A. V. SABNIS,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office, 30th June, 1933.

6894

Public Notices

Annual Re-Registration Of Motor Vehicles

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6668/M. V. of 1933.

Owners of Motor Vehicles, bearing Bombay registration numbers are informed that their registration certificates will expire on the 31st August next and must be renewed. They may be handed in or sent to the Motor Vehicles Department, Bombay, with the renewal fees from the 1st of July, 1933, between the hours of 10-30 a. m. and 3-30 p. m. on week days except Saturday, on which day they will be received between 10-30 a. m. and 12-30 p. m.

The FEES for the renewal of the certificates are as follows:—

Rs. 8/- for a Motor Cycle,

Rs. 32/- for a Motor Vehicle, weighing 2 tons and under unladen, and

Rs. 64/- for a heavy Motor Vehicle i.e. one weighing over 2 tons in weight unladen.

The above fees will be charged if certificates are valid and presented at the Motor Vehicles Department on or before the date of expiry i.e. 31st August, 1933, or within 10 days after that date. If presented after the 10th of September, 1933, full registration fees as shown below will be charged.

Rs. 10/- for a Motor Cycle,

Rs. 40/- for a Motor Vehicle, weighing 2 tons and under unladen,

and Rs. 80 for a heavy Motor Vehicle i.e. one weighing over 2 tons in weight unladen.

LICENSE CARDS (Registration discs) SHOULD NOT BE SENT.

Motor owners in the Mofussil are advised that if possible, they should pay the amount of renewal fee into the nearest Government Treasury and forward the chalan passed by the Treasury Officer together with the registration certificate to the Superintendent of Police, Motor Vehicles Department, Bombay.

Those who cannot pay the renewal fee into a Treasury should send it to the Motor Vehicles Department, Bombay, BY MONEY ORDER, mentioning the correct registered number of the motor vehicle concerned in the money order coupon, to avoid all possibilities of error.

RENEWAL FEES SHOULD NOT BE SENT IN NOTES OR COIN and the Motor Vehicles Department will not be responsible for any such amounts even if sent in Registered or Insured letters.

Cheques forwarded in payment of the renewal fees should be made payable to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

The renewal fee or any part thereof should not be sent in postage stamps as such stamps will not be accepted by the Motor Vehicles Department.

Registration certificates of Motor owners, residing outside the City of Bombay will be sent after renewal to the District Superintendent of Police concerned for delivery. It is therefore essential that owners should intimate their correct addresses to the Superintendent of Police, Motor Vehicles Department, Bombay, when forwarding certificates for renewal.

(Sd.) P. A. KELLY,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 26/29th June, 1933.

6888

NOTICE

SHOLAPUR MUNICIPALITY.

This Municipality have got rather a big programme of works of laying water supply pipe lines and water purification and underground outfall sewer and Sewage disposal works costing about Rs. 10/- lakhs, which they want to carry out during the course of the next few years. For this purpose they have engaged the necessary staff. In addition to this, the Municipality desire to engage the services of an expert firm of Engineers or an Engineer for scrutinising the plans and estimates prepared by the above staff, for supervising the work during construction, for giving advice in all matters and in fact for taking the responsibility of the whole works. Such firms or Engineers as are competent and prepared to undertake this job are requested to correspond with the undersigned for their terms and conditions.

(Sd.) B. N. TAKKAL,
President,
Sholapur Municipality.

AUCTION SA...

BENNETT & C...

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY AT CHAM KILN LANE, KNOWN AS ATTAR MOHOLLA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Thakoredas and Madgavk Attorneys for the Mortgagee on account and at the risk the Mortgagor Jan Mahomed Haji Joonas and pursuant to thower of sale given in the Mortgage dated the 8th August, 1932, Messrs. BENNETT AND CO will (to-day) SATURDAY, the 1st July 1933, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) by Public Auction on the premises:-

All that piece of Fazlari land with building at Cham Kiln Lane, admeasuring about 320 square yards, Municipal Street Nos. 36—38—40—42 and bounded on the East by a peper's passage, on the West the property of Dola Ismail, on the North by a sweeper's page and on the South by Attaholla.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Thakoredas and Mavkar, Attorneys for the Mortgee at 31-33. Hummum Street, Fort, or to the undersigned:—

BONAFIDE SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO will (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 2nd July, 1933, at 3.30 a. m. (S. T.) sell by public Auction at "Red Bungalow", Royal Institute of Science, Mayo Road, valuable household furniture such as dining table, chairs, side boards, Dresser Waggon, drawing room suite, cabinets, Cottage Piano by S. Ebe, writing table, almyrahs, bedsteads, dressing chest of drawers, tea poys, Carpets, cane furniture, carved furniture, hat-stands, E. Table fans, Palms in Tubs, pictures, books, gold embroidered saree, etc., etc.

The property of A. J. A Illworth Esq., A.R.I., B.A., Architect to Government of Bombay.

Catalogues are ready and furniture is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND WELL-KNOWN FREE PROPRIETORY AND PATENT MEDICINES AND SANTAL DE BOIS SOAP.

Under instructions from Messrs. Paragon Products (French Drug Co., and on account and at the risk of the Firms concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on WEDNESDAY the 5th July, 1933 at 2 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms: Medicines such as Adrenaline solution, Castor oil, Codliver oil, Cedryl, Bifrargol, Pen Capsules small and ventyle, Maver Tablets, M.J. Menthol and Eucalyptus Pastilles, Syrup, Cethocal Drops and Emulsion, Dragees, Dubourg, Exibard cigarettes, leaves and powder, Zerzer, Liposplenlenine, Ampoules one and tablets, Malarsan etc. and further 1144 boxes, Santal de Bois Soap.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

Catalogues are ready.

BENNETT & CO.

GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 3 P.M. (S... AUCTION SALE OF 51 BALES GREY UNCALENDERED SHEETING.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction this day SATURDAY, the 1st July, 1933 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Champa Gully, M. J. Market by order of Messrs. Khandubhai Desai, Selling Agents of the Framji Petit Mills Ltd., and a/c. and at the risk of Messrs. D. Billimoria, the defaulting purchasers:—51 bales Grey uncalendered sheeting M. quality No. 32 1/4, 32Ins. 37-1/2-38 yds., 5-1/4 lbs. each contg. 60 pcs.

Terms:—25 per cent deposit.

GANDHI & CO.,

RAVIVARMA'S
BEST INDIAN
PLAYING CARDS

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 15 December, 2016

FINANCE

VESTMET BUYING T-EDGEMARKET

uying GolFor Export

BARS EXRTED TO SAN FR'ISCO

eekly Market views

orrespondent)
ay, June 30.

ney market the early
dier condi-
the latter
to the ap-
lf year end.
ed as high
re the mar-
Rs. 2 crores.
onths' Trea-
period and
ment of Rs.
's tenders
working day
30th June.
to Govern-
and were
470.000 only.
paid Rs.
ys and
ing the
nder this
Trade de-
t statement
of India,
of Rs.
g are the
e month
months
2 p c.
K.
e Imperial
rd June
of Rs.
balance of
at Rs.
with Rs.
last year.
to liabili-
f 2.78 p c
Cash
8.32 lacs
spectively
unted are
Govern-
by Rs.
crores.

whether deposits have declined Rs. 13.64 lacs to Rs. 72,99 cro The Bank rate stands unchanged at 3½ p c.

GILT-EDGED MARKET.

The Gilt-edged market ruled steady There was fair investment demand particularly in 4 p c n 1960/70 and 5 p c Loan 194 The market for 3½ p c Govt Paper though steady comparatively inactive with restricted turnover. The monetary situation in our market was largely responsible for the strength The price for 3½ p c Govt. Paper advanced steadily from Rs 80-8 Rs. 80-15 closing at Rs 80-10. 5 p c 1947/50 Loan after declining to Rs 90-14 improved and closed at Rs. 91-2. 4 p c 1960/70 Loan after opening at Rs. 94/5 showed steady rise throughout the week closing at Rs. 96. 4 p c 1943 remained in the vicinity of Rs 100 and 1934-37 at Rs 100/14 4½ p c 5/60 Loan lost one anna to 101-9. 5 p c 1939-44 Loan after declining to Rs. 104 in mid week showed a little improvement closing at Rs 104-3, and 1940 likewise declined to Rs 104-4 but improved and closed at 104-5 p c 1945-55 Loan improved to Rs 110/13 while 5½ p c 1938 Loan remained almost unchanged throughout at Rs. 106 6½ p c Bombay Development Loan remained unchanged throughout at Rs 110-13. while 6½ Treasury Bonds improved and closed at Rs 106-5.

EXCHANGE.

The sterling exchange market was dull but steady with rates practically unchanged from the last week's level. Sellers of ready T T quoted at 1s-6 1/32 and buyers 1s-6 3/32 with business occasionally done at the middle rate. The near position tended to be somewhat quieter owing to cheap money while forward showed a steadier tendency on the appearance of small merchandise export bills, and fresh business for the export of gold placed for forward delivery. At this week's bidding Government allotted tenders amounting to £470,000 at 1s 6-1/16d. The following are the forward rates:—June to Sept. 1/6-1/32.

The dollar sterling quotation opened at 4.22 and continued its downward course and after touching dolls. 4.40 improved to dolls. 4.25 at the close. Movements in French cross rate were not wide as those of the dollar, the quotation moving between 86.62 and 86.87. the closing being 85 1/8. The Belga is quoted at 24.23 and the Italia lira at 64.37.

GOLD.

The gold market was steady particularly during the latter part following purchases by Banks for export. Furthermore the local dealers are also reported to have created a bull position of fair proportions as a hedge against sales of gold currencies. This is responsible for the local quotation being above gold export parity on most days. The price of ready advanced from Rs 30/3/6 to 30/6/6 but on some re-selling mid-week the price had dropped to Rs 30/5/6 but recovered to Rs 30/6/3 at the finish. The stocks on hand amount to about 4 lacs tolas and the offtake remains unchanged at about 4000 tolas. In London the quotation for gold opening at 122sh 2d improved to 122s. 4d. The price of sovereigns in our market moved in sympathy with gold, and after touching Rs. 19-10-6 for ready, closed at Rs. 19-10-3, while forward is quoted at Rs. 19-10-6. Last week's shipment of gold per s.s. 'Cathay" amounted to Rs. 8.87 lakhs. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 30-6-6 and Rs. 30-4-0 for ready July 8; settlement and Rs. 30-6-6 and Rs. 30-4-3 for August 7; settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 332,708 in bar and coin.

SILVER

The tone of the silver market was steady although fluctuations were comparatively wide during the period under review. The market is still undecided pending the final conclusions on the subject of silver at the World Economic Conference. The price of ready improved from Rs. 56-8 to Rs. 57-9 and after declining to Rs. 57 closed at Rs. 57-1. The premium on forward is still quoted at annas 8 per 100 tolas. The volume of business in our market is restricted which is largely confined to carryovers. The offtake has declined to the average rate of 25 bars a day while stocks are still heavy amounting td about 10,000 bars. In Shanghai the dollars improved from 1|3 1|16 to 1|3 3|16. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 19-1| 16d and 18-3|8d for ready and 19-3|16d. and 18-1|2d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 57-9 and Rs. 56-8 for ready Rs. 57-11 and Rs. 56-11 for July 12, settlement and Rs. 58-3 and Rs. 57-4 for August 10 settlement.

The Daily Trade Returns of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce dated the 29th and 30th June 1933 report that 9,000 bars of silver worth Rs. 146.49 lakhs have been exported to San Francisco and 838 ingots of silver valued at Rs. 13.76 lakhs to London, account Dy. Manager (Hamallage).

The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 12,300 in coin.

SHARES.

Animated conditions characterised the share market and a buoyant tone prevailed throughout the week. Investment demand was evidenced in all sections particularly in some important cotton mill shares and Tata steels. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 800; 821-4; 817-8; Century Rs. 246-4; 254-6; 248-12; Central India Rs. 338-2; 345; 343-12; Crescent Rs. 68-12; 70-10; 71-4; Fazulbhoy Rs. 366-4; 382-8; 372-8; Kohinoor Rs. 163-12, 170; 171-4; 177-8; New Great Rs. 165; 160; 171-4; 185-10; Pearls Rs. 222-8; 241-4; 243-12; Simplex Rs. 9-14, 95. 94-6; 96-3; and Swadeshi Rs. 263-12; 272-8; 275; 272-8; 277-8.

Similar conditions characterised the miscellaneous section with a fair of amount of turnover. Tata Iron Ordys. and Defds. maintained the steady tone of last week, the former closing at Rs. 53-10 and the latter at Rs. 221|4. Tata Hydros improved from Rs. 146|14 to Rs. 153|12, while Tata Power shares lost about 15 points to Rs. 977|8. Andhra Valleys advanced from Rs. 1380 to Rs. 1390 at the close, while Alcock shares remaining unchanged till mid week declined and closed at Rs. 175. Bombay Burmahs after having improved to Rs. 412-8 in mid week dropped to Rs. 402-8 at the close. Bombay Trams likewise declined to Rs. 134-11 in mid-week but improved and closed at Rs. 136-4. Bombay Steams maintained a steady tone through out the week closing at Rs. 285. Bundi Cement shares similarly showed a steady tone closing at Rs. 24|4. Indian Cements declined from Rs. 261-4 to Rs. 260 but advanced and closed at Rs. 275. Katni Ordys. likewise rose from Rs. 275 to Rs. 285 and Katni Defds. from Rs. 1025 to Rs. 1065. Railway shares showed no change in prices during the week.

Imperial Bank shares further declined to Rs. 1190 during the middle of the week. but slightly improved to Rs. 1192|8 at the close. Contributories were more or less steady at Rs. 288|12. Bank of India shares lost 8 annas to Rs. 103, while Central Bank shares remained unchanged at Rs. 22.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, June 29.

	This week. £.
Total Bullion	190,600,000
Public Deposits	14,100,000
(a) Other Deposits	147,300,000
Govt. Securities	75.400,000
(b) Other Securities	28,590,000
Notes & Coins	75,500,000
Notes in Circulation	375,100,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	46.76 per cent.
(a) Other Deposits include Bankers	105,100,000
(b) Other Securities include Discounts & Advances	16,600,000

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, June 30.

B.C. RATE—
T. T. & D. D. 1|6.
LONDON BANKS SELLING:—
T. T. & D. D. 1|6 1|32.
T. T. 1|6 1|32 to Sept.
T. T. 1|6 Oct|Dec.
LONDON BANKS BUYING:—
T. T. 1|6 3|32.
D. D. 1|6 3|32.
3 Mos. 1|6 5|32 July,Sept.
NEW YORK B. C. RATE:—
T. T. 313 3|4 Nominal.
NEW YORK BANKS SELLING:—
T. T. 311 3|4 Nominal.
NEW YORK BANKS BUYING:—
T. T. 308 1|2 Nominal.
PARIS BANKS SELLING:—
D. D 644.
PARIS BANKS BUYING:—
D. D 654.
AMSTERDAM BANKS SELLING:—
D. D. 63 1|8.
JAPAN BANKS SELLING:—
T. T. 83 3|4 Nominal.
JAPAN BANKS BUYING:—
60 Days 82 Nominal.
HONGKONG BANKS SELLING:—
D. D. 94 3|4.
SHANGHAI BANKS SELLING:—
D. D. 85 1|4.
SINGAPORE BANKS SELLING:—
D. D. 155 3|4.
JAVA BANKS SELLING:—
D. D. 63 5|8.
BERLIN BANKS SELLING:—
D. D. 106 1|2.
CROSS RATE:—
New York—London 4.28 1|2 29th inst.
Shanghai—London 1|3 1|8 30th inst.
Japan—London 1|3 1|16 30th inst.
London—Paris 86.18 29th inst.
London—Belgium 24.23 29th inst.
London—Switzerland 17.56 29th inst.
London—Italy 64.57 28th inst.
London—Berlin 14.36 29th inst.
London—Holland 8.45 Nom. 29th inst.
London—Stockholm 19.43 29th inst.
London—New York 4.31 29th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £6|2|4 28th inst.; £6|2|4 29th inst.
Silver London Ready 18 15|16 28th inst.; 18 3|8 29th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 1|16 28th inst.; 18 1|2 29th inst.
Silver New York Ready 36 3|4 28th inst.; 36 29th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 9|16 per cent 28th inst.; 9|16 per cent 29th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos. 3|4 per cent 28th inst.; 3|4 per cent 29th inst.
IMPERIAL BANK RATE:—
3-1|2 per cent.
BANK OF ENGLAND RATE:—
2 per cent.
MONEY:—
Call 1 per cent.
3 Mos. 1 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 per cent.
TONE:—Easy.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, June 30.

	Bales.
Central India	313
Berar	53
Dhollera	258
Rajputana	231
Compta-Dharwar	506
Western-Northerns	601
Tinnevelly & Cambolia	79
East Africans	2
Total Cotton	2,043 Cwts.
Wheat	618
Linseed	3,482
Rape, Rai & Mustard seeds	112
Gingellyseed	57
Poppyseed	23
Groundnuts	4,720
Castorseed	412
Rice	3,238
Myrabollams	1,490
Cottonseed	7,004
Gram	150
Joowar	88
Barley	501
Bajree	868
	Tons.
Coal	1,438

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSN. LTD.

The following rates prevailed in the Market on 30th day of June, 1933:—

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY: VAIDAS.

Bombay, June 30.

	April|May July|Aug. 1934.	1933.
8-00	Rs. 232|4	210|8
10-30	Rs. 232|8	210|12
12-30	Rs. 232|12	210|12
2-30	Rs. 234|12	213|4
4-30	Rs. 234|4	212|12
5-30	Rs. 233|12	211|8
Highest	Rs. 235|8	214|8
Lowest	Rs. 232	210
Teji Mandi Sahi	Rs. 232|12	

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, June 30.

F.P. Bales.	1932-33.	1931-32.
Receipts to date 29|6|33	3605000	9863000
Receipts Yesterday 29|6|33	9000	18000
Exports to date 29|6|33	7775000	8396000
Stock at Ports 23|6|33	3576000	3602000
Stock at Interior Towns 23|6|33	1393000	1449000
Stock at Liverpool 23|6|33	781000	824000
Visible Supply 23|6|33	7215000	7160000
Quantity in Sight 23|6|33	13179000	14471000
Quantity ought of Sight 23|6|33	12750000	12503000

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, June 30.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	Since 1st September This year.
Khandesh		217,066
Central India	313	197,024
Barsi and Nagar		130,202
Hyderabad-Gaorani		54,585
Berar	53	461,999
Central Provinces		134.425
Total Oomras	366	1,195,301
Dholera	258	253,454
N.-W. Provinces		7,162
Rajputana	231	78,900
Sind-Punjab		100,554
Broach		324,543
Coompta and Dharwar	506	72,691
Westerns-Northerns	601	60,368
Cocoanada		13
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	79	40,439
Persian		6,167
American		70,126
Egyptian and African	2	123,258
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		85
Total	2,043	2,333,061

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

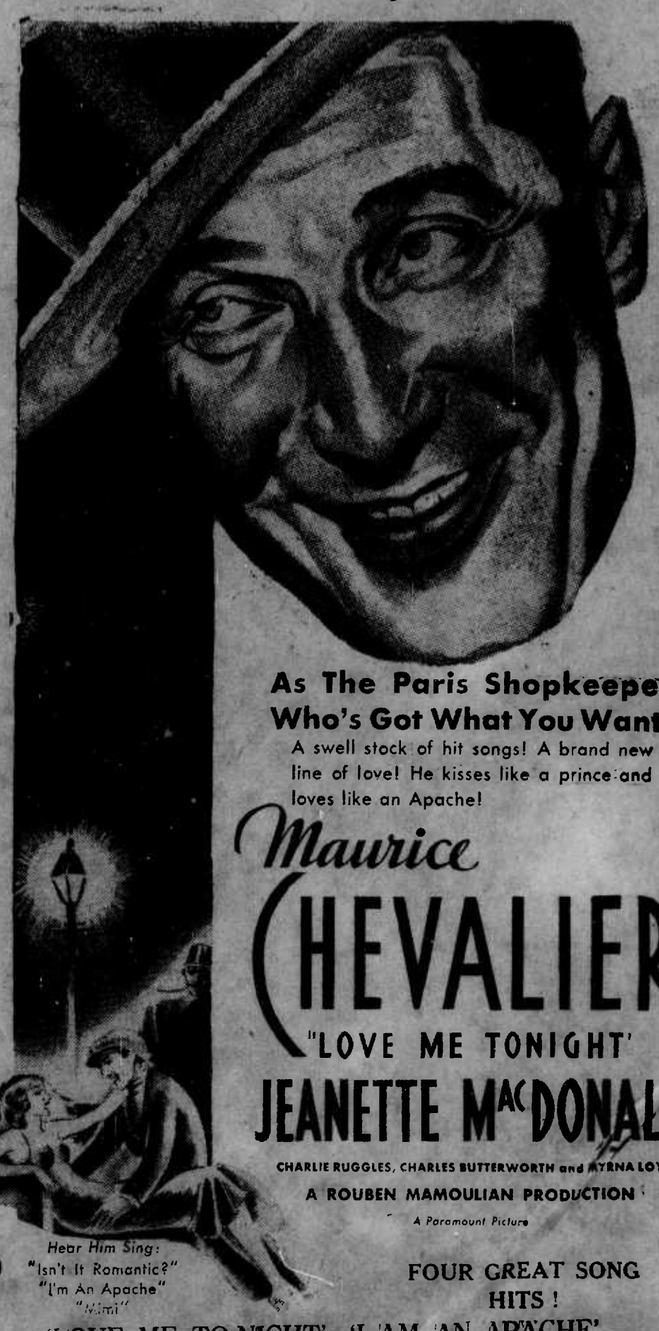
Bombay, June 30.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	1st Sept. to June 22 This year.
Europe	1,905	333,929
Japan & China	2,387	1,026,038
Coast Ports		22,376
Up-country by Rail		114,277
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		50,324
Total	4,292	1,546,944

BARGAIN

wegian
ewsprint Paper
40"—5 lbs.
45"—6 lbs.
R SALE
ANNA SIX PIES
Pound
ronicle Co. Ltd.

BEST PICTURE OF THE YEAR"
INETONE'S 1ST HISTORICAL TALKIE
"HGAD
Featuring
nd BABURAO PENDHARKAR
Supported by
ister VINAYAK, SHINDE, BHONSALE,
ABAR and others
the Maharashtra—the music that has been charming
ndreds
LD SEE AND HEAR FOR YOURSELF
LKIE OF THE RECITALS OF POPULAR POEMS BY
R—YESHWANT—MAYDEO. MISS SANJEEVANI
WEEK!!
AT THE
C CINEMA Girgaum
Y at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p. m.
nee at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday, and Sunday

PATHE CINEMA
TO-DAY 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m. TO-DAY

As The Paris Shopkeeper Who's Got What You Want!
A swell stock of hit songs! A brand new line of love! He kisses like a prince and loves like an Apache!
Maurice CHEVALIER
"LOVE ME TONIGHT"
JEANETTE MacDONALD
CHARLIE RUGGLES, CHARLES BUTTERWORTH and MYRNA LOY
A ROUBEN MAMOULIAN PRODUCTION
A Paramount Picture
Hear Him Sing:
"Isn't It Romantic?"
"I'm An Apache"
"Mimi"
FOUR GREAT SONG HITS!
'LOVE ME TO-NIGHT', 'I AM AN APACHE', 'ISN'T IT ROMANTIC', 'MIMI'.

A Page About Pictures And The People Who Make The

SCREEN TOPICS

MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA AT PATHE

Maurice Chevalier In "Love Me To-Night"

Maurice Chevalier's big show "Love Me To-night" opened at Pathe Cinema yesterday. This is a Rouben Mamoulian production with Jeanette MacDonald, Charles Ruggles and a big supporting cast. Undoubtedly this is the biggest show that Maurice Chevalier has yet appeared in. It is a musical extravaganza of the type which will appeal to everybody.

The picture opens with a very clever scene in Paris. The start of life in the lower localities of Paris is very cleverly directed. Not a word is spoken but the scenes are so realistics that one can imagine a running commentry being actually spoken.

Maurice is a tailor, one of the finest tailors in Paris. He cuts fine clothes and a fine figure, but has to cut cards to make money. Enter Charlie Ruggles dressed as a cross-country runner to evade his creditors. As usual Charlie is in trouble with a girl—her husband is after him. Maurice Chevalier sings "Isn't It Romantic" in a way that only Maurice can sing. A song with a snap, a swing and a thrill. Its infection is taken up by passers-by and even taxi drivers. Troops sing it on the march. Boys whistle it in the camps. The whole town is singing "Isn't It Romantic."

AT THE CHATEAU

Finally the scene breaks into beautiful Jeanette's boudoir. The nightingale of the screen walks on to the balcony and sings in her superb manner "Isn't It Romantic."

Jeanett's uncle is a Duke. Count de Savignac, madly in love with her leaves no stone unturned to develope his love-making.

Myrna Loy, the Countess, is fed up with the Duke's ancestral home. She craves for excitement and youth. No laughter is ever heard in this sumptuous establishment—a magnificent luxurious chateau with old people and good wine. The Duke's nephew, Vicomte Gilbert de Vareze, (Charlie Ruggles) always a bad lot, arrives to collect some money to pay his debts. When asked why he wants the money replies 'to provide good homes for bad stenographers'.

Another morning breaks. Maurice Chevalier is crowded out by his creditors and discovers that the large bill owing to him by his friend Charlie Ruggles is a doubtful debt. There is only one thing left for him to do and that is to go and collect. So Maurice sets out for the Chateau, the ancient home of Charlie's uncle. When Maurice's chauffeur is tinkering with an obstinate engine the beautiful Jeanette drives past with a pony and trap, singing a beautiful love song. Maurice falls and falls badly. So does Jeanette, for the trap overturns. However, what is in a broken pony trap? It gave Maurice his chance. "Give me just a moment to sing to you 'Mimi'", pleads Maurice. A great song, one of those really cachy tuneful melodies that will be hummed for weeks by the people who are lucky enough to hear him.

Charlie cannot pay up, so he persuades Maurice to stay at the Chateau as his friend and tells his uncle, the Duke, that Maurice is a Baron. The infection of Maurice's bubbling spirits extend to the old Duke. The entire household is singing 'Mimi' as they dress in their rooms early the next morning. You will be surprised to hear our old friend Charlie singing. Myrna Loy will also surprise you with a very sweet voice.

Maurice, supposed son of an ancient house, one of the finest horsemen in France, has to go to the Hunt but Maurice has never been on anything faster than a clothes horse. Jeanette's ardent courtier suspects Maurice of being an imposter and sees that he is provided with a horse that could throw parties. Maurice has a difficult time at the Hunt. It isn't his fault. It is the horse's. Some beautiful scenes are provided in the chase. But humour abounds everywhere. Even the stage dances to the tune of the music that is being played.

THE BALL ROOM.

A ball is given in honour of Baron Courtelin (Maurice Chevalier). A truly magnificent affair. Gorgeous scenes, gorgeous clothes, beautiful music. Fancy dress—beautiful dresses of every description—but the best of all is Maurice's. "Something common, very common", but attractive to the women of the party more than all the others put together. Maurice Chevalier as an Apache tells them a story in song. "I'm a Apache". His story is dramatic, thrilling and humorous and holds not only the ball room but will hold you spellbound in its attraction. Maurice escapes to the garden in the moonlight and find Jeanette, the Princess. The atmosphere is charged with romance and we see a setting for one of those romantic songs loved by all picture fans and only sung to perfection by Jeanette MacDonald and Maurice Chevalier. All barriers of reserve are broken down when the Prince and the Princess put their arms around each other to the tune of "Isn't It Romantic". Humour departs from this scene like playtime from the nursery. Maurice dreams that night that he hears the beautiful princess singing 'Love Me To-Night' and another scene is superimposed with Jeanette dreaming of Maurice singing the same song. A beautiful duet is sung.

MAURICE REVEALS HIMSELF

The next morning Maurice is called in by the Princess to advise her in connection with her dress—her riding habit. "What about the collar"? says Jeanette. "Lucky collar" replies Maurice. He soon starts to tear the habit to pieeces and makes her a fresh one but at the same time discloses that he is a tailor, the finest tailor in Paris. Maurice is found in a compromising position and is forced to make Jeanette a riding habit in two hours, to prove that he was only measuring her for her clothes. Jeanette proclaims the result perfect and Maurice has to admit that he is actually a tailor. (Who ever you are. What ever you are. Where ever you are. I love you. Remember?).

The whole household is staggered to think that they dared to rub shoulders with a tailor. "To think that I blackened his boots. I would rather have blackened his face". The son of a gun is nothing but a tailor!! Maurice Chevalier makes his exit with the words 'nothing but a tailor' ringing in his ears. Whispered, shouted, sung and passed from one to the other throughout the chateau. With the words, "who ever you are, what ever you are, wher ever you are. I love you." passing through the mind of the beautiful Jeanette she wastes no time. Her love overcoming everything else, she leaves the chateau and sets out ont a fast horse to catch the train. Taking short cuts and riding fast and furious she gradually overtakes the train to the tune of 'Love Me To-Night'. A thrilling race with only one possible ending. And what an ending! Jeanette in the arms of Maurice.

"WHAT! NO BEER?"

Funny Keaton-Durante Laugh Operas Comes To Capitol

Buster Keaton and Jimmy Durante turn the laugh on the beer question in their new comedy, "WHAT! NO BEER?" which opens to-day at the Capitol Theatre.

Between them these comics turn 4 per cent beer into 100 per cent laughs in their newest Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer starring vehicle. First they take over the operation of a brewery, then find themselves caught between the fire of warring beer-running gangs battling for control of their output. And when the gangsters are not hunting them down, the police are.

The picture is brimful of both comedy and suspense, and is all the more interesting in that it deals, even though humorously, with a question which has the whole country interested.

Keaton and Durante were never funnier, and are ably seconded by the stuttering Rosco Ates, who is their brewmaster. John Miljan and Edward Brophy provide plenty of menace as the rival beer barons. The necessary romance is well supplied by the presence in the leading feminine role of Phyllis Barry, last seen on the screen with Ronald Colman in "CYNARA."

Others in the cast who merit mention are Henry Armetta and Charles Giblyn. Edward Sedgwick, who directed the previous Keaton-Durante comedies is again responsible for a job well done. The production is a pretentious one, and Sedgwick has managed to vary the interest between comedy and suspenseful drama with nice judgment.

The programme also includes Thelma Todd and Zasu Pitts comedy Adam and Eve with the latest British Movietone News (Air Mail).

BUSTER KEATON

Noted film comedian appears with Jimmy Durante in "What! No Beer?" at Capitol this week.

.... Miss Bebe Daniels, the film actress, accompanied by her husband, Mr. Ben Lyon and their child Barbara Daniels arrived in Plymouth recently by the liner "Ile de France". Little Barbara made friends with the engine driver before they left Plymouth for London.

INDIAN STUDIO NOTES

Some of the new Indian pictures recently released in Bombay have been doing very well.

"Saubhagya Sundari," starring Miss Sulochana, has been enjoying a fifth week's run at the Imperial Cinema. "Hatimtai", in serial form," has been drawing good houses at both the Krishna Cinema and the Crown Cinema. "Afzal," Ajanta Movietone's first talkie, is now running second week at the West End Cinema and the historical picture "Sinhgad" depicting some stirring episodes from the history of Maharashtra in Shivaji's time, has drawn packed houses at the Majectic Cinema.

* * * *

RANJIT MOVIETONE

At the Ranjit Movietone studio, Mr. Chandulal Shah has completed "Miss 1933" featuring Miss Gohar in the starring role.

Mr. Jayant Desai has nearly finished "Bhola Shikar." He is also busy with another picture "Krishna Sudhama," dealing with some familiar episodes from Shri Krishna's life.

* * * *

SAGAR MOVIETONE

At the Sagar Studio on the Chowpatty foreshore, Mr. Ezra Mir of Hollywood fame has completed a hilarious comedy entitled "Madcap", featuring Noor-Mahomed.

Director Nagendra Mazumdar is working on "Mirza Saheba". Master Bachoo is featured as Mirza and Miss Noorjehan plays the feminine lead as "Saheba". Another actor Mahboob plays the villain role. Musical attraction is provided by the songs of Miss Kamalabai.

* * * *

IMPERIAL MOVIETONE

At the Imperial Movietone studio, Director Chowdhary has started work on "Sulochana," which has the English title of "Temple Belle" (temple girl). The cast is headed by Miss Sulochana and D. Billimoria.

Mr. Homi Master is working on "Gul Samovar". Another picture "Rukmani-Haran" is being produced in two languages—Hindi and Marathi.

* * * *

NEW THEATRES LTD.

In Calcutta, the New Theatres Ltd which recently came into prominence by their great success of "Puran Bhakta," are now busy with "Mirabai." This picture acquires an added interest for the Bombay public owing to the fact that Shrimati Durga Khote, the talented and cultured daughter of Mr. Laud, Solicitor of this city, is playing the title role. The picture is directed by Mr. Devki Bose.

"Yahudi-ki-Ladki" (daughter of a Jew) is another picture under production at the same studio.

* * * *

EAST INDIA FILM CO.

The East India Film Co. of Calcutta whose first talkie "King for a day" was shown in Bombay about a couple of months ago, have now completed their second picture "Nal Damyanti." This will be shortly released at the Globe Cinema in this city. Other pictures under production are "Auratka-Pyar" and "Pyari-ki-Ladki."

GARBO AND DIETRICH'S DIRECTOR.

Greta Garbo has refused flatly to be directed in"Chirstina" by Josef von Sternberg, Marlene Dietrich's former director, whom M.-G.-M. had chosen to handle the Swedish star's new picture. Another director will, accordingly, be submitted for Greta's approval.

Von Sternberg, meanwhile, is to direct Joan Crawford and Clark Gable in "The Prizefighter and the Lady." Afterwards he will return to Paramount to resume the association with Marlene Dietrich which has made them both famous when the German star goes back to Hollywood after her European holiday. Despite their recent disagreements with the company, both Dietrich and von Sternberg have signed new Paramount contracts for one year.

DIRECTOR SARPOTDAR

A rock which has successfully withstood the buffets of fortune—that is the description of N.D. Sarpotdar, the veteran director of three score pictures. Yet on the right side of forty, his sturdy, thickest figure and his granite face bespeak his capacity for any struggle with life.

Ever since his childhood, Mr. Sarpotdar, who has had no advantage of conventional education, has done almost everything that an honest, self-respecting and ambitious man can do for a living—from selling newspapers to running a hotel. To-day, in addition to being a good actor and a well-known author in Marathi, he is adept in practically every art allied to the stage.

PUPIL OF BABURAO PAINTER.

Mr. Sarpotdar entered into the Cinema world as early as 1919, when he became one of the chosen pupils of Mr. Baburao Painter, the father of Art in Indian filmland. In the Maharashtra Film Co., the parent-body of so many distinguished companies like Prabhat, Saraswati, Chhatrapati and others, Mr. Sarpotdar was story-writer for several years, during which were produced the best of Maharashtra's pictures like "Sairandhri," "Sinhagadh" and "Vatsala Haran."

In 1924, he joined the United Pictures Syndicate and produced 19 pictures, in twelve of which were used his own stories—"Chandrarao More" and "Sambhaji" being the best of them. After being story-writer and then director, Mr. Sarpotdar started his own company the Aryan Film Co. which produced twenty-four pictures like "Bhimsen," "Chandbibi" "Prithvirap," etc. Of these, thirteen pictures had his own stories. Besides all these, he gave five or six stories, like "Prabhavati" to other producers.

WHEN TALKIES CAME.

When the talkies came, the Aryan Film Company saw the wisdom of closing down, as it did in 1932. Mr. Sarpotdar at once focussed his versatile genius on the talkies; his final direction was largely instrumental towards the success of "Shyam Sundar" in Bombay. Now, he has nearly finished "Rukmini Haran" (his own version) in Marathi for the Imperial Film Co. and has gone well ahead with Maharashtra Cinetone's "Prithaviraj Sanyogita," in Hindi. Besides, he has three stories ready with him—"Pralhad," "Devki" and "Good Luck."

In "Prithviraj Sanyogita," Mr. Sarpotdar is at his best; the story is his own; he has the support of an excellent music director in Gaznavi and a powerful cast led by Navinchandra, the stunt ace. It is pronounced to be a wonderful combination—Navinchandra, already a star, directed by Sarpotdar, who has discovered and made stars like D. Billimoria, Modak, Zilloo, Altekar, Elizer, Datar and Lalita Powar.

SHOWN ON THE SC

NOT ASKING MUCH

Cecil B. De Mille is looking a heroine for his next pict "This Day and Age." He says must:—

Look like a Diana.
Act like a Bernhardt.
Be about eighteen years old.
Possess the virtues of naiv plus a dash of sophistication.

Mr. De Mille is surely becom modest in his old age. He asks little.....!

* * * *

"MUSICAL" BOOM

The "musical" boom continues gather force. In addition the "Gold Diggers" we are to h a "Hollywood Revue of 1933" Metro-Goldwyn Mayer.

Joan Crawford is among major stars who have been cast it. Then Jean Harlow, as to sh us that she can sing and dance her latest picture in which will again co-star with Cla Gable will have the role of pri fighter and Jean will play a tor singer.

* * * *

ONE-MAN TALKIE

For many years an inveter enemy of the cinema, Sac Guitry, the famous French act is at last to make a talkie.

The picture will be virtually all-Guitry production. M. Gui will be his own producer, direc and star, while the story, wh he will adapt personally for screen, will be a version of his o comedy, "Chateaux en Espag ("Castles in Spain)."

Marguerite Pierry, who repla Yvonne Printemps, the forn Madame Guitry, as M. Guit leading lady on the stage, is play the chief feminine part the film.

* * * *

FAY'S BIG CHANCE

"Ann Carve's Profession, wh provides her with a meaty dram tic part, should give Fay Wr who is one of those stars who always just missed greatness, "break" she has been needing.

Of late she seems to have b doomed to adding beuaty to Hol wood's horror output. She nearly transfor hibit in "The Museum" and mild experien tures as the pla Kong in the bi She also suff and "The Mos Miss Wray discovery. He lion-pound m Wedding March

* *

STAR OF E

Eighteen yea was a famous screen. After dio life she ever" and ret where she be York's leading Having achi she is now ma talkies—with becoming a st at the age of Miss Brady first talkie, with Ann Ha Montgomery. so good that fered her a lo for importan accepted. Sh ing a leadin of the Thea

* *

"ADO

"You'll be soon in her —the first made since husband w vorce chan sophisticate contrary sh one of the of her car

This fil rican debu member h He, is Ja Which ma not going friend now has gone? Ayres; n to Holly provide t "team."

FOR EVERY STAR THAT ROSE US YESTERDAY HAS CONTE

"New lamps for old!" Or, ma be, in connection with the ev changing film world, we shou say, "New lights for old." Th wonder city, Hollywood, is for ev discovering "successors," Th star of yesterday—now but a di light, perhaps; the star who ma ried and retired; the star wh having reached middle-age, re quires a "young copy;" all leav behind shoes to be filled.....

Lillian Gish, the Unforgettabl was worth a "copy." Howeve hard Hollywood experts might tr they can scarcely improve o that wistful blonde, Helen Twelve trees, who—hailed from the ver first as the "new Lillian Gish"— has soared to increasingly greate heights.

In this respect, and it is no frequently achieved, not only i there similarity in type and styl but also a strong facial resemb lance.

There is certainly a parallel i the case of Marian Marsh, th young girl who gained success a seventeen and is only nineteen now. If you recall Dolores Cost tello, who married John Barry more and retired, you are boun to see Marian's strong resemblanc to this star.

MARY PICKFORD'S SUCCESSOR.

Hollywool remembered thos marvellous young-girl studi which made Mary Pickford "th world's sweetheart," when the re-filmed "Daddy Long Legs, "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm and "Tess of the Storm Country all Pickford successes. Jane

Maurice Chevalier, Charlie Ru scene from the Paramount P which commenced at the Pa

ON AT THE CINEMAS

ored on the same military
d where he was degraded, and
erve France for four years in
World War.
he cast, which is an all British
includes Cedric Hardwicke,
trix Thomson, Charles Carson,
rge Merritt and Sam Livesey

AGANA" AT CARLTON

he debut of the glamorous
Birell in an American-made
ure can be recorded as no-
g less than a personal
mph for this exotic Viennese
ess.
iss Birell comes to the screen
e Carlton Theatre in the
versal Drama, "Nagana" and
es up to all the complimentary
ressions we have heard re-
ding her beauty, her ability,
certain strange quality
ch immediately sets her apart
n other motion picture players.
ged by her work in "Nagana".
an hold her own with any
s ever imported from
d. Melvyn Douglas, in the
g male role, is unusually
in his part, as is also On-
Stevens, whose brief role is
which remains in the me-

picture has presented more
ng wild animal sequences,
when a hundred ferocious
. including lions, leopards
panthers, are confined in a
village, there fellow hair-
appreciated.

ROBINSON CRUSOE" AT WELLINGTON

high-priest of adventure and
nce on the screen, Douglas
nks revives an old and
ar classic of literature in mo-
settings and atmosphere in
atest picture "Mr. Robinson
e", a United Artists thriller
g this week at the Welling-
inema Dhobi Talao.
inst a background of the
iful natural scenery of the
Sea islands the story is en-
with the celebrated Defoe
racter as the central figure.
it goes much further than
Robinson Crusoe of fiction.
subject is handled with a
sense of humour in Doug.'s
best style, and the entertain-
element of the picture is
developed by one of Holly-
's best comedy-producers.
pictorial beauty of the scenes
seldom been equalled, and
the exception of four prin-
l players, the story is enacted
an entire cast of natives, hun-
s of them. Their quaint
es and music has a charm of
hm and melody which pecu-

HOW" Brilliantine

SHOW" Brilliantine, prepar-
nd precious Vasanas Its
falling of hairs and will
it makes hairs strong and
-day.

L SIDDICK & CO.
re

ZONE"
distinguishing
ROXIDE (12
n other and in-
rogen Peroxide.
K has over 260
putation for the
emicals of un-
nd Reliability.
ckozone carries
ion with it.
OZONE
antiseptic and
the highest me-
cleansing d
and sores, for
ffections, and as
ore gums, dental
nd foetid breath.
OZONE
oid deterioration
It is sold by all
s.
PATENT BOTTLES.
BY
ADT, GERMANY.
B.C.1

VERA ENGELS

Born in Kiel, this vibrant and beautiful auburn haired girl is the daughter of the commander of the famous war raider Emden.

She has travelled extensively, writes the "Picture-goer," and lived in the Orient for some years when her father was governor of the German colony at Tsingtau.

Later she returned to Germany and one day was selected from a group of society girls at a ball in Wiesbaden to pose for a photograph.

This resulted in an offer from a German film producer and instantaneous success. She became well known in her native film world.

A Radio scout in London saw her in one of her German productions and it was not long before a contract was offered and signed.

Wera was in Vienna at the time and was rushed off to Hollywood. She made her American debut as Richard Dix's leading lady in "The Great Jasper."

Miss Engels has blue eyes and besides her own language speaks French and English. She pronounces her name "Vera."

liarly belong to the people of the South Seas. The Polymesian folk-songs are a real treat of music.

Thrills upon thrills are crowded in the amazing exploits of Doug, as he manages to have a good time on a lonely island, making most of the scanty materials available. There are some tense moments when with a savage girl in his arms, he fights single-handed against a host of the infuriated savages, and miraculously escapes being roasted alive by his adversies. For an ideal evening's entertainment, nothing can be better.

SECOND WEEK OF "AFZAL" AT WEST-END

Ajanta Cinetone's gorgeous musical talkie "Afzal" or "Hoore Harom" has proved a great success at the West-End Cinema, Lamington Road, where it drew packed houses throughout the past week. The picture is continued for a second week.

Mr. Bhavnani, the producer and director, has combined all the elements of talents and technique to bring out a picture that is unique, in its own way, both for artistic and entertainment value. The cast is headed by Master Nissar, the golden-voiced star of the Indian screen, who both by his acting and singing wins fresh laurels. A special attraction is the beautiful Oriental dances done by Mrs. Young and her ballet. The musical part has also been well done under Mr. Hoogan, the musical director. The story is a phantasy from the Arabian Nights, with all its exotic glamour and romance, and is built upon the theme that the "path of love never runs smooth". The comedy element is abundantly supplied, principally by the well-known actor Kabuli."

"FOR THE LOVE OF MIKE" AT ROXY

Bobby Howes, the comedian who has the knack of putting plenty of fun in almost every piece of his acting is seen in one of his best roles at the Roxy Cinema, New Queen's Road. The picture which has the intriguing title of "For the Love of Mike" has been drawing good houses since its release last Thursday and will be continued this week.

Among the other principal players in the cast are Constance Shotter, Arthur Riscoe, Hal Gordon and Syd Crossley. The picture has been capably directed by Monty Banks who is noted for many directorial triumphs.

The central character is the drama is Seymour, Secretary to Henry Miller, a millionaire, who has designs upon the money of his ward Mike and persuades her to sign a power of attorney in his favour. Mike, however, discovers that she has been cheated and tries to withdraw the document from Miller's safe. She is detected by Seymour who, being in love with her, makes common cause with her. Seymour gets entangled in a charge of burglary, and after an exciting series of adventures all ends well, the document being burnt by a friendly guest. The picture is packed with hilariously funny incidents and goes along with a swing. The latest News Gazette and the "Spice of Variety" complete the programme.

CONCERT AT ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Miss Jaddan Bai, came to Bombay from Calcutta to act as the chief star in "Insan Ya Shaitan," a film produced in the Imperial Studio by the Eastern Art Productions Ltd., a concern started by some educated and enthusiastic Sindhi Gentlemen. To the locers of music in India, she needs no introduction. The technical skill, she has attained and the captivatingly melodious voice with which she sings fare of a rare type. She has, on public request, agreed to give the Bombay public, a chance of hearing her singing, by giving a public musical performance at the Royal Opera House, on Tuesday the 4th July at 9-30 p.m.

"MOST BEAUTIFUL FILM EVER MADE"

'Thunder Over Mexico", Produced By Soviet Director Sergei Eisenstein, Challenges All Conventional Screen Methods

It has been my good fortune to see the most beautiful screen offering I have ever witnessed in my life. In my humble opinion, it will prove the greatest challenge to conventional screen methods since the day when Al Jolson opened a generous mouth to shout "Mammy," writes Iris Foster in "Film Weekly."

"Thunder Over Mexico," produced by the Soviet director, Sergei Eisenstein, is completely without dialogue. Its musical score by Reisenfield is worth two nights spent at the opera. Banality of words is unnecessary to convey the simplicity of an intense human story told by amateur Mexican actors who received but two shillings a day for their work, and were grateful to be allowed to play before a camera at all.

Maybe I can suggest the d- feeling I had at the close of the picture by quoting the words of a Hollywood director whose name is a household word wherever films are shown.

"That picture," he told me as we left the theatre, "makes me feel almost ashamed of the little I have accomplished with expensive actors, expensive apparatus, and costly sets at my disposal. I feel that I should like to take myself to some remote spot on this globe and, with just a few dollars in my pocket, try to produce something as beautiful as we have seen to-night."

HISTORY OF FILM.

May I remind you of the romantic history of this gem on celluloid?

Sergei Eisenstein came to California in 1931, on loan for three months to Jesse Lasky from the Soviet Government. He was to write the treatment of "An American Tragedy," which I believe he eventually accomplished. But Eisenstein, one of those fanatically independent persons, felt he could do better by making a film of his own. Consequently, we find him, after eight weeks in Hollywood, setting out for Old Mexico in company with a three-man unit—two German photographers and an interpreter, for Eisenstein did not speak a word of Spanish. His project was to make an ambitious travelogue, financed by the well-known novelist, Upton Sinclair, himself an ardent Communist.

For fourteen months Eisenstein travelled across Mexico from coast to coast, always choosing little-known territory for his locations, visiting distant haciendas where simple peasant people toiled in the fields and in the desert to earn their bread. In those fourteen months Eisenstein stole from the Mexican nation most of her secrets, dreams and feelings accumulated during five thousand years.

When the Russian got back to California his own Government was agitating wildly for his return, and overnight he had to depart, leaving with Sinclair a number of packing-cases full of tins in which reposed 280,000 feet of exposed films. This vast mass of celluloid, unsorted and unidentified, contained enough material for dozens of full-length pictures but nobody in Hollywood knew what Eisenstein wanted done with it, nor what his idea was for the story.

THING OF REAL BEAUTY.

Sinclair handed the job to Harry Chandlee, possibly the best cutter and editor in California, who spent six months in a projecting room patiently running off the contents of the tins, and piecing the celluloid jigsaw into an intelligible narrative. The finished picture is possibly entirely different from what Eisenstein conceived, but out of chaos has come a thing of very real beauty.

As the story opens a Mexican peasant girl is handed over to her peon bridegroom for marriage before sunset. The lad, working in a feudal Spanish castle, is compelled by law to secure the consent of his master before the ceremony can take place. The girl, separated from her lover, is taken before the master for inspection, and is seduced by a Spanish guest. In his anger the boy steals arms while the inhabitants of the castle are celebrating the feast of Corpus Christi, and, in company with some of his fellow slaves, tries to seek revenge. His plot is discovered by the guards of the girl who has been cast into a dungeon. The slaves have to take to the desert hunted by the Spaniards on horseback. I will not tell you the "denouement" in which—as a ruthless departure from the ordinary happy ending—brutality triumphs over right.

Far into the night critics drank endless cups of coffee and argued for or against Eisenstein. Never was an audience so divided in its opinions. But if "Thunder Over Mexico" comes your way learn something new about film-making and judge it for yourselves.

IN WEAKNESS DEBILITY
ANÆMIA
USE
Deschiens' Syrup
Already 3,000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.
INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France)

He looks *twice* as smart . . .
now that his hair is so well-groomed

HE never used to notice his hair—just took it for granted. A perfunctory brush in the morning, and that was all.

But other people noticed it—they couldn't help feeling that he was an untidy sort of man, might be untidy in business, too.

Then one day he saw himself sideways in a glass! Hair rough and dull, odd tufts sticking up—not in the least as he wished to look. So he took himself in hand, and with the help of "Tomco" Tonic and Perfumed Oil, both well rubbed into the scalp, he stimulated the *roots* of his hair and very soon made it *glow* with health.

Don't neglect your hair—it's more noticeable than you think. You'll be amply repaid for the little trouble it takes to keep it always smart and well-groomed with these scientific Tomco preparations.

Perfumed Cocoanut Oil and Solidified Brilliantine

IF hot winds have dried your hair and made it brittle and harsh, or if your scalp and hair are naturally too dry—this perfumed Cocoanut Oil or Solidified Brilliantine is the ideal dressing: a fine, pure substitute for the natural oil of the head, giving the hair a beautiful healthy gloss without making it "greasy".

Limes and Glycerine
(Lemon Cream)

IS your hair dull and lifeless—coming out on the comb? Wake up your scalp by regular massage with this fragrant tonic cream, which stimulates the roots of the hair, promotes growth, checks falling hair. Neglect kills hair; keep yours young and vigorous this easy way!

Perfumed Medicated Hair Tonic

HAIR limp and greasy? Sticky to comb and unattractive? If so, dress it with this Tomco Hair Tonic, brush and comb it well, and watch it, in a day or two, take on the natural glints of health.

TOMCO
BOMBAY HOUSE
BRUCE STREET
BOMBAY

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED

REACTIONARY TENDENCY IN N. Y. COTTON

Uncertain Currency Situation Discourages Buyers

Trade Buying And Covering At The Decline

DANGER OF DROUGHT IN WEST BELT

Bombay, June 30.

The New York Cotton futures market was easier on Thursday in the absence of any important buying and also by selling on reaction theory, but later advanced partially on short covering. The weekly official weather report states that the crop has withstood the dry weather remarkably well. Fair to good growth is still reported rather generally over the cotton belt. Showers were helpful in good many places in the Eastern states but the week was practically rainless in the Western Section. This report was better than expected and now the market believes that material decline is unlikely owing to drought danger. No one knows as to when it will rain in Texas and Oklahoma but if the present dry weather continues, it will have a strengthening effect on prices. The uncertainty as regards the currency and pending the final result of acreage reduction plan there is marked absence of any important buying. However in view of good demand for cloth and yarn, mills are moderate buyers on all declines and shorts are covering a portion of their floating interest. It is said that there exists some hitch between the U. S. Government and cotton farmers regarding the amount offered for abandonment of marginal lands. Although general feeling still continues bullish and higher prices are ultimately looked for but there is nothing in the situation for a run-away market. So far there are no reliable report about the acreage reduction and we look for nervous irregular markets pending official version on the area under cotton ccltivation.

NEW YORK MARKET.

As usual the New York cotton futures market was very active during the early part of the session but in the afternoon there was restricted business. Wide fluctuations in dollar are discouraging fresh operations. The market opened at a decline of one point to a rise of four points. There was steady buying during the first half hour and a rise of 9 points was reached which proved to be the highest for the day. There was heavy long liquidation owing to uncertainty about currency situation and prices declined 24 points from the highest level. The decline was arrested by scale down trade buying and the market picked up steady tone by noon. In the afternoon there improved prices and the market was some short covering which closed at a decline of 9 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points to 10.15c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 7 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 10.09c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 8 to 9 points. There was fair amount of selling pressure and liquidation. Later the market was steady despite of poor New York advices with less profit-taking and slight trade calling. The market closed steady at a decline of 6 to 7 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 11 points at 6.42d. per lb.

East Indian Cotton futures ruled quiet and closed at a decline of 7 points. Egyptian cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 5 to 1 point.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet on long liquidation and closed at a decline of 16 to 15 points.

OPINION DECIDED.

Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co. state:—

Despite heavy trade buying on scale down, continued uncertainty over the dollar movement caused further realising. The latest news from the Economic Conference gives some hope of stabilisation of the dollar and though the opinion in America is divided there is a strong belief the American Govt. will resort to further inflation of currency by purchases of bonds in the event of any agreement over the fixation of the dollar in order to maintain her domestic prices.

The latest news regarding the wheat conference is construed favourably and there is a probability of Australia agreeing for a reduction in wheat acreage.

For the information of our friends we may mention that our Liverpool friends yesterday executed discretionary buying orders in the New York and Liverpool markets and we therefore advise those of our clients who recently took profit to replace their purchases around the present level, increasing same on any further set-back.

PRIVATE CABLES—

N. Y. October highest 10-45—09 (10-33 a.m.) lowest 10-21—.15 (11-28 a.m.)

N. Y. December highest 10-61 (10-32 a.m.) lowest 10.38 (11-28 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

Liverpool. Material decline unlikely owing drought danger west. Sentiment continues bullish. Favour buying all setbacks.

Liverpool. Market steady despite wide Dollar fluctuations. Outcome currency war between on-gold countries and American still indecisive. Bank England and Treasury appear divided as to best British policy and believed probable strong efforts will be made to influence change American attitude to stabilization in view threat chaotic confusion if gold universally abandoned.

New York. Market hesitating. News unimportant. Further liquidation seems likely for the time being but well absorbed by trade and general buying. Advise buying on all breaks. Cotton goods market—yarn market—business generally active.

New York. Reactionary tendency due to profit taking and abatement demand owing uncertain currency situation.

Meesrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cable from New York:—

New York. Nervous market, prefer buying on the scale down.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 29.

July 1933	10.01—09
October 1933	10.29—07
December 1933	10.46—05
January 1934	10,53—06
March 1934	10.66—04
May 1934	10.82—05
Middling spot	10.15—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, June 29.

July	9.98—07
October	10.27—07
Middling spot	10.09—

NEW YORK

New York, June 29.

New York—10-55 a.m—	
July	10.09
October	10.37
New York—Noon Call—	
July	9.99
October	10.29

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, June 29.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 9.000 bales.

Day's exports to Great Britain 11.000 bales.

Day's exports to the Continent 13.000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 29.

	10-10 a.m. quotations	To-day's closing.
June 1933		6.17—06
July 1933	6.12	6.15—06
August 1933		6.15—06
September 1933		6.15—06
October 1933	6.12	6.15—06
November 1911		6.16—06
December 1933		6.17—05
January 1934	6.16	6.18—07
February 1934		6.20—07
March 1934	6.20	6.22—07
April 1934		6.23—07
May 1934	6.24	6.25—07
June 1934		6.26—07
Middling spot		6.42—11

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, June 29.

Sakellaridis—	
July 1933	8.07
October 1933	8.18
November 1933	8.25
January 1934	8.32
March 1934	8.39
May 1934	8.46
July 1934	8.53
F G F Spot	8.38

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, June 29.

BROACH—	
Fully good (good staple)	5.43
Fine (good staple)	5.55
Superfine (good staple)	5.67
C P OOMRA—	
Good (No. 1 staple)	5.43
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.58
Choice (No 1 staple)	5.73
BENGAL—	
Good	4.42
Fine	4.52
Superfine	4.62
SCINDE—	
Good	4.52
Fine	4.62
Superfine	4.72

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, June 30

In sympathy with a further decline in New York futures of 9 points the local market opened steady at Rs. 231/8 for Broach A./M and Rs. 210 for Broach J/A delivery. There was scattered buying which improved prices to Rs. 233/4 and Rs. 212 respectively. Later on the market ruled quiet with scattered buying and selling. To-day being the day of Tejimandi settlement of Broach J/A contracts there was limited business. In view of improvement in sterling Exchange the undertone of the market was steady. Liverpool market opened firm at a rise of 3 points and Broach A./M. delivery advanced to Rs. 235 but later on declined to Rs. 233/4 on selling influenced by easier Liverpool advices. At the decline a prominent operator was reported freely buying which hardened prices and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. as.
Broach J./A.	213 8
Broach A./M.	234 4
Oomra July	200 8
Oomra D./J.	206 8
Bengal July	162 8
Bengal D./J.	172 8

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, June 30th

	Extra Sup.	Fn.	F.G.	Gd.
Spr-fine				
M.G.:—				
Bengal U.P.	173	169	165	161
Punjab	169	166	163	160
Rajputana	170	167	164	161
Oomra No. 3	205	203	201	198
„ No. 1	212	210	208	205
„ No. 2	208	206	204	201
Broach No. 2	217	215	213	211
Punjab Ame.	226	224	222	220
Surat	263	261	259	257
Rajpipla	263	261	259	257
Navsari	270	268	266	264

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, June 30.

44	Motiram Vaghji	Bagalkot	193
59	Do.	Bijapur	191-12
51	Do.	Do.	172-12
51	Do.	Latur	172
60	Do.	Wadhwan	194
75	Do.	Kim	173
100	A. Damodar	Akola	196
200	Do.	Bengal	170
600	Premji Harji	Broach 3-12	on.
100	Colaba Land	Bhilwara	180
71	Dawn Mill	Morbi	5 off.
195	Viram Ladha	Chopda	193-12

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 30.

Bengal Superfine	168
„ Fine	163
„ F.G.	158
Sindh-Punjab Fine	163
„ F.G.	158
Wardha-Hingt. Fine	209
Nagpur-Savner Fine	205
Yeotmal Fin e	204
Arvi Fine	204
Ellichpur Fine	232
Amraoti-Berar Fine	200
Khamgaon Fine	200
Mulkapur Fine	205
Khandesh Fine	202
Muthia F.G.	193
Jalna-Sailu F.G.	193
Burwah-Sanavad F.G.	209
Ujjain-Shujaulpur F.G.	202
Broach F.G.	210
Punjab-American	214
„ mix	208
Cambodia	278
Miraj-Sangli	205
Compta Good	213
Bagalkot	205
Busoga	328
Kampala	335

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay, June 30

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed Sept.	6	12	6
Linseed May	7	3	3
Wheat Sept.	5	0	9
Wheat May	5	3	9

WEATHER OVER U. S. A. COTTON BELT

EAST—Partly cloudy with local showers.

WEST—Partly cloudy with scattered showers except Texas wrere weather cinditions generally fair.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 30

In sympathy with a decline in London and New York Silver prices, the local market opened quiet at Rs. 57 for Ashad delivery. Later on prices advanced on improved buying influenced by firm Shanghai closing advices. Shorts were covering and the undertone of the market was good. There was good enquiry for Gold and in the absence of offerings prices improved.

Ready Silver	57-3-0
Ashad delivery	57-4-0
Tejimandi	0-11-0
Shravan delivery	57-12-0
Tejimandi	1-14-0
Ready Gold	30-6-6
Ashad dely	30-6-6
Tejimandi	0-3-0
Shravan dely	30-6-3
Tejimandi	0-10-0

BAR GOLD.

London, June 29.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £6/2/4

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, June 30.

Spot Silver	35 5/8 — 5/3c.
July	36.00 — 70

Tone:—Easy.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, June 29.

SAKEL:	
July	15.07—17
Nov.	15.99—16
Jan.	16.29—14
ASH:	
Aug.	13.13—09
Oct.	12.92—15
Lec.	13.07—12

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, June 30.

T. T. on London:—	
Previous Close	1-3 1/8
To-day's Opening	1-3 1/8
To-day's Close	1-3 1/4
Difference	plus 1/8

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York-Liverpool—July 223. October 195. Jany. 177.

Bombay-Liverpool:—Broach J.-Aug. 1933 211—Liverpool July 6.12 Rs. 55-1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay-Liverpool:—Broach A.-May 1934 232—Liverpool May 1934 6.22 Rs. 38-3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay-New York:—Broach J.-Aug. 210—New York July 10.01 Rs. 40-3/4 at 4.25-3/4 Cross Rate.

LINSEED.

London, June 29.

Linseed Calcutta, (London), per ton. June-July sellers £11-15-0.

Linseed Laplata c.i.f. Hull, per ton. Jun.-July sellers £10-15-0.

Linseed Bombay, (London), per ton. Jun.-July sellers £12-5-0.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago, June 29.

July	0.90 1/8
Sept.	0.92 3/4
Dec.	0.95 5/8

NEW YORK SUGAR.

New York, June 29.

Sept.	1.45—01
Dec.	1.51—02
March	1.57 02
May	1.62—01

Tone:—Quiet but steady.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool, June 29.

July	63d.
Oct.	66d.
Dec.	68d.

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, June 30

Castorseeds Delivery September. Opening Rs. 30/13/6; Highest Rs. 31/1; Closing 31; Clearing Rs. 31.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August. Opening Rs. 32/3; Highest Rs. 32/8; Lowest Rs. 32/2/6; Closing Rs. 32/7/6; Clearing Rs. 32/8.

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

Ex. Godwn.

Bombay, June 30

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready. Rs 295 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil per case of 84 lbs., Rs. 20.

Cocoanut Cake Ready. Rs. 70 per ton.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 29.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

DOLLARS.

American Power and Light Common	13
American Power and Light Pfd 6 dol.	35
American Power and Light. 6 per cent Pfd. A.	29
American Forn Power Common	16
American Forn. Power Gold Debs.	52
American Forn. Power Pfd. 7 per cent	34
Electric Bond Common	34
Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd.	52
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	59
Consolidated Gas	57
Columbia Gas	24
United Power and Light A.	7
North American	32
United Corpn.	12
American Tel. and Tel.	126
Western Union Telg.	54 3/4
Radio Corp.	9
Cheasapeake and Ohio	41
New York Central	40 3/4
Union Pacific R. R.	115
Briggs Mfg.	11 1/4
Pennsylvania R. R.	30
International Harvestor	39 1/2
Kennecott Copper	19 1/4
American Smelting	33 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	16 1/4
Int. Nickel Common	17 3/4
United Steel	57
Bethelehem Steel	40
Youngstown Sheet and Tube	30
American Super Power	7
Cerro de Pasco	24 1/2
Goodyear Tyre	36
United Aircraft	32 1/2
Packard Motor	5 1/2
National Dairy	24
General Electric	24
General Motors	28 7/8
Standard Oil of N. J.	37 3/4
Erie R. R.	16
Guaranty Trust	297
National City Bank	32 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	15
Mid. Con. Petroleum	13
American Radiator	16
International Carriers	8
St. Regis Paper	6
Curtiss Wright	3
Philips Petroleum	15
Standard Brands	28
Drug Mfg.	59 3/4

Market heavy and dull on reaction; monetary situaion confusing.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 29.

Berlin	14.27-1/2
Amsterdam	8.40
Brussels	24.18-1/2
Madrid	40.37-1/2
Milan	64.12
Berne	17.51
Paris	86.06
Prague	114.00
T T London on New York	
Closing Cross Rate	4.29-1/2
Interest Day to Day Loan	0-3/8 pc
Interest 7 Days' market Loan	0-5/8pc

LONDON RUBBER.

London, June 29.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb., spot, sellers 3-17/32.

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, June 29.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 5-1/8

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 29.

Silver.—Market is steady.

Spot	18-3/8
Forward	18-1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 29.

Chartered Bank of I. A. & C., £14-5/8.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.), £130.

P. & O. Banking Corporation, £10.

National Bank of India, £40-1/2.

Funding Loan, 3 per cent., £110-1/4.

Conversion Loan, 3-1/2 per cent., £99.

Rupee Paper, 3-1/2 per cent., £59-1/2.

Indian Stock 3 per cent. Sterling Loan, £67-3/4.

Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent., Sterling Loan, £79-3/4.

Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent., Sterling Loan, £105-1/2.

Consols, 2-1/2 per cent., £72-3/8.

War Loan, 3-1/2 per cent., £98-7/8.

Victory Bonds, 4 per cent., £109-3/8.

LONDON METAL.

London, June 29.

Copper Braziers, £49-1/2.

Yellow Metal, £40-3/4.

Spelter hard Indian Brands, £17.

Corrugated sheets 24 Gauge, £16-1/4.

Tin English Ingots, £223-1/2.

SEEDS.

London, June 29

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.

Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, June-July sellers £11-5-0.

Rapeseed Toria, Hull-Continent per ton, June-July sellers £10-16-3

BOMBAY ST

Tata Stee

COTTON I IRRE

Bombay, June

To-day being the last day closing open business there mostly budly business on the cal Stock Exchange.

As anticipated Tata Steel S es ruled firm to-day with ac buying. Steel Second Pre ence shares advanced to Rs. while ordinary shares also proved to Rs. 5-1/4 and De were also steady around Rs.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLAN

Bombay, June

Bombay Dyeing 816; 12; 25/10.

Century 247; 46; 47; 50.

Central India 345; 41; 43-2;

Colaba 104; 2; 103.

Crescent 71.

Fazulbhoy 372; 65; 70; 66.

Kohinoor 178; 77; 78; 77.

New Great 188; 87; 91; 92.

Pearl 245; 41; 42.

Simplex 95.

Swadeshi 277; 76; 75.

Bundi 24-4; 24-8.

I. Cement 275; 73; 75.

Tata Steel Dfd. 221; 22; 25.

Tata Steel Ord 53-12; 54-2; 12; 54-4.

Bombay Steam 285; 86.

Bombay Burma 401 396; 398; 402; 400.

Tata Hydro 153 54.

Andhra 1392; 93; 90.

Tram Ord. 135. 137.

12. Expectations of a lo yield on Indore Malwas enco aged some holders to part w purchases which resulted in decline. Both Bombay Dye and Fazal shares remained n lected and were quoted lo But Colaba and New Great sh ruled firm on professional b ing. Burmas opened steady in the absence of any import buying, prices gradually ea off.

Quotations at 2 p.m. were under:—

TEXTILE SECTION.

Bombay, June

Ahmedabad Advance	33
Bombay Dyeing	81
Century	25
Central India	34
Colaba Land	10
Crescent	7
Dawn	44
E. D. Sassoon	
Ebrahim Pabaney	14
Finlay	
Fazulbhoy	36
Gokak	12
Hindustan	1,85
Indian Mfg.	1,72
Indian Bleaching	15
Indore Malwa	37
Kastoorchand	
Khatau	8
Kohinoor	17
Lakshmi	83
Morarjee	49
Model Nagpore	
Mysore	10
New Great	19
Pearl	24
Phoenix	30
Sholapur	3,300
Sassoon Silk	42

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRIC

Bombay, June 2

	Op.	Hi.	Lo.	Clo
Broach:				
July.-A.	221¼	212	210½	21
A.-May	231¾	232½	230¾	23
Oomra:				
July	195¾	197¾	195¾	19
D.-J.	203¾	203¾	203½	20
Bengal:				
July	159¾	160½	159¼	16
D.-J.	170½	170½	170½	17

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, June 29

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcel 23/9 July sellers

Wheat Barletta Russo Parcels. 23/6 Aug. sellers (63 lb.)

Wheat South Australian Parcel 22/3 July sellers

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKE

London, June 29.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C and F Calcutta July/Sept. per cwt 7/10-1/2 sell July/Sept. per cwt.

Oct/Dec. per cwt 8/1-1/2 sell C and F Bombay.

July/Sept. per cwt 7/10-1/2 sell C and F Karachi.

July/Sept. per cwt 7/10-1/2 sell

SUBURBS

GIRGAUM CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE.

The annual general meeting of Girgaum Co-operative Institute will be held on Sunday at ... a.m. (S.T.) at Servants of ... Society's Hall, Sandhurst ...

THE ASTHIKA SAMAJ.

Pandit Ganapathy Sastrigal conduct discourses on 'Bhagam' on all Saturdays at 5-30 ... in the Samaj premises No. ... Jamji Ladha Building, Matunga, G.I.P.

FAREWELL FUNCTION.

There will be a farewell function at 3 p.m. to-day (Saturday) ... the General Traffic Manager's ... Churchgate to bid farewell ... Mr. Motilal K. Mehta, Chief ... Inspector on his retirement from service.

BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

The third annual general meeting of the members of the Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society will be held at 3-30 p.m. ... (Saturday) at the Sir ... Thackersey Memorial ... Building, 9, Bakehouse Lane.

RAM HARANATH JAYANTI.

The 69th Birthday Festival of Ramakrishna Haranath a model saint of modern India will be celebrated ... Sunday at Sheth Kalliandas ... Vasudas' bungalow "Krishna ...", Ridge Road when there ... be Bhajan Kirtan and feeding the poor.

All Holiness' devotees and admirers are cordially invited on the ... occasion.

MADHAVANDRASENIYA KAYASTHA PRABHU SAMAJ.

A Recitation Competition ... the auspices of the above ... will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the ... school building of the Parel ... School of the Gokhale Education Society near the Gordhandhunderdas Medical College.

BUDDHA SOCIETY.

Mr. M. S. Gopal Iyengar of ... will lecture on (i) "Paul ...", appreciation of Buddh... at 9-30 a.m. on Sunday the ... instant and (ii) at 6 p.m. "Meditation" containing the ... of the previous seven lectures ... the "Science of Meditation ... the Ancient and Modern ... points'.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail steamer "... hay" with the mails from ... bay of 24th instant arrived at ... at 10-30 p.m. on the 29th ... tant and left there at 3 a.m. ... following day.

The N. Y. K. steamer "Tuttori ...ru" left Colombo for Bombay the 28th instant, and is due ... arrive here on Sunday after... on the 2nd July at 4 p.m.

THAKKAR VASSONJI MADHAVJI LECTURES.

Pandit Jina Vijayaji Muni will deliver the fourth lecture of his series of five lectures on the History of Gujarat in the lecture ...om, 1st Floor, South Wing of ... University Buildings, to-day ...turday), at 6 p.m. The sub... of the lecture is "Social and ...tional Life in Gujarat"

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY SOCIAL REFORM ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the ...mbay Presidency Social Reform ...sociation a public meeting will ... held in the Prarthana Samaj ..., Charni Road, Girgaon, to... (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) ...n Rao Bahadur D. G. Pa..., M.A., will deliver a lecture ... "Wanted a Programme and ...icy for Social Reform". The ...ble Mr. Justice S. S. Patkar ... preside"

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC.

Pandit Vigneswara Sastri will ... an entertainment on Violin, ... melodious tuness in the ...hool of Indian Music Hall to... (Saturday) at 5.45 p.m.

THEOSOPHICAL STUDY CLASS.

Mr F. J. Ginwala will take a ...blic study class on "The Teach...s of Mr. J. Krishnamurti" ...day (Saturday) at 5-15 p.m. ... the Blavatsky Lodge, Theoso...cal Society, Chowpati.

...uetta.—One aeroplane of the ...yal Air Force is reported to ...e caught fire while landing in ... Quetta Aerodrome grounds. ... machine was badly burnt. ... no loss of life is reported. ... cause of the accident is so ... unknown.—A.P.

INDIAN STUDENTS' UNION IN LONDON

Favourite Institution Of Thousands Appeals For £5,000 For Its Work

London (By Air Mail)

An Indian student stepped out of the train on to the platform of the Victoria Terminus. It was his first visit to London.

He hailed a taxi, and jumped in.

Then there was an awkward pause. The student suddenly realises that he did not know a single address in London to which he could tell the taximan to drive him.

But the taximan himself solved the problem, without any instructions. He drove his passenger to the Indian Students' Union and Hostel in Gower-Street.

This story shows the places which the Indian Students' Union, one of the activities of the Indian National Council of Y. M. C. A.'s has achieved in London. It has become, in many respect, the hub of Indian student life.

But, like many other organisations, it is finding that times are hard. The annual grant from the Indian National Council of Y. M. C. A.'s, restaurant receipts, and room rents, are just enough for running expenses, but allow no margin.

So the Union to-day wants £5,000 for alterations, equipment and urgent repairs.

Economies in every possible way have been carried out. To-day there is only one full-time secretary, Mr. J. S. Aiman, where before there were three.

It is definitely felt that unless the £5,000 is raised the work of the institution will be considerably hampered—a thing which everyone who knows its history is anxious to prevent at all costs.

HOW IT BEGAN

This history began in 1914. A few Indian Y. M. C. A. workers left India with the first contingent of Indian troops coming to Europe. They came to work among the Indian sepoys and officers.

When the war ended, a number of the Indian officers who had been on the Western Front came to England to Universities, hospital Medical Schools, and so on. The Y. M. C. A. secretaries felt that instead of losing touch with these young men, they should continue to work for them by transferring their activities to England.

They obtained the use of the Shakespeare Hut, a wooden building on the site now covered by the School of Tropical Medicine, near to the British Museum. Here the first Hostel and Union were established, and all went smoothly until 1922.

Then the site was needed. The generosity of British friends and of friends in India, Burma and Ceylon made it possible for the Union to secure their present spacious premises in Gower-Street. These are their own property.

SEEING BRITISH HOME LIFE.

The Indian student who arrives in London is usually a complete stranger. Often he has not been able to obtain the food he is used to on board ship.

And so, perhaps feeling rather depressed and lonely, the vast majority make their way to the Union. There they find Indian cooking, other Indians to talk to, and a warm welcome from the Warden, Mr. Aiman.

They are provided with a room in the building, which can accommodate 51, actual residents. When the strangeness of London has worn off, they will go to live elsewhere, for it is regarded as essential that they should see the best of British home life.

They still continue to use the Union as a Club. All Indian women students in London also become honorary members of it.

Lectures and study groups, and the social programme—tennis and garden parties are an important part of it just now—enable the students to hear noted Englishmen speak, to make contacts which create International friendship, and to see famous places.

Distinguished Indian visiting London also go to the Union to speak to the students—and to hear the students point of view.

And so students have come and gone for the past 14 years. It is an ever-changing throng. Each month brings new arrivals; each month sees its farewells.

Larger and larger grows the number of students who have passed through the Union. To-day it has passed the 15,000 mark. —Reuter.

DROP IN AMERICAN COTTON

London Silver Steady

(From Our Commercial Correspondent)

Bombay, Friday (11 p.m.)

Gilt-edged securities ruled steady to-day on the London Stock Exchange. 3-1/2 per cent Indian sterling loan advanced 5 shillings to £79-3/4.

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 3 points. There was heavy selling pressure with depressed prices and the market closed at a decline of 12 points.

The New York cotton market opened at a decline of 10 points. Prices declined on heavy long liquidation and a fall of 32 points was recorded.

Rapid succession in dollar sterling exchange resulted in a sharp rally to a decline of 6 points. Later on, prices again ruled quiet and were quoted at 13 points lower.

In the local cotton market Broach April/May prices declined to Rs. 230-12; but, later on, advanced to Rs. 232-8, on rumours of improvement in the dollar.

SILVER.

The London Silver Market ruled steady on buying by continental speculators. The market closed as under:—

Spot Silver	18-5/8
Difference	+1/4
Forward	18-3/4
Difference	+1/4

Quotations in Bombay were as under:—

	Rs.
Ready Silver	56-15-0
Ashad Delivery	57-1-0
Shravan Delivery	57-9-0
Ready Gold	30-7-6
Ashad Delivery	30-7-3
Shravan Delivery	30-7-3
Sovereign	19-11-0

NERVOUSNESS IN MARKET

All markets were nervous on reported hitch regarding stabilisation of currency at the World Economic Conference.

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 30.

Previous Closing	4.28
To-day's Opening	4.29
To-day's Closing	4.26

T T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 30.

Previous Closing	4.25-3/4
To-day's Closing	4.26-3/4

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

JULY.

New York, June 30.

Previous Closing	10.01
To-day's Opening	9.91
Difference	—.10
To-day's Closing	9.99
Difference	—.02

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Bombay, June 30.

July/August	230
April/May 1934	234

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

JULY.

Liverpool, June 30.

Previous Closing	6.15
To-day's Opening	6.18
Difference	+.03
To-day's Closing	6.03
Difference	—.12

FRANC RATE.

Paris, June 30.

Previous Closing	86-1/16
To-day's Opening	85-27/32
To-day's Closing	86-5/32

LATE MR. B. N. SHROFF

Sixth Anniversary Celebration Next Friday

Under the joint auspices of the Zarathosti Ilam-e-Kshnoom Felavnari Committee, the Parsi Vegetarian and Temperance Society, the Zarathosti Radi Society, and the Parsi Seva Mandal a function to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the death of the late Mr. Behramshaw Naoroji Shroff, the teacher of Zarathosi Ilam-e-Kshnoom, a school of Zorostrian Philosophy, will be held on 7th inst. (Friday).

The Jashan ceremony in memory of late Mr. Shroff as well as in that of late Mr. Jehangir J. Vimadalal will take place at 4 p.m. Mr. J. S. Chiniwala (advocate) Capt. Bamji and others will address the gathering.—Sir S. B. Billimoria will preside.

JUMA MASJID DISPUTE

Judge Holds Election Of President Valid & Dissolves Injunction

During the May Vacation of the High Court, Mr. Mahomed Ibrahim Haindade and others had filed a suit for a declaration that Khan Bahadur Mahomed Ismail Curtay was not the duly elected President of the Board of Directors of the Juma Masjid of Bombay and for other relief, and had obtained an 'interim injunction against Khan Bahadur Mahomed Ismail Curtay from acting as President.

The matter came up for hearing on Thursday, the 27th June, in the form of a notice of motion before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Rangnekar.

Mr. Vakil appeared for the plaintiff, Mr. Mahomed Ibrahim Haindade and Mr. Coltman with Mr. Motilal Setalvad appeared for Khan Bahadur Mahomed Ismail Curtay and other defendants.

At the very ouset Mr. Coltman raised the point that, the suit as filed, was not maintainable, as, in the suit, directions or administrations of Trust were sought and there were complaints of breaches of trust. He also pointed out that the notice of motion should stand over to the hearing of the suit.

Mr. Vakil made a submission on behalf of the plaintiff, and in the course of arguments, admitted that the main point in the suit was whether the election of the temporary Chairman was valid.

His Lordship expressed the view that 'prima facie,' it appeared to him that the retiring President had such powers. He, therefore, held that the injunction against Khan Bahadur Mahomed Ismail Curtay must be dissolved. His Lordship expedited the hearing of the suit and gave other directions in relation to the application.

HELP DISTRESSED BHILS

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held today (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road under the presidentship of Mr. B. G. Horniman, when Messrs. Amratlal Thakkar, L. G. Zaveri, Jamnadas Mehta, B. F. Bharucha, Seth Abdul Rehman Kasam Mitha, Sheth Harjivan Valji, J. N. Manker, Sardar Jamiat-Singh and others will speak.

BHILS DISTRESS FUND

Help received Rs. 782 previously acknowledged. Further help received Rs. 51 Sheth Somchand M. Shah, Rs. 103 Dr. R. D. Modi (Ahmedabad) Rs. 25 Sheth L. R. Tairsee, Rs. 25 Messrs. Shantilal Chaturbhai and Co., Rs. 50 Sheth Chunilal Vadilal, Rs. 25 Seth Premchan Vadilal, Rs. 30 total of sums below Rs. 25. Total received Rs. 1,075. These donations are acknowledged with thanks and further contributions may be sent to Secretaries Distressed Bhil Relief Committee, care of B. H. League 149, Shroff Bazar, Bombay—2, Telephone No. 25471.

(B. H. League's appeal for help on page 12.)

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON MILL EMPLOYEE

Suspect Remanded To Police Custody

Adyapasad Harkuwar, along with four others, was remanded to police custody by the officiating Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, on Friday, on the charge of assaulting one Ramkaran, a body-guard of the Carding and Spinning Master of the Jam Mill Sewri.

It appears that on the evening of the 28th June, all the above accused as well as two others, who are absconding, went to Ramkaran, and assaulted him with sticks causing severe injuries to him.

Mr. Byramjee Khambatta, the Carding and Spinning Master during his evidence identified the accused in the dock, and stated that he had only recently come to the Jam Mill from the Wadala Mill, and had discharged some of the old jobbers in the former mill replacing them by new ones, who were the relatives of the injured man. This led the accused to suspect that Ramkaran was the cause of the dismissal of the old hands.

Pending the arrest of the two absconding accused, the Magistrate granted the remand of the accused as stated above.

GERMAN BAN ON "MANCHESTER GUARDIAN"

Newspaper Society Intercedes Through Diplomatic Channels

The German ban on the "Manchester Guardian" is the subject of a momorandum to the German Ambassador from the Newspaper Society, which bases its submissions on general principles—the effect of the ban upon press and public opinion in this country—and expresses the opinion that the friendly feeling towards Germany, already existing, would be strengthened if the ban was raised. The memorandum is:—

1. The Newspaper Society, representing over one thousand morning, evening, and weekly newspapers in the United Kingdom, submits that the ban upon the entry into Germany of the "Manchester Guardian" should be raised, for the reasons given below.

2. In making this submission the society does not wish to make any special case for the "Manchester Guardian." It is true that the "Guardian" has for many years held the reputation of always striving to present a fair and impartial record of events and views, and that it has, in consequence, often achieved the distinction of being criticised by both parties to a controversy, which is usually the most conclusive evidence of fairness. It is true also that the "Guardian" did its best after the Great War to bring about a more friendly feeling towards Germany and a greater appreciation of Germany's difficulties, so much so that it was frequently accused of being "pro-German" at a time when (it is happily no longer the case) that description was intended to convey an allegation of unpatriotism. It is further true that the "Guardian" invariably stands for a policy of peace which the German Chancellor has announced to be the policy of his Government.

3. The society would prefer, however, to base its submission not upon the merits or demerits of the "Guardian" as a newspaper but on general principles. The membership of the society consists of newspapers of all shades of opinion, and a large number of newspapers in the society are opposed to the views and policy of the "Manchester Guardian." They are, neveyrtheless, united in support of the principle that every Government should permit the freest possible circulation of responsible newspapers.

4. While it is appreciated that the German Government must be of the opinion that there are reasons of State which justify the ban upon the "Guardian," the society ventures to suggest that the Government has, perhaps, not attached sufficient weight to a most important consideration—viz., the effect of the ban upon press and public opinion in the United Kingdom.

5. The tradition of the freedom of the press and the free circulation of news and views upon all topics is deeply rooted in the people and the press of this country. It automatically follows, therefore, that, when any Government takes action to prevent the circulation of a particular newspaper the resulting reactions of opinion in this country are not favourable.

6. The society is of opinion that the friendly feeling towards Germany, already existing in the United Kingdom, would be strengthened if the ban on the "Manchester Guardian" was raised, and it is upon this basis, more than any other, that the society asks the German Government to give this memorandum its sympathetic consideration.

7. The society takes the opportunity of expressing its appreciation of the courteous reception by the German Embassy of the representations made at an interview on May 18, 1933.

MR. R. M. JOSHI DEAD

Well-Known Figure In Economics

Mr. Ramchandra Mahadev Joshi, Professor of Economics, Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, died on Thursday night, at his residence on Malabar Hill, Bombay.

The news of Prof. Joshi's death was received with deep regret by the students and staff of the College, and also among Commerce graduates. As a mark of respect for deceased the College was closed on Friday.

AUTHORITY IN ECONOMICS.

Prof. Joshi was well-known in Bombay and other parts of India as an authority in Economics. He was at the College from 1913, and his two visits to England and the Continent since then were a great asset to the students inasmuch as they could draw much more information out of his mine of general knowledge. He was also a very popular figure among the Commerce graduates.

Prof. Joshi leaves a widow, two daughters, and a son and a large circle of friends and admirers. He was 45 years of age.

THE CAPITOL

(Bombay's Leading Talkie House)

DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Matinees at 4 P.M. To-day, Sunday and Thursday, (Bank Holiday)

What! no Beer?
The funniest and frothiest Comedy of all times!
100 p.c. Laughs from 4 p. c. Beer! Those master-brewers of howls, Buster Keaton and "Schnozzle" Durante, turn a political event into a universal joy-feast!
Starring
BUSTER KEATON
JIMMY DURANTE
with ROSCO ATES, PHYLLIS BARRY, JOHN MILJAN
Also ZASU PITTS & THELMA TODD COMEDY
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

SURPRISING TURN IN "ANAND MANDAL CASE"

Accused Grouped Into Several Batches And Charged Under Various Acts Separately, Due To Police Inability To Implicate Sawai, Parulekar And Barve

What was so far known to the public as the "Anand Mandal Case" has been so split up as to be completely robbed of the famous and sensational title. When the accused in this case were produced before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, the Officiating Presidency Magistrate, Fifth Court, on Friday, they were grouped into separate batches and charged for robbery and under the Explosive Substances Act, the former charges of terrorising Government officials by means of explosions, and collecting funds by the commission of robberies and dacoities in order to promote the organisation of their Association originally styled as the Anand Mandal, under the leadership of J. Bapat, being entirely dropped.

This was as a result of the inability of the police to implicate B. V. Sawai, L. M. Paruleker and P. H. Barve in the case. They were consequently discharged by the Magistrate on Friday. Sawai and Parulekar having been in jail custody, while Barve was on bail since their arrests on April 23, 22 and 14, respectively.

CHARGED UNDER EXPLOSIVES ACT.

The next to be placed before the Magistrate were: J. B. Bapat (40), V M Bhatker (20). and V S Hardiker (22), who were charged under the Explosive Substances Act. It is alleged that these three accused were responsible for the two explosions at the Empire Theatre, on March 25 and April 6 respectively, in one of which a European was injured. The charges framed against them were under Sec. 4(b) of Explosive Substances Act 6 of 1908 read with Sec. 114 I P C.

FURTHER CHARGE.

The same batch was further charged, under Sec. 6 of Explosive Substances Act 4 of 1884, read with Sec. 114 I P Code, namely, with possession and manufacture of explosives in contravention of the Governor-General-in-Council's Notification No.. M/1219 issued on 18/11/1927 and 16/4/1930, namely, regarding the aiding and abetting in the commission of the above offence.

ALLEGED ROBBING OF TEACHER.

The foregoing accused along with another, Vasudeo Jeewaji Powar (22), a Drill Instructor, were also charged under Sections 394, 114 and 109 I.P C, namely; with causing hurt to Mr. Dhamankar, a teacher in the Municipal Vernacular School, Dadar, as well as Sadashiv Pandurang Joshi on 7th April, and robbing the former of Rs. 1901. The amount recovered in this connection is Rs. 195.

CHARGED WITH RECEIVING STOLEN SUM.

Purushottam V. Joshi, a school teacher, who was charged along with his wife with receiving the stolen amount of Rs. 1,900 in G C notes and disposed it off, was released on a bail of Rs. 500 with two sureties in like amount each, and Rs. 300 to be deposited. Their case has been postponed to 12th July.

CLERK BAILED OUT.

Tried under the same charge of receiving stolen property, M C Pagnis (25), a clerk, who was arrested on April 14, was also bailed in the sum of Rs. 500 with two sureties in like amount. He had been previously bailed the next day of his arrest and was subsequently placed in custody on the police alleging him as one of the chief conspirators in the Anand Mandal Case.

RELEASE ON BAIL URGED.

When the case against Hardiker, Powar, Bhatker and Bapat came on for hearing, Mr. Nargolkar for the 1st and 3rd accused, asked for the release on bail of the accused as they were fairly long in police custody and would otherwise be hampered in the preparation of their defence.

Messrs. Pradhan and Patil appearing for Powar and Bapat, respectively, concurred with him in this request. In support of his contention Mr. Nargolker cited the famous Meerut case and in which the judges had granted bail to the accused, even though they were charged with very grave charges which were punishable with death or transportation for life.

Mr. Velkar, the Police Prosecutor, raising objection, said that Meerut ruling could not apply to this case in that the Meerut accused were allowed bail after evidence against them was heard.

BAIL REFUSED.

The Magistrate, therefore, refused to grant bail to the four accused until he had heard evidence in their favour. He finally postponed the hearing of the case to 3rd July.

BREACH ON JAIPUR STATE RAILWAY

Through Running Interrupted

The District Traffic Superintendent, Bandikui, wires: -

The line is breached between Chauthkabarwara and Sewaimadhopur for about a mile on the Jaipur State Railway at 2-30 p.m. on 29th June and through running of passenger service is interrupted. Transhipment is impossible for some days.—A.P.

LONDON CALCUTTA AIR MAIL

First Batch To Reach Karachi On 7th

CALCUTTA, June 30.

According to a letter received by the President, Bengal Chamber of Commerce, from the Chairman, Indian Trans-Continental Airways, the inaugural flight of the London-Calcutta Air Service which commences from London on July 1st, 1933, is due to arrive Karachi on the 7th July and Calcutta the next day at 3|20 p.m.—A.P.

THEFT IN POLICE OFFICIAL'S HOUSE

Two Soldiers Heavily Punished

NAGPUR, June 30.

Two privates, Carter and Watson, of the Duke of Wellington Regiment, Kamptee, were convicted to-day by the First Class Magistrate, on a charge of housebreaking and theft, and sentenced to undergo nine and six months' rigorous imprisonment, respectively. The accused were charged in connection with theft from the bungalow of Mr. Collins, a senior Police official.—A.P.

NEW BRIDGE AT DAMAN COLLAPSES

Three Persons Killed : Governor And Police Chief Narrowly Escape

A portion of the bridge at Damaun which was declared open by the Governor General of Portuguese territory on 2nd February last, collapsed on Monday last with a terrific crash killing outright three persons. It appears that owing to the heavy rains which recorded 27 inches from 21st June to 26th June, the river Dhamanganga was in floods On Monday last at about 10 p.m the villagers heard a thundering crash and on rushing to the spot found three pillars and four out of the nine spans being washed away.

THREE KILLED.

Unfortunately a Khoja woman with her servant and a Christian youth were walking along the bridge at the time, and they were also washed away. The Christian youth's dead body was recovered at Devka the next day, but the dead bodies of the Khoja woman and her servant are not found yet.

GOVERNOR'S NARROW ESCAPE.

The Governor of Damaun and the Acting Chief of the police force had passed on the bridge only a few minutes before the Mishap, and they had a narrow escape. A Parsi youth also had a miraculous escape as he had just left the danger zone and in a few seconds the bridge collapsed.

MEETING AND DEPUTATION.

On Tuesday morning the citizens of Damaun held a meeting in the Municipal hall where prayers were said for the repose of the souls of the dead. They then formed a procession and went in a deputation to the Governor, who assured them that the bridge would be re-built soon for the convenience of the public.

FLAGS AT HALF MAST.

The government offices were closed on Tuesday as a mark of respect for the deceased, and the flags were hoisted half mast on the Government offices. The bridge was built by Messrs. Mawson Vernon and Co., of Bombay, at a cost of nearly Rs. 3 lacs. The cost was borne by the Portuguese Government and the Municipality.

CONTRACTOR'S ENGINEER'S VISIT.

An engineer of Messrs. Mawson Vernon and Co., and the Director of Public Works at Goa, will shortly visit the place and hold an inquiry into the causes that led to this sudden collapse.

GOLF AT MADRAS

Belgaum Camp Trounce Madras C. C.

MADRAS, June 30.

Despite a sharp drizzle just before commencement, there has a good attendance at Chepauk, this evening when the Belgaum Camp Union defeated Madras Cricket Club by six goals to two, in the second round of M.C.C Hockey Tournament. The game was of high standard. Playing on a wet ground Belgaum toow time to settle down, whilst the homesters pressing from the outset scored the first goal of the afternoon through a little midway in first half Opponents warmed up at the reverse, and scored twice in succession before the interval. Play in the second half was mostly in favour of the visitors, who added four more points, against one by the M.C.C. King at the M.C.C. goal effected some brilliant saves, whilst Agre and Mauge figured prominently among Belgaum forwards, scoring four and two goals, respectively —A.P.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Purnea.—The Bihar Provincial Moslem Conference was held on the 24th and 25th instant at Kishanganj under the presidency of Maulana Shafi Daudi of Patna.

Several resolutions were passed, including one for the allotment of 8 seats in the Council, instead of 6, as provided in the White Paper.—A.P.

It is reported that the Sahukars of Wardha District are refusing to make advances to peasants for the purpose of agricultural operations. This has increased the plight of the tenants since the sowing of cotton has already begun.

Nagpur.—Mr. N.C. Ghosh, Deputy Ranger of Bilaspur District who was prosecuted for extortion and illegal coercion has been sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 400 or in default, to undergo five and a half months' rigorous imprisonment on two counts.

STUDENTS' SERVICE OF HARIJANS

Delhi Workers In Bombay

The anti-untouchability workers of Bombay will be glad to learn that Messrs. B.S. Manyam and S.C. Sharma, representatives of the Students' Harijan Service League of Delhi, are now on a short visit to the City to compare notes with workers here, particularly those among students. This League has been recently started at Delhi with the object of fully enlisting the services of the student community in carrying on Harijan uplift work in co-operation with the Servants of the Untouchables' Society. It is already conducting a night school at Delhi and is also doing other work on the lines recommended to students by Mahatma Gandhi. Its representatives, who are now in Bombay and are staying in the premises of the local Servants of the Untouchables' Society, are anxious to compare notes with the workers here. It is much to be hoped that through the efforts of institutions like the Delhi Students' League, the student community all over the country will display increased interest in the service of Harijans.

BRITISH LOAN TO AUSTR

Sir J. Simon's Reply In Commons

RUGBY, June 29.

In the House of Commons t day, Sir John Simon, referring the disarmament Conference s that it was the intention of t British Government to facilit by all means in their power t resolute prosecution of work r maining to be done. He hop that as proposed by the Pre dent of the Conference, conversa tions under his guidance betwe interested powers would ta place during the interval.

Asked whether in recent co versations with the Austria Chancellor, the question of ma ing or guaranteeing a new loa had been discussed, Sir Joh Simon said that in the course the conversation reference wa made to the loan provided for i the Protocol of July 1932 and th Austrian Loan Gaurantee Act which it was hoped would b issued at an early date in Lon don and Paris and other capital concerned.—B.O.W.

A FASHIONABLE SOAP
AT A REASONABLE PRICE

Possessing all the best features of the highest grade Soaps, this beautiful product yet sells at a moderate price.

DRALLE'S
MALATTINE GLYCERINE SOAP
Transparent in Beauty Excellent in Quality Exquisite in Fragrance Economical in Service.
BUY A CAKE OR A BOX OF THREE.
Obtainable at all Shops and Stores. SOLE AGENT:
A. V. R. A. ADYCAPPA CHETTY
191, Princess Street, BOMBAY 2.

THE RISK OF LOSS BY LAPSING IS VERY REAL
ASK FOR ACTUAL INSTANCES OF THE NATIONAL INDIAN PROTECTION SYSTEM:
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE SYSTEM
Your future is SAFE with the
NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
40-42, Churchgate Street BOMBAY.
Managing Agents MARTIN & CO., CALCUTTA.

Keep "Monsoon Damp" OUT
Ensure the safety of your clothes and bedding—guard them from the rot and mildew of "monsoon damp"—with this inexpensive, efficient sigree. Indispensable in every home.
with a
BEST ELECTRIC SIGREE

PATENTED.
ELECTRIC HOUSE,
Corner of COLABA CAUSEWAY and ORMISTON ROAD.
'Phone: 26026 (4 lines).

RUN DOWN? DE

The letter reproduced on the right is typical of the many thousands which may be inspected at our offices. What greater proof *can* there be of the miraculous effects of OKASA, the genuine gland-hormon product, in all cases of lost vitality, premature age, nervousness, and depression?

OKASA floods the whole system *naturally and harmlessly* with rich new hormons. It strengthens the brain, the heart and the entire nervous system.

It restores radiant vitality. It definitely recreates youth and increases the normal span of active life. The world has never known so wonderful a remedy—millions upon millions of men and women, both in Europe and in India, have proved its efficacy.

Why should *you* suffer longer? *Start taking OKASA to-day and conquer debility once and for all!*

"Dear
I h
and
factio
and
BECO
and I
mend
has run

An interesting
Health
OK
Price RS. 10 p
Trial packet
FROM ALL LEADING
OKASA CO., BE
12, Rampart Row, Post

A Reliable Pocket Watch for a Low Price
The "MARVEL"
Made by us to satisfy the wants of those people who require a low price watch which is also a reliable time-keeper.
Size as illustrated. 10-Jewel, superior lever movement, strong Nickel case, inner dome, Crystal shape with thick flat glass or Lens shape.

No. 516.
Guaranteed 1 Year.
Rupees 14/—
FAVRE LEUBA & Co., Ltd
BOMBAY ----- CALCUTTA

ITS WORK

And Co-operation pal Doctor Help Diseas

K. E. M. Hospital School

ice treated in the Medical, t) Aural, Ophthalmic, Den- Skin Departments from 13, 1931 till March 31, below:—

val and Surgical 1,009; 1,078; Ophthalmic 720; 601 and Skin 426.

were 144 operations in theral Department; 9 in the Opilmic and 6 were operated forer complaints. To 120 childreasses were prescribed and supl free by the school authos.

ad number of children suffer rom defective vision which wat cared for, and was not likto be treated if they had beeft to themselves. Similarly otheffections as Conjunctivitis anachoma, which are also com among the children, requiarly attention for they, besideing contagious, materially age the eyes if not properly ted.

DREAD T. B.

Pmary tuberculosis is found freitly in children and in sonases in the advanced stage result of neglect in the eadays. These children atter the school remain a souof infection to other childrwho are highly susceptible at tender age. A systematic me examination only can spot such children and early cam save them from the furthavages of the disease.

rged spleen which is the inof malaria is very common amequires prolonged treatmeFew days of regular treatmen the beginning prevents thindition. In many other otheffections, chiefly of heart preadvice and early treatmeaves a child from further tre.

benefit derived by these chn is evident from the few obitions made and much mean be done if little more int is taken by the parents.

'aim of the medical examin of school children is not tolate the nature of diseases orut to eradicate the disease, to~~e the children~~ healthy and fitight the struggle for existen future. The School Clinic isuccess so far, and will be alo show still better results inre when there will be propesponse from the parents, ar little more attention is pay the school teachers who hao-operated very well so far.

LEGED!

VON'S FAVOURITE

"I hnot tried any of your edicexcept LODHRA which am to inform you, stands chaled in successfully curing fional disorders of the erus

Dr. M. Kudva, M.B., B.S.,
Popular Pharmacy,
KOLLEGAL.

LODHRA

At all Chemists:
KESARI KUTEERAM
ndi Chemists & Druggists.
BMORE, MADRAS.

Ags:
IL BROS., Hasham B'dgs.,
Churchgate St., Bombay.

S OF
ECTACLES
LASSES
A & HOMI
ANS
KALBADEVI Rd
Y. PAREL

SPANISH PRINCE'S CUBAN BRIDE

The Prince of the Asturias, second son of ex-King Alfonso of Spain, and Senorita Edelmira San Pedro-Ocejo, a Cuban girl, whom he wedded last week despite his father's opposition. By his marriage to a commoner the Prince has forfeited his rights to the Spanish Throne.

U. S. NOT IN FAVOUR OF STABILISATION

Britain Out For Agreement With Continental Group

(Special Cable)
LONDON, June 29.

It is understood that Professor Moley conveyed to Mr. Ramsay Macdonald that the United States was not prepared to discuss stabilisation, but might be interested in any international exchange device, which would prevent wide speculative fluctuations of currency, without hindering President Roosevelt from exercising inflationary powers.

It is understood that the British policy is of a mediatory nature, and is to endeavour to formulate a scheme for agreement between gold and non-gold countries.

It is believed that the formation of a continental group with Britain associated with it, would almost inevitably lead to a failure of the Conference to achieve anything substantial.

Opinion is generally expressed that stabilisation of the pound without stabilisation of the dollar would lead to even more chaotic conditions than at present.

DOLLAR RATE IMPROVES

Kaffirs And Rayon Shares In Demand

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, June 29.

On the Stock Exchange cheerfulness continues despite the uncertainty of Wall Street which is chiefly reflected in Internationals. Outstanding features were the strength of Kaffirs and a further rise in Rayon shares.

The Commodity markets on the whole were quiet, and easier, apart from good business in Cocoa.

A feature of the Foreign Exchanges was the sudden improvement of the American Dollar late in the afternoon to 4.24-1/2 which was 17-1/2 cents below the highest quotation of the day, but closed 4.30-1/2.

The Movement was due to a demand by those short of dollars to meet commitments induced by a belief that currency developments are pending.

BADNERA G. I. P. RY. WORKERS MEET

Leaders Exhort Them To Organise

(From A Correspondent).
BADNERA, June 28.

A general meeting of the members of the Badnera branch of the G I P Railway Workers' Union was held here last evening on the ground opposite Indian Institute with Dr. R K Gavande, the Vice President of the Igatpuri branch of the Union in the chair. Mr. Z R Chowdhery, the General Secretary, Mr. P L Ghawekar, the Propaganda Secretary, Mr. Abdul Razak, the Organising Secretary and Mr. S Abraham, a member of the G I P Railway Workers' Union and Mr. G L Khandalkar, the President of the All-India Trade Union Congress addressed the meeting and advised the workers to make a cent per cent trade union organisation at their branch.

A resolution fully supporting the resolutions passed at the Annual General Meeting of the Union held at Nagpur on the 25th June 1933 was unanimously passed. The meeting terminated late in the night at 9 p.m. Officials of the local mill workers' union were also present in the meeting.

ASSEMBLY SESSION ON 22ND AUGUST

3 Days Allotted For Non-Official Bills

SIMLA, June 30.

It has been finally decided that the next session of the Legislative Assembly will commence in Simla on Tuesday the 22nd August. The Governor-General has allotted five days for the transaction of non-official business, namely August 24 and 29 and September 5 for non-official bills and August 31 and September 7 for non-official resolutions.

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

The dates for official business have not yet been settled. It may be mentioned that the reason why three days were allotted for non-official bills is that the Temple Entry Bill which was left over unfinished in the last winter session is likely to take a good deal of time in the Assembly.—A. P.

DHANTOLI ABDUCTION CASE

Accused Gets 2 Years' Imprisonment

NAGPUR, June 30.

Judgment in the Dhantoli Abduction Case was pronounced today by Mr. Alay Hasan, First Class Magistrate, who sentenced one of the accused to two years' rigorous imprisonment, on a charge of abducting a woman and acquitted the other three accused. A.P.

HARIJAN MEETING IN POONA

(From A Correspondent).
POONA, June 30.

A public meeting, under the auspices of the Servants of Untouchables' Society, will be held in the Gokhale Hall, Poona on Sunday (July 2) at 6 p.m. under the presidentship of Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar. Speakers include Messrs. Birla, Kunzru and Nageshwar Rao.

COTTON MILLS IN BHAVNAGAR

BHAVNAGAR, June 29.

A new cotton mill called the Mahaluxmi Mill has started working recently. Requests for permission to establish more cotton mills at Bhavnagar and in its neighbourhood have been held over by the Government of His Highness because of the inadequate water supply.

Meanwhile, investigations are being made into the existing sources of water supply with a view to making them suitable for prospective cotton mills. Plans are being considered for preventing the water supply of the river Shetruji from running to waste by constructing a big 'bund' some where near Talaja.—A.P.

RUBBER RESTRICTION

Dutch Producers At W. E. Conference

(Special Cable).
LONDON, June 29.

The rubber restriction proposals lend additional interest to the arrival at Croydon by air this evening of Van Leeuwen and Van Enthoven, two prominent men in the Dutch rubber industry, who interviewed by Reuter said, they would stay for a few days in London to see the Conference, visit M. Colijn, find out what the Dutch Delegates are doing and have conversations with some people.

India Equitable

Insurance Company, Limited.

THE PRIDE OF INDIA (H. O.:—102, Clive Street, Calcutta). Established in 1908

A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN UNDER INDIAN MANAGEMENT WHICH NEVER EXPERIENCED A DEFICIT IN ANY VALUATION

PAID-BONUS to Policy-holders from the very date of starting business Last Valuation as at 31st December, 1929—A RECORD SUCCESS Profit of Rs. 15 in every Rs. 100 of the Life Assurance Fund. Uniform Bonus of Rs. 15 per thousand to all with profit policies in 1929.

AND MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE SURPLUS CARRIED FORWARD TO STRENGTHEN BONUS FUND

SPECIAL FEATURES :—

Claim usually paid within 10 days from the date of death and on the very date of maturity.
Interest paid on claims kept unpaid for more than three months.
Automatic Protection-Policies non-forfeitable after acquiring surrender value.
Permanent Disability—Pension a speciality.
Revival of lapsed policies—allowed on special concession.
Loans to policy-holders on very favourable terms.
Straight dealings to everybody at any cost.

Branches in—MADRAS, ALLAHABAD, DACCA, PATNA and AGENCIES in other places.
LIBERAL TERMS TO AGENTS
Apply for Agency, Balance Sheet and Last Valuation Report.
BRANCH SECRETARY COMMISSARIAT BUILDING, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

STEARNS'
DIGESTIVE & TONIC TABLETS
Remedial, Restorative, Rejuvenating

THE
CHOICE
IS
YOURS

Do you wish to be a STRONG MAN or a WEAKLING?

Can you face the problems of life without flinching?

Is your brain active and alert? Can you meet to-day, to-morrow and the future undauntedly and tackle troubles as they come without complaining; or, do you find your day's work too much for you and look forward to the next day's with fear and misgiving?

The choice of conditions is yours

STEARNS' DIGESTIVE AND TONIC TABLETS will make you fit, keen, strong-willed, confident and full of manhood.

Pure blood, strong nerves and good digestion are the roots of efficiency and enjoyment.

PURIFYING: NERVE BUILDING: VITALIZING: STRENGTHENING: LAXATIVE:

Obtainable of all good Chemists and Stores.

MAKE WORK A PLEASURE and PLEASURE A GREATER B. C. I. PLEASURE

THE STATE-AIDED BANK OF TRAVANCORE,

LIMITED

Head Office:—ALLEPPEY.

Branches:—TRIVANDRUM CHANGANACHERRY, COCHIN, QUILON, KOTTAYAM, KAYENKULAM & ERNAKULAM.

(Under the patronage of the Government of His Highness The Maharajah of Travancore).

CHAIRMAN:—Mr. K. C. PANDALAI, B.Sc. (ECON.)

Fixed Deposits are now received at the following rates:—

For Six Months	... ...	4 per cent. per annum.
For One Year	... ...	4½ " "
For 2 Years or more	... ...	5 " "

The interest is payable half-yearly. The Bank has made arrangements at Madras, Bombay, Calcutta and Bangalore for receiving and paying the Deposits At PAR. For further particulars apply to:

C. KRISHNA MENON, M.A., Manager, or
THE CHAIRMAN, COLLEGE BUILDINGS, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

EAST & WEST
Insurance Co., Ltd.
Estd. 1913.

Head Office:—
East & West Buildings,
Apollo Street Fort
BOMBAY.

The last VALUATION REPORT reveals certain striking features. Surplus disclosed is nearly 5½ times more than that disclosed at the previous valuation.

1933 again a VALUATION & A BONUS YEAR.
Forecast
Greater Prosperity.

It will pay you to take out a Policy TO-DAY.
Agency terms liberal—Treatment sympathetic.
For particulars apply to the MANAGER, Head Office.

ULCERINE (Regd.)
TRY IT AND AVOID OPERATION.
Cures Piles, Fistula, Sinuses, Carbuncles, Abscesses, Malignant, Ulcers, Burns, etc. Marvellous surgeon itself. Harmless, soothing. Details Free.
NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal
KEMP & CO., Charni Rd. Bombay.

RAVIVARMA'S
BEST INDIAN
PLAYING CARDS

SAHARA THERMOS
and
FOOD JAR

Sole Proprietor:
ESMAIL SIDDICK & CO
BOMBAY.

Sold EVERYWHERE.
Stockists: BOMBAY HARDWARE DEPOT, Luharchawl.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1933

A FOOLISH COMMUNIQUE

We have received from the Chief Karbhari of Mangrol State a copy of a communique issued on behalf of the Durbar dealing with the protests which have come from so many quarters against the Order recently promulgated permitting the slaughter of cows and the playing of music before mosques in the State. Ordinarily, as our readers well know, the columns of this paper are open to any reasonable representation from the other side against its own views. But we doubt whether any useful purpose would be served by the publication of such an inane and futile document as this communique. It will certainly not convert those who are protesting against the Order to the view that it is justified or in any way excusable, and if anyone had any lingering suspicion that there may have been some excuse for the promulgation of such an order, this communique should certainly suffice to remove it.

THE POLITE LETTER-WRITER

Another reason, which is quite sufficient to deter us from giving it space in these columns, is that it is accompanied by a covering letter from the Chief Karbhari informing us that "a mad agitation" is being conducted in the Press against the Order and pointedly mentioning that as far as he can remember "in your paper alone there have been usually of late two or three mentions of it weekly." If this gentleman thinks it is the wisdom of statesmanship to approach a matter which has so gravely perturbed the people of the State in this light-headed and insolent manner, we must leave him to his delusio. But with the assurance, for his own sake, that there will continue to be "mentions" of the matter in these columns until the obnoxious order is withdrawn.

DEVOID OF ARGUMENT.

As for the communique itself it is quite devoid of any argument to justify the sudden proposed intrusion into a peaceful State of practices offensive to Hindus on one side and Mussalmans on the other, without which the two communities have got on very well for generations. It tells us that the question of cow slaughter was raised in 1851 and in 1881 and again came up in 1927-'28. But it omits to mention that on these, as on other occasions, the result was always a decision to perpetuate the existing prohibition and that these decisions brought no protests from anyone.

The communique states that there has not been a single conviction since 1885 under the "Tharao" prohibiting slaughter. But this is not, as it airily asserts, because the "Tharao" has been a dead letter, but because the prohibition of cow-slaughter has been respected by the Muslim community of the State. But if the 'Tharao' had really become a dead letter, what possibly excuse could there be for throwing the Hindu community into a ferment by promulgating an order which in itself is an offence to their feelings. We are then told by the authors of this communique that "an instructive commentary" on the case is supplied by the fact that a heavy tax known as the "Baitul-mal" was imposed by the Durbar in 1885 and abolished in 1886, "showing that injustice and hardship, where they exist cannot last for ever." What possible connection or analogy there is between the two cases is beyond ordinary intelligence to discern. And we leave at that.

DOES THE CHIEF KNOW?

We are told that the Chief's ill-health prevents him from receiving deputations or representations on the matter. As he has always enjoyed the reputation of being an intelligent, as well as a sympathetic, ruler it is charitable to assume that he has also left the task of justifying this Order to his advisers. It will be a matter for extreme regret if nobody is able to bring it to his notice that his advisers are making the Durbar appear supremely ridiculous by these childish attempts to justify an order, which, until it is annulled, will continue to cause increasing agitation and which may have results of a most undesirable kind. The Chief of Mangrol will have as much reason to regret as anyone concerned the consequences likely to ensue if the Order is persisted in.

Press Gag In Bengal

The Indian Press is already working under heavy handicaps and its duties and responsibilities are not lessened by the supercilious attitude which the Government of Bengal have adopted in the course of the correspondence which has passed between them and the Indian Journalists' Association. Since the Anglo-Indian Press is above such inconveniences, naturally it has no cause for complaint. The Government write with the air of injured innocence, so characteristic of them, that "there is no rigid censorship of press reports in Bengal and the assertion that the Press finds it practically impossible to publish allegations against the Police is therefore baseless." The Press is then treated to a lecture on its incompetence, since it was able to publish news about the ill-treatment of Mr. Aney and the alleged oppression by the Police in Midnapore District. On the whole the Government arrive at the conclusion that the Press Officer is immaculate and, apparently, a boon to the Press.

In their reply the Association make rather too much of the point that they were refused an interview by Sir John Anderson and were referred to the Political Member or the Chief Secretary. We do not believe that the Governor would have done greater justice to them or removed their legitimate grievances, since he has been specially brought to Bengal as an expert in dealing with terrorism owing to his experience in Southern Ireland, though that does not excuse his churlishness in refusing the interview. The essence of the present repressive regime in Bengal is secrecy. If the terrorists are very secretive about their plans, the Government are even more so about the doings of the Police and not a word is allowed to leak into the Indian Press, except their great exploits now and then, which have not the slightest effect in improving the conditions in Bengal. The Press Officer, or Censor, as he really is, refuses to give his instructions in writing and goes on telephoning his orders every now and then, even to the extent of directions as to the type the newspapers should use for a particular piece of news, or whether it should be displayed under double head lines or single. This is a sort of impertinence which is found nowhere else, except perhaps in Nazified Germany The Government are apparently unwilling to call the Press Officer by his proper name, as they do not want to give the impression to the public that there is actually a press gag in Bengal.

The Association asks that the instructions conveyed by the Press Officer should be "on definite principles, and must not be arbitrary to suit the exigency of the political situation." We are surprised that the experience of all these months has not taught the Bengal Press that the imposition of censorship of the Press is the most arbitrary thing and is always done "to suit the exigency of the political situation." The whole administration is based on those principles, and they are not likely to get any relief from the Government of Bengal. It is as well, however, that the Association has so thoroughly exposed the dishonesty of this official with a misrepresentation of the attempt to bamboozle the public character of the "rigid censorship" imposed on the Press in Bengal.

CANNOT BE SHELVED

It is deplorable and, indeed, monstrous that the Bombay Municipal Corporation has again shelved the question of beggars in the City. The problem of dealing with the ever-increasing number of beggars has been before this body, the local Police and the Government for years past but it has been most indifferently dealt with by all. Consequently it has now become so formidable that everybody is frightened by it, and the beggars suffering from leprosy and other infectious diseases have become a grave menace to the health of the City. It can be tackled now only by the close co-operation of all these bodies. So far as the Bombay beggars are concerned, the initiative can and ought to be taken by the Corporation.

The Municipal Commissioner was requested last year to secure the co-operation of the Police Commissioner in dealing with the problem. But both these officials seem to disown their responsibility in the matter. The former pleads as an excuse the financial stringency of the Corporation and the Government and lectures the public on the harm done by private charity. Such charity is no doubt often indiscriminate and harmful. But it cannot be wholly prevented, so long as beggars are unattended to in other ways.

The Police Commissioner trots out the excuse that the power of the Police are extremely limited. But within their limitations the Police can do much if they are earnest and co-operate with the Corporation. The least that these bodies can do to begin with is to deal drastically with the sturdy beggars and segregate and otherwise attend to those suffering from infectious diseases. The Corporation ought to make a beginning on some such lines with whatever financial support it may get from Government. The problem cannot be shelved.

FISCAL AUTONOMY A MYTH

Mr. Baldwin's address to Lancashire is not wholly reassuring to India, but his advice to Britain is sound enough. He is right in warning the people of Lancashire that the day has gone when they could dictate to India what and where they could buy and that, if Indians felt unjustly treated, nothing could prevent their expressing their feelings by boycott. But he knows very well how much the British Government and the Indian Government can, for the time being do, and have done, to hamper India's free choice in the purchase of her goods. He is not unaware of the Ottawa deal, the steadily increasing measure of British preference in India and the use of the Ordinances against the Indian boycott.

It is idle to suggest that "the moral aspect did as much, perhaps more, to break the boycott than force." No moral aspect is compatible with the use of force in preventing the people from choosing their own goods. The commercial and other safeguards are obviously calculated to perpetuate Britain's economic exploitation of India.

Already Lancashire has won special advantages in India despite her so-called fiscal autonomy. But not content with these, the Manchester Royal Exchange has urged the Government to take effective measures to prevent the exploitation of the Empire markets by foreign nations. The reference is clearly to Japan. Lancashire is agitating to make the 50 per cent. preference which it now enjoys in India a permanent feature, if it is not possible to raise it still higher. So long as it is possible for Britain to secure special privileges in India against the wishes of the people, her fiscal or political autonomy is a mere myth.

THE CABINET'S DILEMMA

At No Time Since Mutiny Has India Given Graver Cause For Anxiety

BY BERNARD HOUGHTON, I.C.S. (Retired).

In the somewhat heated discussions on the White Paper constitution much play is made by its opponents with fears of disorders, of partiality, and of alleged Indian incompetence. There is nothing new in this polemic; it has been the stock in trade of all apologists for autocratic rule since civilization began. They have always urged that human beings should be ruled as children; they have always been confronted by subsequent facts.

Ireland and Russia are examples which will be within the memory of every one. Where are now the pries-ridden councils and the fratricidal riots so confidently predicted by the enemies of Irish freedom? As for Russia, it will suffice to mention that she is now second in the world in total production, first in iron and steel production; that over two-thirds of the land the tractor has replaced the wooden plough, that four-fifth of the people are now literate.

WHAT THEY FEAR.

But it is unnecessary to take too seriously the prophets of ill for India. It is not misrule they fear so much in India as self-rule, the substitution of government in the interests of India for government in the interests of Britain. No doubt many apologists are sincere in their belief. In a confused sort of way they picture an India given over to disorder and only restrained from absolute anarchy by the very comprehensive safeguards, including a dictatorship. We all rationalise our secret wishes; and what injures our own interests we conceive as injuring the interests of all.

Is not that the very core and essence of Conservative rule in England, or of Big Business anywhere? But the men who govern, whatsoever their public utterances may be, see with clear eyes the real objective of British rule, that is, the protection of British trade and investments, and they act accordingly..

CAUSE FOR ANXIETY.

At no time since the Mutiny have they had greater cause for anxiety, for the Indian "problem" becomes increasingly difficult. They are caught on the horns of a dilemma precisely as with the American debt. As all the world knows, the Cabinet hesitated long between defaulting, from which many of Britain's hard-pressed debtors might take their cue, or paying up with unhappy results, for their budget generally possibly even for their expenditure on armaments. So with India many Conservatives are torn with fear lest Britain lose India altogether if Federation be not given, and fear lest Federation may in trade deprive Britain of a privileged position besides imperilling the millions of British capital invested in India.

On this last matter their feelings are the more poignant since Germany defaulted on the £113 millions of British capital invested there. The dread of Sir R. Blacket, a Governor of the Bank of England, that the world might be faced with something like a general default, seems in process of coming true. All the more reason, say these realists, that we should hold with grip of iron the Indian masses, that we should yield no tithe of power that may safely be withheld.

GRAVE MATTER FOR BRITAIN.

"With our old friend and ally," Japan, undercutting British trade generally and especially in India, where in 1932 Japanese imports of textile excelled British imports, and the total imports from Japan were one four than British; with the United States off gold and therefore again enabled to compete sharply in the world market; with rising tariff walls and quotas everywhere, the Cabinet must in-

(Continued on page 11).

Frankly Speaking

THE BERAR MYSTERY.

The question of Berar has become very intriguing and it is time the Government made a clear statement on the subject.

The White Paper definitely stated that the Central Provinces, like the others, would be an autonomous province "with Berar, subject to the approval of conditions which are under discussion with His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government."

This meant that, whatever conditions might be finally approved, Berar would be a part of an autonomous province of British India. But only a few days ago the Nizam himself stated in a public speech:

> "The continuance and the strengthening of my sovereignty over the Berars has been secured."

The people of the province, who are most concerned, have a right to know without any further delay in what way the question of sovereignty has been disposed of behind their back.

NOT FOR INDIA

The World Economic Conference dealt with the question of shipping competition between the different countries, resulting in losses to a number of shipping companies

India can have only an academic interest in this question for she has no shipping worth the name. Indian shipping has to meet with severe and unfair competition from foreign ships, even as regards the coasting traffic.

The Bill that was brought forward in the Assembly met with strenuous opposition from interested quarters and met with a premature death.

Since then the question has been more or less neglected, as the Government are not at all concerned in giving protection to Indian shipping companies to enable them to withstand the strong competition of strong British firms.

The question will never be settled to the satisfaction of India until India has Swaraj, for the White Paper is surrounded by so many safeguards that whatever little India gets will be neutralised by them.

WILL THE POPE ACT?

Hitler will never be satisfied until all Germany is bent to his will and accepts his ruthless and primitive methods of government with the bludgeon as its religion.

His campaign against Catholics continues. But they have themselves to blame, for the Catholics, more than anybody else, except the Nazis, have been responsible for the present state of Germany.

They helped the Nazis to their present position by joining forces with them to subjugate Communists and others. Hitler has now begun his offensive against them, despite the fact that Vice-Chancellor von Papen is a Catholic.

The funds and property of the Catholic Society and eight other Catholic organisations have been confiscated. This may anger the Pope and force him to take up the challenge in earnest.

AN INVIDIOUS DISTINCTION.

No local body can be said to be really self-governing unless its Chairman is fully responsible to the body and removable by its vote of censure.

The new Bill to amend the U.P. Municipalities Act of 1916 partially recognises this principle and compels non-official Chairmen of Municipal Boards to resign their seats in the event of no-confidence motions being carried against them by not less half the members of the Boards.

But we do not see why official chairmen should be exempted from the operation of this provision. It is bad enough for a local self-governing body to have an official chairman. To enable him to defy the wishes of the Board is to encourage responsibility in him and cause endless friction.

It is to be hoped that the U.P. Council will insist upon removing the invidious distinction between official and non-official Chairmen.

SNUB FOR C.-M.-G.

Even the Punjab Government felt themselves called upon to snub the "Civil and Military Gazette" for its charge of nepotism against the High Court, and by implication the Chief Justice, who happens to be a Hindu.

The campaign against Sir Shadi Lal has gone on for a long time, but there ought to be a limit to everything. Communalism of the worst kind is rampant in Punjab, and both Hindus and Muslims are equally guilty of it.

The Punjab Government state that the appointments are made automatically, as there are set rules, though sometimes persons have to be passed over. That is inevitable, but it would be better to give these places to the ablest and the most impartial men, than to persons professing particular religions.

Read

THOSE HORRID BEGG

From Kaikobad F. Narim

So the Bombay Corpor have shelved this question want of funds, etc. Of all good work that this body c ever presume to put it to it cord, there can be no more u and essential a problem t tackled than the question of nuisance. I think it has pa the limit of nuisance long s and has become a veritable ture.

In to-day's issue of the "B bay Chronicle", we read "Hell Loose" regarding the affairs Nazis in Germany. It is a the City Fathers have no con for their own city, where "He let loose with a vengeance"! where you may, a crowd of t beggars would persecute you. however, the bitterest taste perdiction is contemplated, I w recommend a "third class" tri Andheri by one of the subur services of our B. B. and C Railway.

The Police Chief contends has no necessary powers to this nuisance. Are these gars in any way superior c tures to our Congressmen they are not given the same vilege t; be treated by spe Ordinances? If an average pol man were to show half the in chasing this lot, as they the sellers of the 'Congress Bu tin", the city would soon be of this torture and the ho spectacle of human beings cra ing on all fours, or on their lies or backs and drinking wa like dumb animals.

Are the Police aware that so of the more audacious amongst this professional bla guards are interested in Americ futures in line with the profed sional gamblers? Apart from other consideration has the Pol Chief never been moved to poor women folk feeling so he less when surrounded on all s by this lot. How can the G ernment, or the Police or our M Municipal Corporation allow su a danger to flourish with such i pudence in a city like Bombay

ROADS AND TOLLS

From Natha Singh, Contract Akola.

A few days ago I had a chan to motor from Bombay to Ak and had thus had to travel the Bombay-Agra road. One w has been travelling on Bomb roads finds himself as thro from Heaven to Hell as soon the spreymax roads of Bomb end.

The road from near Kurla Thana is in a very bad conditi and specially the portion whi passes through the Thana town, awful with so many dips and p holes that it simply becomes im possible to motor on that roa But the portion from miles 1 to 153 (25 miles) is simply di graceful; while travelling on th portion I was thinking that was doing cruelty and injustice the car as well as to myself bringing it on such a road wher there was no end to holes an dips.

It is really astonishing for traveller to see a portion of th main Royal road situated in th most forward province like Bom bay Presidency in such a ba state.

But the most curious and an noying thing above all is the to tax which the public have to pay in return for such a road. On has to pay not less than 18 toll taxes amounting to Rs. 11/- in all for a distance of about 300 miles about seven pies per mile. This is over and above the petrol tax of annas ten per gallon which means about six pies per mile Thus the total tax per mile comes to about thirteen pies which is in addition to so heavy a duty on cars and spare parts. All this comes out of the pockets of the persons travelling by cars.

Now naturally a question aris es in one's mind that when on has to pay such a heavy tax a detailed above he must have a least good roads to travel whi is not the case. On questionin P. W. D. Officers about such a b state of their roads, I have hea them saying that this is all d to increased traffic of motor ca But they don't take into co sideration that, if the wear a tear of the roads is increased account of cars and buses, income (through duties and taxes) is heavily increased too comparison with the maintena charges of the roads.

Special attention of the Bomb Government is invited to bad state of roads with the quest that it should improve condition of the roads though stages every year.

RENCE EXCITEMENT

o Britain And U. S. : To Commit Itself eement And f Silver

LONDON, June 30.

ronting the British Gov- lisation problem is the wards the linking up of ing Pound to Franc. Fail- tion of the sterling bloc.

ite decision on the stabi- n, at a meeting of the de- Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. conomic Conference is in a

was purely political and no

to France this afternoon, r to attend the resumed

r the morning's meeting, talk. That is all," while ved no indication of will- —Reuter.

cribed more of as an ultima- than a resolution.

ADLOCK ON SILVER QUES- TION.

eadlock has been reached be- d the scenes of the World nomic Conference on the sil- question also, owing to the erence of opinion between the ian and the United States' de- ations on the point.

t appears that the American egates desire India to commit lf to a long-term agreement restrict the sale of silver. Indian delegates feel that is unwise owing to the un- table eventualities.—Reu-

G POSTPONED FOR AN HOUR.

TER)—The meeting fixed p.m. was postponed at the minute for an hour pending t of an important commu- on from Washington.

is is expected as a result of sentations from Professor since he has been fully able quaint himself with full ts of the situation during his versations with Mr. MacDo- d and the United States' dele- ion since his arrival a couple days ago.—Reuter.

AY OF CAPI- TALISTS NOW

Middle Classes Will Soon Get it In Neck. Says Sir C. Trevelyan

Sir Charles Trevelyan, addres- a Labour demonstration in ll week in Derby, where the cialist League conference was ding place, said the Labour rty was beginning to under- nd that the existing economic e of society could not give a ent, secured life to the work- For a long time trade uni- m was the standby of the rkers. With the present sys- n trembling it could no longer ow how the goods could be de- ered.

"Capitalism is not only at the d of all it can give, but it is ing to get back if possible mething of what it has given," said. In the next ten years it ll be the turn of the salaried d lower middle classes. They e beginning to get it in the ck. They are just as much un- r the heel as the manual wor- r, and they are worse off.

"I am one of those who is get- ng the rents of many acres be- use he happens to be the son his father. I am a Socialist, nd as far as I can I return my ealth to the people, but I am nly one man. My wealth may eem great to you, but it is very ttle out of the whole mass of he wealth of the country. I be- eve unearned wealth is not eth- ally righteous, but you tolerate t."

it slowly begins to droop and ab- out 10 a.m. the whole tree tou- ches the ground. Again at 3 p.m. it begins to rise and stands erect at midnight. The height of the tree is about 8 feet.

This phenomenon is being wit- nessed with great interest by large crowds of people. Some per- sons attach divine significance to the strange movements of the tree.

GREATEST DANGER TO JUSTICE.

(Contiued from page 1).

O'Dwyer thought it advisable to refuse to transfer them.

Sir M. O'Dwyer: "No, because Parliament is committed to the advancement of self-Government and must take the risk provided it has the power to retrieve the situation if it proves disastrous to masses."

"SURRENDERED."

Sir T. B. Sapru and others drew attention to the fact that a number of retired administrators did not share Sir M. O'Dwyer's views.

Sir M. O'Dwyer pointed out that the view-point had altered. Our view-point before the War was, primarily, administration for the benefit of the people. Since then the views of the senior British officers had been largely deflected, and they were apt to consider politics with which they were surrounded more important than administration.

WILL PROVINCES BREAK AWAY?

Developing his view that Federation at present might lead to certain provinces breaking away, Sir M. O'Dwyer expressed the opinion that it was desirable that autonomous provinces should federate voluntarily. He informed the Archbishop of Canterbury that defection of one or two provinces need not delay Federation.

Lord Irwin suggested that this would break up the unity of India, the creation of which had been the principal work of British connection.

Sir M O'Dwyer agreed it would be most unfortunate if any province did not join.

Lord Irwin asked how in the event of an indefinite postponement of Federation Sir M O'Dwyer would deal with the question of responsibility in British India alone.

Sir M. O'Dwyer thought practical suggestions had been made in Lord Irwin's despatch of September 1930.

Lord Irwin pointed out that the situation had since changed.

Lord Salisbury suggested that one of the advantages of first establishing provincial governments would be the additional time available to consider the form of Central Government and Federation.

O'DWYER QUOTES SIMON.

Sir M. O'Dwyer, agreeing, referred to the danger of forcing on the people a system they did not understand, and which they would eventually repudiate. An interesting point was brought out when reference was made to a passage in the Simon Commission report "in writing the report we have not alluded to the events of the last few months in India," which Sir M. O'Dwyer quoted as showing that the Simon Commission had ignored communal outbreaks in recommending the transfer of law and order.

Dr. Ambedkar pointed out that it was commonly understood that the passage referred to the non-co-operation movement.

GREATEST DANGER TO JUSTICE

Lord Burnham said that it had reference to communal riots. Apprehensions of the deterioration of administration of justice, if judicial officers' promotion was dependent on the decision of a minister responsible to the party, was expressed in the memorandum submitted by Sir Louis Stuart. He said that attempts to affect decisions by personal influence constituted the greatest danger to the administration of justice. There was much corruption forty years ago, but there had been a steady and marked improvement and instances of corruption were now very rare.

He feared, however, for the future, because while he was not suggesting that Indians were incapable of administering courts, he feared probability of political pressure and suggested that promotion should be left to the High Court.

Dr. Gour asked what passage in the White Paper had provoked Sir L. Stuart's evidence.

FAIR ASSUMPTION.

Sir L. Stuart thought it a fair assumption that transfer of law and order would involve the transfer of promotion, but if that was incorrect his argument failed.—Reuter.

OFFICIAL & SOCIAL

The Hon. Sir Ghulam Hussein Hidayatallah, the Hon. Mr. R. D. Bell, the Hon. Dewan Bahadur S. T. Kambli Mr. E. W. Perry Mr. P. B. Advani and Dr. W. Burns lunched at Government House at Ganeshkhind on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Ewbank, Mr. C. G. Freke and Mr. C. B. B. Clee dined at Government house Ganeshkhind.

H. H. the Maharaja of Travancore, the Junior Maharani and the First Princess of Travancore lunched with Their Majesties at Ascot on 16th June, and later attended the Aldershot Searchlight Tattoo.

Mrs. Tapibai Ranchordas Gandhi, has left Rs. 40,000 at the time of her death for the uplift of women. She donated Rs. 8,000 for Tapibai Mahila Pushtakalaya at Amreli and also founded Tapibai Charity Fund for the relief of the poor and for the advancement of women's education.

THE CABINET'S DILEMMA

(Contiued from page 10.)

deed see to it lest Britain lose one of the few favoured markets remaining. Every diminution of imports too injures the balance of trade, and that for Britain has become a grave matter. For the first time in history the balance of trade, including invisible expor , was in 1931 adverse. It continued adverse during 1932 and is also continuing to the present date. If that continues, still more if it is accentuated by events in India, Britain can only avert bankruptcy by one of three methods, a drastic curtailment of imports, short term loans, or the sale of foreign securities. The first of these measures, as the United States has discovered, begets retaliation by foreign countries and limitation of exports. The second gives dangerous powers to foreign financiers or Governments, witness the flight from the pound before it went off gold. The third amounts in effect to living on one's capital.

A LOSING BATTLE.

Amidst the Cabinet's many preoccupations in this time of crisis, India, therefore, is by no means the least. Naturally British politicians search diligently for allies amongst the Indians, such as the Princes, who may maintain the threatened domination of British capital. Any diversion, too, to religious quarrels is eagerly welcomed, for these turn popular interest away from the only issue which matters, political power. All happenings—religious fast for instance—that have the same result are reckoned as assets by the imperialist gamesters. But every effort notwithstanding, they are conscious of the adverse trend of world events, of falling production and falling trade, of embittered quarrels with rival Powers, of the rising urge to political freedom amongst the subject peoples. understand that they are fighting a losing battle, but they will fight it to the end.

TRANS-INDIAN AIR SERVICE :

KARACHI, June 30.

The inward airmail arrived at 4-15 this afternoon with six passengers including Mr. F. Tymm, Director of Civil Aviation, Government of India, and Mr. R. E. Grant Govan, director of the Trans-Continental airways.

Interviewed by the Associated Press Mr. Tymm said that by the new arrangement an Indian company, namely the Trans-Continental Airways, would work not only in India but also as far as Singapore, covering a distance of about 4,000 miles. The first service would be on July 7th. The Trans-Continental planes would bear Indian registration marks and would be manned by Indian crew. At outstations the Trans-Continental airways would co-operate with the Imperial.

EXTENSION OF SERVICE.

The service would be extended to Singapore in October and to Australia next spring. Arrangements had been made with the Imperial Airways for engaging Indians. Three Indians had already been engaged and they would shortly proceed to England to undergo training under the Imperial Airways and to be ultimately employed in India.

Mr. Tymm hoped that the present timetable would be worked throughout summer.

Flood lights have been sent to Jodhpor to facilitate night landings. Mr. Tymm is leaving for Jodhpor on Sunday morning and will arrive Delhi on Monday.—A. P.

SEPARATION OF FUNCTIONS

U. P. Council's Request To Government

NAINITAL, June 30.

The U. P. Council, to-day, adopted a resolution recommending to Government to communicate its desire to the authorities concerned that judicial and executive functions should be immediately separated.

Another resolution was passed urging that medicinal plants in use in rural and urban areas in the Provinces should be pharmacologically worked out with a view to finding out their medicinal properties.—A. P.

PLEDGES ON INDIA

Don't Bother Too Much About Them, Says Lord Salisbury

Lord Salisbury, speaking in mail week at an eve-of-the-poll meeting in support of Sir Arnold Wilson, the Conservative candidate in the Hitchin by-election, referred to India and the question of pledges. After mentioning that he was a member of the Joint Select Committee before whom the Indian question was being discussed at this moment, he siad that people who were rash and over-anxious in dealing with that difficult subject were saying, "You are pledged to a certain policy in India."

"Believe me," said Lord Salisbury, "that phrase is very misleading. The pledgges, such as they are, depended upon certain conditions, and unless these were fulfilled there was no pledge at all. These conditions had to do with the readiness of India to receive the representative institutions of responsible government and things of that sort. Therefore, when you have to form an opinion upon this Indian question, do not bother yourselves too much about pledges. You have to consider the subject on its merits. Even if we were pledged, it would be an absurd thing because of a pledge to confer upon India something which would be very bad for the people of India or something which was impossible to work at all. We must exercise our independent judgment as to what is good for the people of India in this respect."

GETTING MARRIED HIS ONE HOBBY

David Gisby, who is fifty-six, a plumber, and a native of Chelmsford, had a hobby.

It was attending marriages—always as the bridegroom.

He managed to crowd in four ceremonies before the police discovered his hobby.

When he appeared at Essex Assizes accused of bigamy, in mail week, Gisby said that he had had a troubled life.

"I wonder what he expected—marrying four women?" asked the judge.

Gisby will attend no more marriages for eighteen months.

STOP PRESS

PRIVATE MEETING OF "JOINT"

LONDON, June 30.

The Joint Select Committee held a private meeting at which no evidence was called. The Committee adjourned to July 4, when it will hear the European Association and also the Assam Branch of the Indian Tea-planters' Association.

The union of Britain and India represented by Sir John Thomjson, Sir Alfred Watson and Mr. Villiers, will give evidence on July 5. Sir Charles Innes on July 6 and the Associated Chambers of Commerce on July 7.—Reuter.

GOLD BLOC MEETING.

The Gold Bloc meeting reassembled at Downing Street for half an hour and dispersed without making any statement. They are reassembling later. No statement is expected before 10 o'clock.

Late this afternoon Prof. Moley, Mr. Bennet, Messrs. Jung and Leithross deliberated at the American Embassy and reconsidered the final draft formula for submission to the Downing Street meeting. The draft indicates that the gold standard may be achieved at some future date and also urges international control on the wide speculative fluctuations of currencies.

No word has been received from President Roosevelt, M. Litvinoff and Sir John Simon, who had an hour and a half's interview at the Foreign Office to-day.—third in the last few days.

A communique forecasts another meeting shortly, and in the meantime mentions that progress is being made, although the matter under discussion is not yet complete.—Reuter.

RIGIDITY OF CENSORSHIP

Journalists' Association Points Out Handicaps Of Press Which Are Under Heavy Securities

(Continued from page 1.)

making it increasingly difficult for newspapers to function. His Excellency declined to receive the deputation but it was suggested that the deputation might wait on the Hon'ble the Political Member or the Chief Secretary. (Letter of Mr. J. D. Tyson dated 3rd March 1932). The Association could not agree that any useful purpose would be served by discussing the matter with these officers but placed the following suggestions in writing for the consideration of His Excellency; (a) that no news should be withheld from the press; (b) that papers should be allowed to publish news within the terms of the Ordinance and that the Ordinance be not extended for practical purposes by the ban on news that does not come within the Ordinance; (c) that the editor should have the discretion regarding the arrangement of news matter and their proper display; (d) that the press officer should not give directions to papers individually but collectively; (e) that the Press Officer should give his instructions or directions in writing: (f) that the Press Officer'ss instructions should be exhaustive and should not be given piecemeal from day to day. These instructions should be on definite principles and must not be arbitrary to suit the exigency of the political situation.

The Executive Committee of the Association at its meeting held on 10/2/32 again invited the attention of the Government to the disabilities imposed on the Press.

The grievances of the newspaper formulated above remained unattended to.

REPLY TO CHARGES.

The censorship rigid of otherwise indicated above remained sufficiently long in force and the Calcutta papers came to have a fair idea as to what the Press Officer did not like should to be published. As all the leading Indian dailies of Calcutta were under heavy securities they had to be particularly careful as to the publication of report of police assaults committed as alleged within the walls of the various police stations.

In view of the rigidity of censorship of news from Chittagong and the promulgation of rules framed under the Bengal Emergency Powers Ordinance (Ordinance No. 11) the Association sought guidance from the Government as to the scope of the rules which made it penal to publish news "regarding the police and the military forces. The Government refused to give the guidance (political Departments letter 21603 P dated 19/12/31) with the result that the newspapers considered it very unsafe to publish any news relating to the police and the military at Chittagong.

The Association had also occasion to protest against the directions of the Press Officer not to publish certain procedings of law courts.

The Government has mentioned in its letter the reports from Midnapore of alleged policy oppression and alleged improper treatment of Mr. Aney which the newspapers have been able to publish. As a matter of fact, the newspapers publish only a small fraction of the reports that they get from Milnapore The alleged ill-treatment of Mr. Aney has reference to what took place in Jail and does not concern the police.

In view of the facts stated above and the Association has many other facts of the same nature in its possession, if the Government persists that there is no rigid censorship of the Press the Association and the Government must have very different no rigid censorship of the Press ideas as to what constitutes "rigid censorship."

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
Sd/- Mrinal Kanti Bose,
Secretary,
INDIAN JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION.

P. S.—As your letter under reply has already appeared in the "Statesman" and other papers. I am sending this letter to the Press for publication.

DRIVEN BY POVERTY TO MURDER

Mother Gets Life Sentence For Strangling 3-Year Old Child

"It appears to me that the accused was compelled to commit this deed on account of her poverty. There is evidence on the file to show that she had been wandering about in the villages and begging to maintain herself after the death of her husband. Compelled by her strained circumstances she committed this foul deed", remarked the Additional Sessions Judge, Rohtak in caourse of his judgment convicting and sentencing to transportation one Mst. Mehro of Rohtak district for the murder of her three year old daughter. Mst. Mehro had lodged a jail appeal against the sentence which came up for hearing before the Division Bench consisting of Justices Bhide and Currie of the Lahore High Court.

It was alleged that the accused after the death of her husband had been wandering from place to place and at last on 30th September, 1932 she came to Shimli village and proceeded to the village pond, strangled her child to death and threw it in water. A resident of the village entered the pond to take a bath. His feet touched the dead body of the girl and the same was taken out.

MOTHER'S PLEA.

The woman stated in court that she left the girl at the pond and went to answer the call of nature. On her return she found that the girl was missing.

The medical evidence was to the effect that the death of the child was due to suffocation brought on by compression of the mouth. There were scratches on and around the mouth and on the forehead and there was absolutely no water in the stomach. This showed the child ceased breathing before it was placed in water.

The Sessions Judge disbelieved the woman's story and sentenced her as above.

STUDENTS AS CHEFS

British chefs for British restaurants is the latest move by a large British firm owning several hotels and restaurants.

It is proposed, with the co-operation of the Ministry of Labour, to introduce schoolboys of good education into kitchens.

They will serve for two or three years as paid apprentices. By the time they are twenty or under, they should be fitted for £400-a-year posts.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE
SESSIONS COMMENCED
For all Commercial Specialisation Diplomas
Intending Students Must join immediately.
80, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

NO MORE PYORRHOEA
USE B.R.B.
XLOL POWDER
WITH XLOL GUM PAINT
TRADE B R B MARK
A Definite Permanent Cure For PYORRHOEA and all other GUM DISORDERS. Ask for a free Illustrated Literature
Beli Ram & Bros.
304 Princess St. Bombay 2.

APCOS FRUITALKO SALINE
EFFERVESCENT SALINE
SOLD EVERYWHERE

BUTTER FAKERS PLAY FOR TIME

Municipal Prosecutor Acquiesces In Plea For Adjournment

The complaint that the Magistracy do not speedily dispose of the Municipal cases brought before them was totally disproved by Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Friday afternoon, at the hearing of several cases filed under the Bombay Prevention of Adulteration Act V. of 1925 against adulterators of butter.

The Magistrate could proceed no further than the initial stage, as Dr. J. B. Shirgaoker, Assistant Health Officer, "D" Ward who was prosecuting, failed to oppose the adjournments asked for by the accused on the ground of summoning the manufacturer to prove their innocence.

PLEA FOR ADJOURNMENT.

In each of these cases, the accused who were charged with selling butter to a municipal officer, for which they had passed a receipt asked for an adjournment to bring the manufacurer as a witness to prove that they had purchased genuine butter.

The Magistrate pointed out that under Section 4(3) in any prosecution under this section, it shall be no defence to allege that the seller was ignorant of the nature, substance or quality of the article of food sold by him, or that the article was not defective in all three respects, namely, nature, substance and quality.

But His Worship observed that if the accused could prove that the article sold was purchased or obtained as agent by him as the same in nature, substance and quality, as that demanded by the purchaser, and with a written warranty to the effect that it was of such nature, substance and quality, or that he had no reason to believe at the time when he sold it that the article was not of such nature, substance and quality as stated above, or lastly that he sold it in the same state in which he purchased it, then no offence has been committed under this Section.

NO WARRANTY.

The Magistrate asked the accused whether they had any written warranty or any receipts to show that they had purchased the butter from the manufacturers, whom they alleged had sold it to them?

The accused were not able to produce any such documents, but asked for an adjournment to summon the seller.

The Municipal Officer not objecting the cases were all postponed.

The Magistrate then handed to the Municipal Officer certain notes he had made three years ago on the various sections of the Act, which he thought would be of considerable help to the Municipal authorities.

GHEE ADULTERATION.

The first case taken was against one Cheena Korsi and Meghji Thober for selling ghee to a municipal officer, which was found on analysis to contain 87.2 per cent. foreign matter. The accused was fined Rs. 100 in default two months' imprisonment.

CASE ADJOURNED.

Sherlar Shaha Behram, (2) Ardeshir Aspander, (3) Merwan Zend, (4) Ardeshir Jehangir, proprietors of the Rising Sun Bakery 11, Charni Road were then charged with selling adulterated butter. Mr. M. N. Chhatrapati for the accused stated that a warrant had been issued against accused No. 2, but it was not executed as he was at present in Persia. He asked for an adjournment to summon the "Shapoor Mail" who he alleged had sold them the butter. The Municipal Officer not objecting the case was adjourned to July 14.

HE KNOWS NOTHING.

In the next case the proprietor of the British India Dairy Co., Gowalia Tank, was prosecuted for selling adulterated butter found on analysis to contain 87 p.c. foreign matter. The accused stated he had purchased it from the "Shapoor Mail" at 10 annas a pound and he was selling it at 12 annas per pound.

Magistrate: Have you got any bills?

Accused: No, Sir! There is a monthly account.

Magistrate: Addressing Municipal officer, where is the Shapoor Mail?

Prosecuting Officer: I know nothing about it. I have no information.

Magistrate: Then adjourn the case to July 14 and get Shapoor Mail here by that date.

The proprietor of the Persian Dairy Co., Gowalia Tank Road, was prosecuted for selling butter which was found on analysis to contain 48 per cent foreign matter. The accused alleged that he had purchased the butter from the Indian Dairy Farm at 10 annas per pound and was selling it 12 annas.

NOT MY JURISDICTION.

Magistrate: Addressing the Municipal Officer: Who is the Indian Dairy Farm? Why are they not prosecuted?

Municipal Officer: Not my jurisdiction.

Magistrate: I don't understand you; do you suggest that if a man is selling adulterated butter outside the Court here, you cannot do anything?

Municipal Officer: I will inform Dr. Sanzgiri.

Magistrate:—Very well case adjourned.

The case against Hormusji R. Irani, the owner of an Irani shop at Mazagaon, who alleged that he had purchased the butter from the Indian Dairy Farm was also postponed to July 14.

The Magistrate addressing the Municipal Officer said that he hoped that at the next hearing he would be ready with all the particulars and also suggested that the Municipal officers should visit every Irani shop and eating house and obtain the names of the manufacturers and then raid them first, and if their butter was found to be adulterated, prosecute them first and then the retailers.

She was once a weak, sickly woman until she took Feluna

and now look at her, full of health and vitality.

Hundreds of women suffer needlessly because they do not understand the true nature of their trouble, they go on taking medicines that are only general tonics and not specially made to suit their case. If you are a woman who does not feel as healthy as you should, try Feluna Pills without delay. You will be surprised at the remarkable improvement in your health.

If you suffer from any of these complaints start taking Feluna at once.

Debility, Anaemia, Irregular or Painful Menstruation, Hip and Waist Pains, Weakness, Languor, Palpitation, Headaches, Constipation, Indigestion, "Nerves," Faintness, Dizziness, Depression, Heartburn, Irritability, Sleeplessness, Loss of Vitality, "Change of Life."

Any Chemist will sell you Feluna for Rs. 2-4 a bottle or get it by V. P. P. from P. O. B. 76 G. P. O., BOMBAY.

INSURE WITH

BHARAT INSURANCE ESTD. 1896

COMPANY, LIMITED

H/o. BHARAT BUILDINGS, LAHORE.

THE OLDEST & MOST SUCCESSFUL PURELY INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.

Assets Exceed Rs. 1,60,00,000

OFFERS to the Policy-holders——

SAFETY-SERVICE & SATISFACTION

Our FOUR-FOLD-BENEFIT policy offers you LIBERAL OPTIONS & UNIQUE ADVANTAGES.

AN AGENCY of "BHARAT" means genuine service to the Public and decent income to the honest worker.

Please address all enquiries to:—

V. B. BEHERAY, Branch Manager, York Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 11,25,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,17,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs 5,62,50,000

BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED ON TERMS WHICH MAY BE ASCERTAINED ON APPLICATION AT ANY OFFICE.

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.

Local Branches:—Byculla, Mandvi and Sandhurst Road.

STONES FOR JEWELS

Money Lenders Duped By Clever Ruse Of Gang Of Cheats

CONFIDENCE TRICK

Depositors Do Not Turn Up And Creditors Discover Hoax

HYDERABAD (Deccan), June 28.

The story of a clever ruse by which a number of money lenders in the City are alleged to have been duped to the extent of Rs. 5,000 was narrated yesterday before the Fourth City Magistrate, when three Muslims were produced for trial on several counts of cheating.

The prosecution story is that Basheeruddin, the first accused, who absconded while on bail, and the other three accused, visited the shops of several money lenders ostensibly to obtain loans on jewellery. In each case, while taking the loans, which were for short periods, they are alleged to have stipulated that they would pack the jewels themselves in the presence of the money lenders before depositing them. This was agreed to, but while these were being wrapped by two of the gang, the other two are alleged to have kept the money lender engaged in conversation, thus enabling their companions to substitude small stones wrapped in red paper for the packets containing jewels.

The substitution was unsuspected until the period of the loan expired, when the money lenders, finding that the accused did not turn up, opened the packets deposited with them only to find that they contained stones instead of jewes.

A complaint was thereupon lodged with the police who arrested the four accused. Basheeruddin, who is said to be the leader of the gang, was released on bail along with the others, but has since been absconding. On an application by the Police, the Magistrate issued a warrant for the arrest of Basheeruddin.

The case is proceeding.—A. P.

FORT CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE

The ninth annual general meeting of the Fort Co-operative Institute was held on Monday, the 26th June 1933 at Sir Vithaldas Memorial Hall Fort, Bombay when Rai Saheb Girdharilal D. Mehta, Chairman of the Institute, presided.

The annual report and the balance-sheet and statement of accounts for the year 1932-33 were read, and adopted.

The following office-bearers were elected:—

Rai Saheb Girdharilal D. Mehta, Chairman.

Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhatt, Vice-Chairman.

Mr. Kantilal B. Randeria, Jt. Hon. Secretaries.

Mr. Thakordas T. Ruwala, Jt. Hon. Secretaries.

Mr. Dolaray B. Oza Hon. Auditor.

Mr. Madanlal H. Vakil was elected to work on the Provincial Co-operative Council and Mr. Kantilal B. Randeria was elected to work on the Central Board of the Divisional Co-operative Institute.

WIZARD OF ELECTRICITY

Energy From Atmosphere Claim

BELGRADE (By Mail).

A Belgrade Engineer claims to have invented a machine which can extract and utilise the Electricity of the atmosphere an invention which, if it succeeds, may change the whole future of mankind.

This Engineer, Alexander Jashek, has—after 15 years' research produced a complicated machine whose lamps burn night and day with Electric energy which is stated to be derived from the air.

Jashek claims that the world is nothing more than a huge "Machine Motor," turning in the universe, and producing enormous quantities of Electric energy which have never yet been harnessed.

If his invention turns out to be practical a source of energy incalculably large, cheap and convenient, will be made available to mankind.

The invention is to be tested by scientific experts with the utmost care.—Reuter.

Sir Terence Keyes, the retiring Resident of Hyderabad, performed the opening of the new Y. M. C. A. headquarters.—A.P.

BETTER GAOL THAN FARM-YARD

Labourer Stages Hold-up And Welcomes State-Prison

ST PAUL, MINNOSOTA, (By Mail)

A farm-hand here told the Judge that he had staged a hold-up of a restaurant, because he felt that it was better to go to gaol, than to work sixteen to seven hours a day on a farm.

The Judge obliged him with a five years' sentence in the State Prison.

"Thank you Judge," said the prisoner gratefully as he left for his new residence.—Reuter

HOUSE & DRAINAGE TAXES

Shikarpur Rises Up Against Scheme

(From A Correspondent)

SHIKARPUR (Sind), June 29.

Shikarpur has been deeply shocked to notice the local self-Government Ministers callous indifference and unexpected imposition of house and drainage taxes. Mr. Tolani, M.L.C., visited the town recently and explained things to the administrator and agreed to accompany the city's deputation to the Minister. The Hindu Panchayat is inviting leaders of various professions to consider means of meeting the new situation. Moulvi Abdul Karim Chistee, President Anjuman Ishait-E-Islam is carrying on consultations with various Mahamadan Associations and Interests. A comprehensive and effective programme being framed will be published soon. The town is in great ferment.

PERFECT TOWN OF BLYTHE

Dream City That Has No Taxes

BLYTHE, GEORGIA, (By Mail).

Blythe is the Perfect Town.

It levies no taxes—it does not need them;

It has no treasury because it has no money;

Its officials serve without salaries;

The Mayor holds office year after year with popular acquiescence.

In 1927 the citizens chose Mr Thomas Nickles for mayor and twice thereafter they re-elected him in the annual pool. Everybody voted for him, so they concluded that the elections served no purpose and abandoned them.

The Municipality has modern gaol, but prisoners are few and far between. Even when there are prisoners no expense to the town arises. The Town Marshall simply feeds the culprits from his own table and says nothing about it.

The population of Blythe is about 500.—Reuter.

HOW TO BE HAPPY THOUGH MARRIED

Some Plain Talks By Much-Married Film Actress

New York, (By Mail)

"Don't keep a man guessing. "This is the advice of Peggy Hopkins Joyce, the American stage beauty who has been married four times.

"Men don't like to be harried or confused," she says. "Whoever said 'Keep a man guessing and you'll keep his love' did a disfavour to all womankind."

"Men are children. They don't like to be puzzled, confused, worried and harried by things they don't understand. Why should a woman treat a man differently than she herself would like to be treated?

"Men are naturally attentive and considerate. Women should be. Women like compliments. So do men. And men are just as quick as women to be suspicious of flattery.

"Too many women are overdressed, also. Men like simple gowns, "chic" little frocks, neatly tailored and conservatively smart wraps and hats."

ACHAL SING'S HEALTH

Ansari Prescribes Deep Ray Treatment

(From A Corresvondent.)

SIMLA, June 30.

Seth Achalsingh, ex-M.L.C. Agra, is here for a change for the last fortnight.

Dr. M. A Ansari after examining medical reports is of definite opinion that Sethji should undergo deep-Ray treatment at Chittranjan Hospital, Calcutta, or at Frieburg (Germany), under Dr Hoven who is the greatest expert in deep-Ray therapy in the world. Further he thinks that medical treatment will not do any good to him.

Sethji thinks of going to Calcutta for treatment.

Made in India

EVER READY

FLASHLIGHTS & BATTERIES

THE EVER READY (India)

170, Hornby Road Fort BOMBAY.

The ideal biscuit for the kiddies

These biscuits are made with Glaxo. Nourishing for Children. Favourites with all . . . . . .

Made by PEEK FREAN London

Agents:—Herbert Son & Co., Ltd., Bombay & Calcutta; T. Motanda Karachi; Parry & Co., Madras; Harperink Smith & Co., nando, 81-83, Chatham Street, Colombo, Ceylon.

NERVE WEAKNESS

Loss of Virility, Tropical heat Lassitude, Digestive Disorders, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Vital Incapacity, Seminal weakness, Loss of weight, Anaemia, Blood Impurity, Female Disorders, etc. Do you suffer from the above? Start taking at once

NERVINUS

(WITH GOLD)

and EXTERNAL MUSK LINIMENT FOR LOCAL LOSS OF POWER due to any causes. Nervinus with Gold Rs. 5 per bottle for 1 month's use. Liniment Rs. 2-8. Both together Rs 7, V. P. extra. Energy in every dose. Blood is enriched. New Life imparted and health and happiness ensured Made in India with Indian Capital.

INDIA'S BEST TONIC

It recreates broken down Cells and Nerves devitalized by long illness or excessive overwork of both body and mind of both sexes.

BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS

SHREE GAURANGA BHAVAN, BHAGALPUR. Tel. Add.—"Chemists," Bhagalpur, or from Messrs. THOMSON & TAYLOR, LTD., TREACHER & CO., P. M. ZAVERI & CO., Bombay; D. MACEDO & CO., Poona; PANDIT SHAH AND CO., Ahmedabad.

BOOKS ON ART

The Book of Hundred Hands By G. B. Bridgeman	Rs.	11-4
Figure Composition By A. A. Braun	Rs.	5-10
Figure Drawing By Todd	Rs.	3-12
Composition (Analysis of the Principal of Pictorial design) by C. C. Pearce	Rs.	10-8
Anatomy & Drawing By Victor Perard	Rs.	12-0
Sketching from Nature By F. J. Glass	Rs.	9-8
The Art of Drawing in Lead Pencil By J. Salway	Rs.	10-8
Advertising Printing and art in commerce by Preston	Rs.	12-0
The Artistic Anatomy of Trees By Rex Vicat Cole	Rs.	11-4
The Practice & Science of Drawing By Harold Speed	Rs.	8-0
Nature & Ornament By Lewis F. Day	Rs.	7-8
Animal Drawing & Anatomy By Edwin Noble ...	Rs.	10-8

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO., Kalkadevi Road. Bombay

/SOON STRONG IN MALABAR

ndia Weather Report

POONA, June 30.

rday's depression near Agra moved eastwards and lies morning near Mainpuri and aused strong monsoon in United Provinces with wide- thundershowers in the b and North Rajputana. monsoon has also been in Malabar, Kanara and Hyderabad and active in Central Provinces, Chota r Bengal, Assam and Lower

unsettled conditions in the Bay of Bengal are more d to-day. The rainfall has nearly general in Lower a, Assam, Chota Nagpur, United Provinces, East, Central Provinces, Konkan, South abad and Malabar, and lo- n Upper Burma, Bengal, East United Provinces, Central India, Rajputana, and North Punjab, North s Coast and North Hydera- while a few falls have occur- Bihar, West Central India, Central Provinces, South- Punjab, Bombay Deccan and as Deccan.

ef amounts of rainfall:— in two inches; Rangoon one half; Akyab and Gwa one, rst, and Kyaukpyu three- ers; Dinajpur three; Jalpai- two; Silchar, Chandball, heads, Naya Dumka one a half; Chaibasa and Dar- one; Sibsagar, Dhubri quarters; Ranchi a half; puri three; Agra and Ba- one; Seoni, Dhera Dun quarters; Guna, Pendra, Rai- Jagalpur, Chanda and Mus- a half; Allahabad, Luck- and Sutna a quarter; Bika- one; Jaipur threequarters; lana, and Lyallpur a half; re, and Dharampur a quar- Calicut five; Mangalore and in three; Hyderabad and abaleshwar two; Karwar, hur and Trivandrum one and lf; Gulbarga, and Khandala quarters; Mercara and Ni- bad a half; and Bombay, um and Masulipatam a er.

ecast:—The monsoon will ue strong in Kanara, Ma- South Deccan and in and West United Provinces ctive in Lower Burma, and East Central Provinc- strengthen round the f the Bay.—A. P.

BAY CITY RAINFALL.

e following are the figures he rainfall in the City on 30:—

infall during 24 hours 8 a.m. ate 30-6-33 Colaba Point 0.31" 0.05"; J. J. Hospital 0.00"; n Laboratory Matunga 0.08" tal since 1st June to date ba Point 10.29"; Fort 16.06"; Hospital 14.54"; Cotton La- ory Matunga 13.79".

tal for the corresponding pe- of 1932 Colaba Point 10.62"; 14.20"; J. J. Hospital 15.98".

al for the corresponding pe- of 1931 Colaba Point 6.08"; 6.43"; J. J. Hospital 7.31".

BAROMETER RkADING.

Bombay, June 30.

e Official Barometer Reading June 30.

8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a. Indian Standard Time) and erature 85.1 deg. F., a mer-

ell-being

All India Weather Report

The following table gives the details of the weather for the 24 hours ended at 8 a.m. on Thursday together with the rainfall departure from the normal since June 1:—

Stations.	Past 24 hours.	Sinse 1st June	Departure from normal
Allahabad	—	4.0	—0.6
Agra	2.0	9.3	+7.2
AHMEDNAGAR	0.1	6.2	+1.4
Ajmer	0.6	9.7	+7.5
AHMEDABAD	—	2.5	—1.7
Akola	—	9.9	+4.8
Amraoti	—	7.5	+1.3
Benares	0.3	7.2	+2.(
BOMBAY ..	0.4	10.0	—7.6
Bangalore	—	1.8	—1.0
Chittagong ..	0.1	15.7	—4.5
Calcutta	T	15.6	+4.2
Cawnpore ..	0.1	3.6	+.05
Colombo	0.9	8.9	+1.1
Delhi	1.4	15.7	+12.9
Darjeeling ..	0.3	21.2	—2.0
Hyderabad Dec.	1.1	10.7	+6.3
Hyderabad Sind	—	....	—.04
Indore	—	9.9	+4.5
Jhansi	1.6	9.6	+5.7
Jubbulpore ..	T	4.7	—2.2
Jacobabad ..	—	....	—0.2
KARACHI	—	....	—0.8
Lucknow	T	2.5	—1.7
Ludhiana	—	4.4	+2.2
Lahore	—	0.9	—0.7
Multan	—	....	—0.5
Mysore	—	0.6	—2.3
Madras	0.1	0.7	—1.1
Marmagoa ..	3.1	31.1	—...
Mussoree	—	...	—...
Mount Abu	T	0.7	—3.9
Nagpur	0.7	6.4	—2.1
Patna	—	7.0	—0.8
Peshawar	—	0.4	+0.4
POONA	0.1	5.9	+1.3
Pachmarhi ..	0.3	9.1	—0.1
Quetta	—	...	—0.1
Ranchi	—	7.8	—1.5
Rawalpindi	—	3.9	+1.8
Rangoon	1.3	24.0	+6.7
Rajkot	—	4.1	+0.1
Srinagar	0.1	2.4	+0.9
Sholapur	T	3.1	+1.4
Simla	T	5.7	—0.9

T denotes a follow from 1 to 4 cents

cury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.78 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.57 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

COLABA OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, June 30.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 30-6-1933.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.067 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.6 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.9 degrees (2.7 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 78.9 degrees (1.8 above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WNW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 15 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 204 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 29 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 6

Rain fall in 24 hours 0.31 inches

Total rainfall during the month 10.29 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 13.14 inches.

Weather Remarks:—Rain.

MAHARAO TO VISIT VIENNA

Will Do Continent For Three Months

BHUJ, June 29 (Bq Mail).

His Highness the Maharao of Cutch, who sailed for Geneva on the 22nd inst. has decided to spend a period of three and a half months' on his European tour.

He is due to visit Vienna after staying for some time at Geneva with his grandson, Prince Moghrajji. He will meet Maharaj Kumar Shree Vijayrajji, the heir-apparent of Cutch at the Riviera at Nice to inquire after his health after the readjustment of his shoulder bone by the eminent British manipulative surgeon Sir Herbert Barker, who was specially invited from Spain to treat the injury sustained by the Maharaj-Kumar.

During his absence from the Cutch State, the administration is vested in Mr. Surya Shankar D. Mehta, whom he confirmed as his Dewan prior to his departure from Bhuj on June 19.—A.P.

JUTES ACTIVE

Securities Remain Steady In Calcutta Market

CALCUTTA, June 30.

I; Share Market to-day Jutes were active and a steady undertone ruled throughout the session. Coals were steady. Teas were unchanged. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3 1/2 per cent paper 80/14 small odd lots; 5 1/2 per cent. New Loan 1947/50 91/1; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 95/16 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 110/15; 5 per cent L. P. Bonds 1944 104/8 small lot; 6 1/2 per cent treasury bonds 1935 106/8.

Railways:—Baraset Basirhat Light 51 small lots; Darjeeling Himalayan ord 79; Drajeeling Himalayan pref 91; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar (Guaranteed) 83/8 small lot; Sara Serajganj 85.

Coals:—Bokaro & Ramgur 8/; Pench Valley 31; Standard 24.

JUTES.

Anglo Indian ordy 375; Anglo India pref 134; Auckland 193 small lots; Barnagore 143; Clive 27/12; Dalhousie 380 small Empire 39/8; Gourepore 349 small lot; Howrah 51/11; Hukumchand pref 109; Kamarhatty 132; Kankinarrah 456/8; Lawrence pref 130/8; Lansdowne pref 109 small lot; National 23/12 small lot; New Central 409/9 small lot; Presidency 5/11; Orient 215 ex div

Miscellaneous:—Gorakhpur electric 6/8, Shahjahanpur Electric 6; Britannia Building & Iron 2/8; Indian Wood products 33; Titaghur paper pref 100; Titaghur Paper paid up 135; Port Shipping 12/8.

Sugars:—Carew & Co. 13/8, Champaran 27/14; Cawnpore 35/8; Murree Brewery 170; New Savan 16/4; Ryam 45/2.

Tea Shares:—Tezpore 4/8 small ord lot.—A. P.

LIGHTNING STRIKES FAMILY OF NINE

3 Persons Killed At Faridpur

FARIDPUR, June 25.

(By Mail.)

Information has been received here that the members of a Namasudra cultivator family of Ramnagar Char were struck by lightning.

Two aged sons and a daughter-in-law of the owner of the house died instantaneously.

The two sons, after ploughing the fields, returned home when they were struck by lightning and killed. Half a dozen other members of the family received severe shocks and fainted, but they escaped death.—A. P.

STATE PEOPLES' CONFERENCE

Bombay Office Suggests Propaganda In Kathiawar

(From A Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, June 29.

The Kathiawad Provincial Office of the Indian States People's Conference preparations for nolding whose fourth annual sessions at Bombay are afoot has been instructed by the Bombay Central Office to begin the Conference propaganda and send batch of workers to help the Conference work in Bombay. Accordingly first informal discussions among workers were held at Bhavnagar in which Mr. Balwantrai Mehta and Mr. Kalabhai Kothary participated. It was found that the idea of Conference was enthusiastically received and a gogod number of representatives would attend the conference.

It was also found that many of the workers are deportees under the Foreigners Act in connection with the movement and could not participate in the Conference

It is understood the same difficulty is experienced by workers of other provinces, specially Gujrat and Rajputana. General opinion in centres in Kathiawar, Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Junagad, Wadhwan; Limbdi is in favour of Bombay Conference. Workers are seriously considering the convenience of deportee workers. It is understood that this view-point is being brought to the notice of Bombay Office by the Kathiawar Provincial Office. A suggestion is gaining ground proposing some Indian State centrally situated as the best venue for conference session where hundreds of deportees can also join. It is likely that the next meeting of the Reception Committee will seriously consider the suggestion and meet the wishes of prominent states people's workers.

MADRAS GOVT. CIRCULAR

Social Worker Condemns Ban On Employee's Harijan Work

SECUNDRABAD, June 28.

The recent circular of the Madras Government, warning its employees to refrain from participating in any propaganda for the removal of untouchability, has evoked the following protest from Mr. Baji Krishna Rao, a leading social worker, who has wired to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Madras:—

'On behalf of the Non-Political National Workers' Association, Secunderabad, I respectfully but emphatically protest against the Madras Government's decision declaring the Harijan Uplift Movement political and urge reconsideration. A change in the mutual angle of vision between the Government and social workers is undesirable." —A. P.

RESOLVED

That

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY DID NOT PURCHASE ANY

WATER PROOF AS SWADESHI

Nor there is any Factory producing RUBBEROID WATERPROOF cloth anywhere AS YET IN INDIA

DO NOT BE THE ENEMIES OF SWADESHI IN BUYING FOREIGN WATER PROOFS AS SWADESHI

Buy MARROTT'S New WATERPROOFS

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN INDIA.

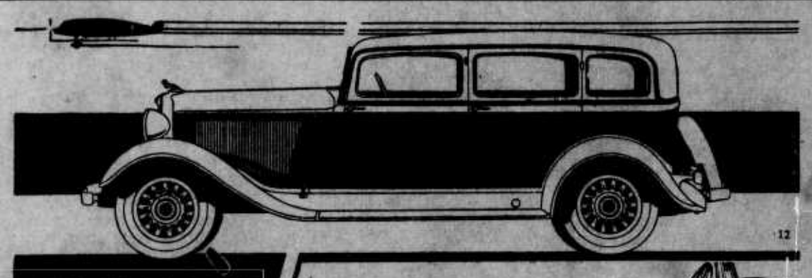
Thousands of unsolicited testimonials from Rajas, Nawabs, Government High Officials, Municipalities, District Boards, Steamship Companies etc., etc.

K. C. MARROTT, THE INDIA'S PREMIER HOUSE FOR NEW WATERPROOFS.

Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Girgaum Agent :—G. S. MHASKAR, Esq., Kandewadi Naka.

Calcutta Agents: MARWARI WATERPROOF WORK HARRISON Road, DINA NATH HARI RAM Barra Bazar.



DODGE 6

A New Six . . .

in the Low Priced Field

To be dynamic a motor car must have more of everything. This new Dodge Six has just that. SPEED, more than most people will ever want; POWER, to get you there easier and more comfortably, PERFORMANCE, flexible, responsive, instant acceleration. BEAUTY, from new and advance streamlining, yet at a price which will astonish your purse. Here is an entirely new Dodge Six—designed, powered, built, and priced to be sensational. It is sensational. And it is comfortable, and safe, and luxurious.

A New Semi-vertical angle to the steering wheel.

Full tank shielding completely conceals tank and gear.

As modern as this beautiful full-visioned instrument panel with built-in glove compartment

DRIVING IS AN EXTREMELY PLEASANT SENSATION

CALL and SEE THERE IS NO OBLIGATION

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY, LTD.

534, Sandhurst Bridge, Bombay, 7. Branches: Lahore & Ahmedabad.

Telegrams "CYCLOSTERS" Also SOLE AGENTS for:— Telephone No. 40585.

CHRYSLER, CHRYSLER-PLYMOUTH, TRIUMPH MOTOR CARS and DODGE BROTHERS TRUCKS.

TRIAL WITH HERCULES CRUCIBLES WILL PAY ALL IT'S WORTH

SOLE AGENTS.

BATLIBOI & Co.

MADRAS. (108, BROADWAY. / FORBES STREET, FORT) BOMBAY.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

WITHOUT CALOMEL

And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Feeling Great

If you wake up in the morning feeling sour and depressed, entirely lacking in vim and vigour, don't swallow a lot of salts, mineral water, oil or harsh purgatives and expect them to make you suddenly sweet and buoyant and full of sunshine.

They can't do it. They only move the bowels and a mere movement doesn't get at the cause. The real reason for your run down feeling is your liver. It should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily.

If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Your stomach is filled with gas. You have a thick, bad taste and your breath is foul, skin often breaks out in blemishes. Your head aches and you feel down and out. Your whole system is poisoned.

It takes those good, old CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "tip top". They contain wonderful, harmless, gentle vegetable extracts especially effective when it comes to making the bile flow freely.

But don't ask for liver pills. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Always look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the Red Package label.

Bank of India, Ltd.

Established 7th September, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Company's Act VII of 1859).
Head Office:
Oriental Buildings, Bombay.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay); Poona; Bandra; Bara Bazar, Calcutta); Ahmedabad; Rajkot and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS.
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.
Capital Subscribed Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserved Fund Rs. 1,00,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent. per annum. Interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in accounts for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.
The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

The Union Bank of India Ld

Head Office: Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Branches:—Civil Station Rajkot, and Wadhwan City.
Capital Paid Up ... Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund ... Rs. 7,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 1½ per cent. per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One Lac.
FIXED DEPOSITS for long and short periods received on favourable terms.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on daily balances or 3½ per cent. per annum on minimum monthly balances. Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.
Advances made on approved securities.
All kinds of Banking business transacted.

TO RESTORE
LOST MEMORY
VITALITY
STRENGTH
ATANK NIGRAH PILLS
Rupee ONE per tin (32 pills)
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar.)

COTTON

LATEST INFORMATION IS MONEY ITSELF.
COTTON BUSINESS.—We transact cotton business on behalf of our clients through the E. I. C. Association, Ltd., and the Mahajan Association. Our clients remain in touch with all the latest information from all Foreign Markets which help them to cover their bargains profitably.
NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—The New York and Liverpool Cotton Markets dominate all other markets of the world and every bit of information there is flashed all round the world. Shrewd speculators avail themselves of the news and make profits. The Bureau remains in constant touch with these markets right from the opening midway fluctuations to the closing prices.
STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS-RATE:—The Stering-Dollar Cross-Rate is of utmost importance to business. All the commodity markets rule practically in tune with the fluctuations in the Cross-Rate. We receive opening, closing and all time to time fluctuations together with our London Agent's opinion. We can wire or telephone same to any part of India for a moderate charge.
TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CALLS:—Quotations of Liverpool and New York Future together with Bombay quotations and expectation (Dharna) can be phoned or wired to any part of India.
DAILY COTTON FUTURES FORECAST.—Based scientifically on astrological calculations and latest cabled advices. This is the only Institution which receives costly cables from Home daily stating therein American Cotton Futures Forecast.
OUR RATES ARE EXTREMELY MODERATE
Further particulars from:—
COTTON INFORMATION BUREAU
181, Esmail Building 1st Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY
'Phone No. 24241.
Tel: "VANUSET."

How A Woman May Retain Her Youth

"The woman who wants to look young must taboo massage creams and liquid rouge. She will only harden the structure of her face and destroy the fine texture of the skin," said Mrs. Margaret Holmes Bates, the well-known author.

"Reputable physicians have declared that if she indulges in artificial methods she risks losing her health," she continued. A perfectly natural method of treating a bad complexion is by using ordinary mercolized wax, as this adds nothing to the complexion, but takes from it instead. This wax obtainable at any chemist's, flakes off the sallow or blotchy outer skin in fine particles gently, without harming the skin beneath, which gradually makes its appearance. The brilliantly beautiful complexion thus obtained is a new one —quite different from a patched-up old complexion. This is one way to retain youthful looks.

A NEW MEDICAL IMPROVEMENT

PROLONGATION OF HEALTHY AND ACTIVE LIFE TREATMENT OF ALL AILMENTS.
Men of science whose names are world renowned, have proved beyond doubt that the weakening of the human organism, uric acid poisoning innumerable ailments, precocious senile decay and death itself are caused by feeble vital glands unable to carry out their essential functions properly. They no longer supply the constitution with the necessary active life-giving ferments. These savants have shown that lost physical health and virility can be rendered to impoverished organisms by means of the introductions into the body of extracts of vital glands such as KALEFLUID.
KALEFLUID rejuvenates and strengthens every element of the human body; it replaces lost vigour and brings back health, speeds up the nutritive forces, dissolves and eliminates uric acid and its salts and poisons. After a course of the KALEFLUID treatment you will find pains and maladies disappearing as well as your nervous depression. You will become cheerful and alert and you will enjoy a healthy life full of youth.
KALEFLUID has earned five Grands Prix and five Grandes Medailles d'Or in Paris, London, Brussels, Rome and Florence.
KALEFLUID is on sale in Paris at the LABORATOIRE DU KALEFLUID 49, Rue Balagny, PARIS and in BOMBAY, from KEMP and Co. Ltd., Charni Road, Queen's Street.
Ask for the explicative booklet free of charge.

DIVINE MEDICINE OF
HERNIA
CENT PER CENT SUCCESS WITHOUT OPERATION.
Why do you suffer from Hernia? Come to us, we shall make a contract with you and cure you of the disease. If you fail to see us send five pice postal stamp, have the testimonials and directions and get yourself radically cured from afar.
Apply to:—Dr. H. C. ROY,
DIVINE TREATMENT HALL,
91, Amherst Street, Calcutta.

The Post-Graduates Association
for the study of
The AYURVEDIC THEORY
as applied to treatment of diseases.
The work of the association is to be started on the 6th July, 33. The information as to the enrolment of members, the detailed course of study, etc., shall be supplied by correspondence or personal conversation. Send 1-1¼ anna stamp for reply:
VAIDYA PANCHANAN GANGADHARSHASTRI GUNE, Ahmednagar.
Principal, Post Graduate Association;
The Ayurvedic Medical Consultation Hall, Ghia Mansions, 2nd Floor,
Shaikh Memon Street,
BOMBAY, 2.

RAVAL CEMENT TILES
ARE BEST
Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

Congress Must Win Back World Opinion

Too Much Stress On Harijan Problem Gave Europe Erroneous Idea Of State Of Things, Says Subhas From Vienna

VIENNA, June 21.
Subhas Bose writes:—
The World Economic Conference has been meeting in London, and as usual, India is being represented, not by elected representatives, but by nominees of the British Government. Whether the world benefits from the Conference or not, it is certain that India will not gain anything. The position of the British Government seems to be an anomalous one. On the one hand they, along with other Nations, are talking of a tariff truce, and on the other hand, they are raising the tariff on Japanese textile imports into India. The Indian Delegation to the Congress of the International Chambers of Commerce in Vienna, strongly opposed the idea of a tariff truce so far as India is concerned, since the Indian industries need protective tariff.
The Congress in Vienna was meant to be a prelude to the World Economic Conference, but in the case of India, this is not so. India has no voice in selecting her delegation to the World Economic Conference, consequently, the views expressed and maintained so firmly by the Indian delegation at the Vienna Congress will not be heard within the precincts of the London Economic Conference and the Indian delegation to the London Conference will, in all probability, sing and dance to the tune of the British delegation.

A SUGGESTION.
In the circumstances, what could be done? In my humble opinion, a Memorandum should have been published embodying the real views of the Indian people on all economic questions and this memorandum should have been distributed broadcast among all members of the London Conference. It is also possible that some members of the Conference could have officially brought to the notice of the entire Conference the real views of India on economic questions. But who is to organise this? Evidently, it is the duty of the Indian National Congress, but the Congress is hardly alive to the necessity of international propaganda and whatever international propaganda is done directly or indirectly by Congressmen is not of the effective sort.
At present the major portion of the propaganda about India that is carried on in Europe and in America, is conducted by pacifist missionaries and feminist organisations. All honour is due to them for making the voice of India heard in other lands. At the same time, one must confess that unless and until politicians and economists are interested in India, the present method of propaganda will not bring us much benefit. Politics to-day is largely, if not wholly, influenced by economists. Consequently, if India desires effective propaganda in other countries she must take more interest in international economics.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT REQUIRED.
Some of the Indian papers which arrived here this week contained the information that a special session of the Congress was being contemplated. This news was, however, contradicted by other papers. I do not know what programme the Congress will adopt, if it should meet now, but, in any case, I am firmly of opinion that the Congress should have a foreign department and the task of this department should be to see to it that India is adequately represented at all the International Conferences and Congresses.
Innumerable International Conferences dealing with all sorts of subjects meet in different parts of Europe and America throughout the year, but India is hardly represented at any of these. The result is that, we are not able to keep abreast of the modern world in the different departments of human progress. Of these International Conferences, the most important are those that deal with economics.

INDIA'S STRONG CASE.
I know that, it will be difficult at first to get the real representatives of the Indian people to represent India at these Conferences, but if we go on agitating inside and outside India, we shall be able to carry our point ultimately. England will no doubt, try to treat India as a province of England in the selection of Indian representatives, but since India is a member of the League of Nations, she has got a strong case for insisting that her representatives should be the epresentatives of the people and not the nominees of the Governm nt.
The other day I was explaining to a member of the Social Democrat Party here why the All-India Trade Union Congress had been boycotting the Annual International Labour Conference at Geneva. This friend was surprised to learn from me that the labour representatives to this Conference from India were selected not by the All-India Trade Union Congress but by the Government. He said that this was against the rules and if this question were placed before the proper authorities at Geneva the mistake might be rectified. This friend may be too optimistic but in any case I have no doubt that if agitation is continued for the proper representation of India at the World conferences we are sure to succeed ultimately.
Friends in India might think that it is too expensive for India to send out delegations to these International Conferences, but we should not forget that there are a number of highly educated and exceptionally able Indians in Europe and America whose services could be commandeered for the purpose. I have no doubt that many of them would be too glad to serve their country in this way, but unfortunately we Indians are not able to utilise their services.

WHO IS TO BENEFIT?
Regarding the question of a tariff on Japanese textile imports into India, it is not clear to people abroad whether it has been imposed in the interests of Indian Mills or in that of Lancashire. It may be argued that it has been imposed for India's benefit just as people sometimes talk of safeguards in the interests of India, but it remains to be seen who is actually benefitted thereby.
Last week's papers brought the news that some political prisoners had died of hungerstrike in the Andaman Islands. Considering the magnitude of the calamity it does not appear from the papers that the public have given sufficient importance or attention to this matter." The formation of the Andaman prisoners' Relief Committee was a most timely one and the full weight of public opinion in India should be behind the Committee in the work that they have undertaken. The question is certainly an All-India one and the whole country should take up the question with the same degree of interest and enthusiasm.

INDIA AND WORLD OPINION
During the last few years to the outside world India was a political problem. In other words, the outside world looked upon India as fighting for her freedom, but of late there has been a change. India has now become a social problem. In other words the outside world now thinks of India as a country teeming with untouchables and in which different castes are eternally at war with one another. There is hardly one foreigner who has not asked me how India can hope to get her freedom when she has so many internal divisions. Of course I have replied saying that the impression that they have got from the papers is not correct and all the castes are enqually interested in securing freedom for India.
Neverthless I have felt that this impression is the result of continuous propaganda carried on in the European Press and we in India have ourselves helped this propaganda by sidetracking the National movement and converting it into a social movement for the abolition of untouchability. The fact that India's greatest leader has fasted and has risked his life for the removal of untouchability has naturally helped to create exaggerated notion in the western mind of our social differences and divisions. In short the effect on the European mind of Mahatma Gandhi's fasting has not, in my humble opinion, been to India's advantage

VIENNESE INSTITUTIONS.
Vinnese institutions continue to interest me. This morning I had an occasion to visit the National Library (which is the state library of Austria). The Director of the Art Section of the Library while showing me round, brought some Indian paintings and asked me if I could interpret them. In one series there were the ten incarnations of Vishnu. Another painting represented Sree Krishna lifting Gobatdhangiri. The Director was delighted to have the interpretation. He said that he was engaged in the writing of a book on the Theatres of the World and asked me if I could help him by supplying some pictures and scenes from modern Indian theatres. If any friends from India could supply pictures displaying the modern Indian theatres I shall gladly hand them over to the Director who would welcome them.
As my letter has become sufficiently long I shall stop here.
My physical condition is much the same.

C. & M. G. SNUBBED

Allegations Of Nepotism In Judiciary Refuted

SYSTEM IN PRACTICE

In Order To Keep Balance Of Communal Proportion Less Qualified Are Taken

SIMLA, June 29.
The Punjab Government has issued the following communique: —
"In a leading article published in its issue of the 27th June under the heaeding "Charges of Nepotism", "the Civil and Military Gazette" referred to an answer given by the Chief Secretary to the Punjab Government to a question put in the Punjab Legislative Council in which it stated that in certain specified cases relative of judicial officers had been selected in preference to others, who obtained higher marks in the examination for candidates for appointment to a cadre of sub-judges.
"The impression deliberately conveyed by the article is that these appointments afford instances of nepotism. There is no foundation whatever for any such insinuation. The system of appointment of sub-judges is determined by rules and is so devised as to secure from among those candidates who qualify at qualifying examination, representation of various communities and also of agriculturists and non-agriculturists in certain proportions.
"In addition, the rules provide for reservation of a proportion of a total number of vacancies, for candidates, who have qualified in the examination and who are either employed in the clerical establishment of judicial adminstration or who are relatives of judicial officers. The rules were framed by the local Government, by whom appointments are also made. The system necessarily involves passing over of some candidates, who would be appointed, were examination a purely copetitive one, but this is nn inevitable feature of system, which is deliberately devised to prevent predominance of any one community or class in judicial service.
"Thus in order to obtain a requiste number of candidates of a particular community it is almost invariably necessary to pass over candidates of another community, who stand higher in examination list. Similarly it is generally necessary to pass over non-agriculturists candidates in order to secure a requiste number of agriculturists candidates. So also it is necessary to pass over other candidates in order to satisfy the rule relating to members of judicial establishment and relatives of judicial officers.
"The application of the rules is in effect automatic and they leave no room for nepotism. In particular there has been no instance since the system was instituted of any candidate being selected, who is a relative of any judge of the High Court. The Imputations made by "The Civil and Military Gazette" are thus entirly baseless and the Punjab Government take the first opportunity of correcting the entirely erroneous impression, which they intended to convey.—A. P.

MOUNTAIN WINS AGAINST MAN

Everest Expedition To Be Recalled

LONDON, June 29.
It is announced that the Everest Expedition will be recalled. Mr. Bruce, Chairman of the Committee, interviewed by Reuter said, on account of very bad weather, there was little chance of success this season.
The decision did not mean that they have finally given up hope of conquering the Everest. But at present, mountain won against man and his machine.
The expedition made a splendid fight. When the new attempt was made, he hoped they would get a better season.—Reuter.

OOTY BANK RAID CA

COIMBATORE, June
The hearing of the Ooty B Raid Case commenced here day before the Sessions Judge
The first four accused Nit nanda, Kushiram Mehta, Bo Singh and Bachuram were cha ed with having committed dac armed with deadly weapons, w the fifth accused Shambunath charged under Section 109 (Abetment) 395 read with Sec 397 I.P.C.
The prosecution story was t the first four accused raided Travancore National Bank at C on 26th April and carried away cash box in the bank at the po of revolver. The first accu pleaded guilty, while the oth not guilty.
A panel of five rors was constituted. A ong the prosecution w

SWASTIK
SWASTIK OIL MILLS L" BOMBAY
SWASTIK SELLS
(WITH APOLO
Lars Porsen
By the nine
That the gr
Should suffe
Yes, we do st
of "SWASTIK" a
"SWASTIK' Soa
Hence the "Mark"
our customers are
when they buy "S
their own protecti
SWASTIK C
Also appears in additio
SWAST
Are now a household wo
and Twi
The SWASTI
NOTES 12287 60650
WANTED
or
Close-up!
BOTH!—w
Portrait Brownie No.
just by pressing this le
THIS model does everything
Brownie will do—and one th
more! It's splendid for la
scapes, groups, interiors and every
of snap or time exposure—and th
Click! it's ready to take a close
head-and-shoulders portrait at 3-f
range! By pressing a little lever y
bring the "portrait" lens into positi
—release the lever and it goes ba
out of sight. Simple, isn't it?
need to carry a sep rate portrait
tachment. See this No. 2 Port
Brownie (Model B) at your deal
—amazing value at Rs. 4/12!
KODAK LTD.
(Incorporated in England)

Fast and Furious Drama

that will set you a-glowing with the spirit of ADVENTURE and ROMANCE

ALONE WITH THIS SAVAGE GIRL AT LAST!

"I don't think ROBINSON CRUSOE had anything like this. I must read that book again."
● ALONE . . .
with only five hundred cannibals charging down on him from one side . . . and another tribe of angry natives rushing toward him from the other!
Douglas FAIRBANKS
At his best! In a MODERN COMEDY-DRAMA that fairly SEETHES with ACTION and THRILLS!
Mr. ROBINSON CRUSOE
UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE

TO-DAY and this week

Modern settings and atmosphere for Defoe's literary classic.

Love for a savage girl puts him to a deadly fight against hoards of infuriated cannibals—and how he escapes being roasted alive!

On a lonely island, he finds a paradise of beauty and happiness.

Lovely natural scenery of the South Seas!

Fascinating dances and music of the natives

Also showing: All-colour SILLY SYMPHONY "BIRDS of SPRING" and UNIVERSAL NEWS GAZETTE

6-30 and 10 p.m. SATURDAY & SUNDAY MATINEE: 3-30 p.m.

WELLINGTON TALKIES

DHOBI TALAO. Telephone: 22666

"SCHOOL of the BLIND"

OR

"ANDHALYANCHI SHALA"—

MARATHI PLAY

THIS LATEST IN SOCIAL DRAMAS will be STAGED BY

NATYA MANWANTAR LTD.

at the

RIPON THEATRE

GRAND OPENING

Saturday, July 1— at 9 p. m.

Sunday, July 2— At 3-30 p. m.

Thursday, July 6— At 4 p. m.

A UNIQUE CAST:—

Mr. DATEY; Mr. K. NARAYAN KALE, B. A., L. L. B.,

Mr. ALTEKAR; Mrs. VARTAK; Mrs. JYOTSNA BHOLEY.

Prices (including tax):—Rs. 4/8/- Rs. 3/6/-; Rs. 2/4/-; Rs. 1/12/-; Rs. 1/2/-; As. 14/- and As. 8/-.

Note:—Booking at the Theatre from 8-30 a. m. to 11-30 a. m. and from 4-30 p. m. to 7 p. m., seats can be booked from 12-30 noon to 4 p. m. at the Company's Office at Jagjiwan Mansions, New Bhatwadi, Girgaon.

...SATIONAL INCIDENTS!
Bharat Movietone in Hindi.

...MTAI

HILARIOUS THRILLS-COMEDY

...RI-BIBI

...ith
(Directed by DEOKI BOSE)
...SICAL-ROMANCE
... 8 & 10-30 p.m.
... & Sunday at 3p.m.
AND AT
CROWN TALKIES
(Golpitha)

...OM SATURDAY 8th

... DUNIYA

... PRODUCTION.
...g the seamy side of the smart ... race course, speculation and the ...

...uring:
...ARI, JAMSHEDJI, ...nd HADI
...SI KARANI.

... CINEMA

... BOMBAY.

TO-NIGHT

Commencing 1st July, 1933

We invite the high-class families, who appreciate

ART, MUSIC, DRAMA

YOU SHALL NOT MISS

It is INDIA'S GREATEST HINDI TALKIE EVER-PRODUCED

EAST INDIA FILM Co., Calcutta's FIRST HINDI TALKIE

Naia-Damayanti

Featuring

Miss MUKHTHAR BEGUM
INDUBALA, NARBADA SHANKAR, AKHTERI, etc.

They make

GOLDEN PICTURE with 100 per cent. SPARKLING DIALOGUES

Series of enthralling situations of LOVES! HATES! PASSIONS! MISERIES! etc.

Time: 5-15; 8; 10-45 p.m. daily.

Saturday, Sunday, Friday & Holidays 2-45 Matinee.

AND NOTE

Mr. KRISHNA CHANDRA DEY

The blind singer who made a hit in "PURAN BHAKTA" sings in this great Mythological Talkie.

AT

GLOBE TALKIES

SANDHURST ROAD.

2nd Glorious Week

Come and have a real hearty laugh and be happy

AFZAL

OR

HOOR-E-HAREM

Featuring;—

NISAR,
KABULI,
AMINA,
HASINA,
F. SHAH.

Gorgeous Settings,
Melodious Songs,
Powerful Story
and a laugh each minute

Thousands of people saw this picture last week—and thousands had to be turned away owing to packed houses

One and all opine that it is the HEALTHIEST and HAPPIEST comedy ever produced

DON'T MISS IT!
DAILY: 5-15, 8 and 10-30
SATURDAY & SUNDAY
2-30 Matinee

SEE AND HEAR IT at

WEST-END TALKIES

LAMINGTON ROAD

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

JUPITER GENERAL
is a progressive Insurance Co.
J5

REGD. NO. B. 1069

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1933

JUP
GE
can be ob
Insuring li
occasions
Insurance

CLARION CALL TO HUMANITY

Rs. 20,000 Urgently Needed For Starving Bhils

HUMANITARIAN LEAGUE'S APPEAL

Public Meeting To Be Held In Bombay At Marwari Vidyalaya To-Day

We have received the following appeal:—

The heart-rending accounts of the distress among the Bhils of Panch Mahals, and its corroboration by Sjt. Amratlal Thakar Bapa who recently travelled 108 miles in the famine stricken areas and personally saw how death has been staring at lakhs of Bhils are already before the public. The Municipality, District Local Board, Bhil Seva Mandal at Dohad and the Mahajan all did their level best to save the Bhils from starvation. But now that the matter is beyond their control, they have been appealing for help.

The Bombay Humanitarian League appointed the Distressed Bhil Relief Committee which held its first meeting on the 29th June 1933. The Committee co-opted many more leading men in Bombay and have started a Relief Fund for the purpose.

The urgent need as informed by Sjt. Thakar Bapa and other workers in the famine areas, are, supplying doles to the starving, pieces of loin-cloth and a sheet for protection from cold and seeds for sowing. All this is needed very urgently if deaths from starvation now and next year are to be averted.

The Bombay Humanitarian League Distressed Bhils Relief Committee have to-day sent Rs. 1,000 to Bhil Seva Mandal Dohad with instructions to begin distribution of necessary relief in whole area. The Committee have so far received Rs. 803 as acknowledged are this. The approximate need for funds as estimated now is Rs. 20,000 least, which if obtained will keep up the starving thousands for two months and will enable the Committee to distribute necessary seeds. It is only by such timely support of doles and seeds that there are possibilities of saving thousands of our starving brethren from death now and from failure of crops next year provided rainfall is favourable.

There is a clarion Call of Duty to Humanity to all whom God has placed in better condition than the Distressed Bhils. We appeal to the generous public to rise to the occasion and contribute their mite for this life saving work.

We therefore appeal to the public:—

1. To send their contributions to the Committee.

2. To attend public meeting on Saturday the 1st July, 1933 at 6-30 p.m. at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall.

3. And to enlist as volunteers to help us for collections.

Lallubhai D. Jhaveri, President. D. B. Committee: Ratilal S. Jhaveri, Lallubhai K. Dalal; Harjivan Valji; Natverlal N. Dalal; Jamiatsing, Honorary Secretaries. Distressed Bhils Relief Committee.

The Bombay Humanitarian League, 149 Shroff Bazar, Bombay 3. Tel. No. 25471.

TODAY'S MEETING.

A public meeting in support of the above appeal under the auspices of the Humanitarian League will be held in the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall, to-day, at 6-30 p.m. Mr. B.G. Horniman will preside.

Karachi:—A mild sensation was caused on Wednesday evening when an unknown person suddenly attacked Sjt. Ladikram, General Secretary, North Western Railway Union and Editor of the "Railway Times" an organ Railway Union, as he was going to the Ferry Road in company with another gentleman. The assailant delivered several blows with a lathi as a result of which Ladikram fell down. Before a crowd collected the assailant made good his escape.—A. P.

BALDWIN WARNS LANCASHIRE

Defends India's Fiscal Freedom And Right To Choose Markets

URGES MUTUAL AGREEMENT MUST REPLACE DICTATION

Mr. Stanley Baldwin, who made a telling speech in which he advised Lancashire to make a friendly agreement with India.

LONDON, June 29.

At Manchester before an audience of 10,000 people, Mr. Stanley Baldwin declared his eagerness to explain India to Lancashire, for "whatever is done in India, the consequences will be felt in Lancashire."

"We have spent a century in teaching Indians our language and ideals. If we ever thought that the time would never come when Indians wanted those ideals to be equally applicable to them, then we were living in a fool's paradise.

The war left India in a ferment of new ideas, and the advance in political ideas and democratic ideas has not been less rapid in the East than in Europe."

STRUCK HAPPY MEDIUM.

Mr. Baldwin reviewed the Conferences leading to the White Paper, the general principles of which were supported by the Cabinet, and were the subject of examination by the Select Committee, which he had every confidence would perform its task to the satisfaction of Parliament. Safeguards and workability were really important things.

We must carry with us as far as possible the Indians who will help to work the constitution. No constitution will work in India unless it commands the support of a large section of the politically minded. We believe we have as near as possible struck a happy medium.

If the proposals are on the lines of the White Paper with proper safeguards, and are proved workable, and are found possible, we believe many thousands of politically minded and educated Indians will cooperate.

DAY OF DICTATION GONE.

Granting that democratic institutions in Canada and South Africa had saved them for the Empire, was it not a more cogent reason for supporting the Government's Indian proposals. India was not all extremist. As regards trade, Mr. Baldwin said that nothing was more likely to endanger the good relations between India and Britain than the belief that India's fiscal policy was dictated to by Whitehall in the interests of the trade of Britain.

The whole growth of the Dominions had been one involving less and less control of fiscal matters, until they had obtained complete freedom. India was following the same path. No wiseman ignores that consideration.

He warned Lancashire that the day had gone when we could dictate to India what and where she could buy. Whatever the Government did, you could not prevent Orientals if they felt unjustly treated from expressing their feelings by boycott.

He believed that the boycott in India had died not only under the influence of firm government, but because of the conviction of Indians that we are going to deal honourably with them.

The moral aspect did as much, perhaps more to break the boycott than force.

MAKE-MUTUAL AGREEMENT

India had to face external competition which she dreaded more than Lancashire. He urged Lancashire and India to try and make a friendly agreement with mutual respect that would immensely benefit both, both were subjected to the same difficulties and dangers, and the time would surely come when both would have to face them together.

"We have got to decide within the next twelve months what step forward we are going to take in India, when we have decided on it let's take it in goodheart and goodwill saying we will do our best to see you through godspeed. Mr. Baldwin spoke for an hour.

---

10 LAKHS FOR EDUCATING HARIJANS

U. P. Council's Five Year Plan

NAINITAL, June 29.

The resolution moved by Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, leader of Opposition decommending Government that 10 lakhs of rupees should be allotted in the course of next five years for the rapid expansion of education among Depressed Classes in the United Provinces was agreed to when the Council re-assembled to-day with Sir Sitaram in the chair. The Government explained the scheme which they had recently formulated for the benefit of students of Depressed Classes. The Government claimed that they were nearly spending 2 lakhs of rupees annually and separately for the education of the Depressed Classes.—A. P.

MR. NARENDRA DEV RELEASED

BENARAS, June 29.

Mr. Narendra Dev, Principal, Kashi Bidyapitha together with Thakurdas, a prominent pleader of Benaras were suddenly released from the District Jail at noon to-day about six months before the expiry of their terms. Mr. Nand Kishore Vasistha, Secretary U. P. Hindustani Sevadal was also released from the District Jail Ghazipur, and brought here this morning under police custody. He was set free at the police station this morning.—A. P.

SIMLA, June 29.

Owing to breaches on B.B. & C. I. main line the Railway administration is arranging to run special train from Delhi on Friday morning for carrying English Mail and homeward passengers. A special train will leave Delhi day by G.I.P.—A. P.

NAGPUR YOUTH JAILED

Severe Sentence Imposed For Abducting School-Girl

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, June 30.

Mr. Allay Hussain, First Class Magistrate, Nagpur sentenced today Krishnamurari, an undergraduate, and son of Mr. Baboolal, Prosecuting Inspector of Nagpur, to undergo two years' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of abducting Shanti, an eighteen year old niece of Mr. K. P. Verma Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Nagpur.

The prosecution case was that on January 11 last year the accused forcibly removed Shanti while she was entering her school in Craddock Town to Kalmeshwar in a taxi.

The girl's cries aroused suspicion and the Railway Staff handed over the accused and the girl to the Police, who brought them back to Nagpur.

In sentencing the accused, the Magistrate observed that though educated he has acted like a desperado, and his action was wanton.

The defence failed to prove intimacy between Shanti and the accused. Two brothers who accompanied the accused and the taxi driver were acquitted.

An unprecedented 60 miles an hour sandstorm on Thursday, is causing the hold up at Shalbah of the Imperial Airways London plane from Karachi.—Reuter.

OLD LADY OF THREADNEEDLE STREET

New Record Set Up For Gold Coin Bullion

LONDON, June 29.

New records were set up at monthly gold coin bullion held by the Bank of England. The figure for June 21 was £188,000,000 which is £2,000,000 over the May record. The corresponding figure last year was £136,000,000.—Reuter.

(Continued from Column 7.)

Tara 7/8; Redoubt 7/3; Sahaab 7/0; Matchbox 7/0.

BANGALORE CUP
Div. II

Distance about 6 furlongs.

Tom Fair 9/8; Ashanti Gold 9/4; Lignan 9/0; Arran Comrade 9/0; Great Pearl 8/13; Pamela Mary 8/4; Good Biz 8/1; Indiscreet 7/13; Alesia II 7/11; Francois 7/10; Spangle 7/5; Don Patrick 7/4; Guard's Officer 7/0.

BANGALORE CUP
Div. I

Distance about 6 furlongs.

Hill Cott 9/4; Snoops 9/0; Trierarch 8/12; Insult 8/12; Cyperus 8/12; Camille 8/12; Mahalakshmi 8/9; Nuncastle 8/7; Glowing Embers 8/5; Highflyer 8/4; Asphalt 7/10; Queen of Mars 7/10; Mytilus 7/9; Mountain Dancer 7/8.

YUVARAJA OF MYSORE'S CUP

Distance about 1 mile 3 furlongs.

The Viceroy 9/7; Bushboos 9/4; Kanzalzaman 8/11; Ahnaf 8/8; Sterling 8/7; Grey King 8/6; Karim Beg 8/6; Hawal 8/3; Kashaf 7/12; Berlin 7/12; Burzan 7/10; Red Label 7/9.

GOODWOOD PLATE

Distance about 7 furlongs.

Galactic 9/5; Rosenaire II 9/0; Simon's Wink 9/0; Barfirst 8/13; Kentish Mist 8/7; H2 O 8/5; Stella Amaris 8/5; Lady Friarsdale 8/4; Greenest 8/3; Raft Duck 8/3; Wise Kiss 7/13; Lady Beatrice 7/11; Joli Bond 7/6; Ballysil 7/6; Toy Girl 7/5; Torrance 7/0; Miss Davina 7/0.

'CAVEMAN' KNOCKS OUT SHARKEY

World Heavyweight Title Goes To Carnera

AMERICAN COUNTED OUT AFTER LEAD IN 6TH ROUND

(Special Cable)

NEW YORK, June 30.

In the World's Heavyweight Championship over fifteen rounds Primo Carnera knocked out Jack Sharkey in the sixth round. The respective weights were Carnera 18 stones 8-½ pounds, Sharkey 14 stones 5 pounds.

40,000 SPECTATORS GASP.

40,000 spectators were rendered speechless when Jack Sharkey was knocked out, as it was expected from the way the fight was going he would win easily. Sharkey won the first five rounds decisively, and appeared to have the fight in his pocket. This is the third time in Sharkey's career that he has been knocked out.

The Italian who receives no monetary gain from the fight as the purse is attached for the breach of promise case, was almost out on his feet when he landed the knockedout.

In the first round Sharkey got in lefts and rights to the body and head, and Carnera twice sent him to ropes with terrific blows, the round ended with Sharkey catching Primo with a beautiful right to the chin.

In the second round Carnera opened very cautiously, his long left smothered Sharkey who nevertheless sent a right to the jaw, knocking Carnera to the ropes. Sharkey tried to follow up the advantage, but was again smothered.

In the third round Sharkey opened by feinting and bobbing derisively as Carnera flailed the air. Sharkey drove vicious rights to the head and left of the body, driving Carnera on the defensive.

SHARKEY ATTACKS BODY.

In the fourth round Sharkey slipped under the giant's long left and pumped a quick volley into the body, getting away unscathed.

Primo missed badly, and in so doing took several lefts to the head. The Italian replied by grabbing Sharkey's left hand and striking him with the free one, and was warned by the referee.

In the fifth round Sharkey sparred cautiously and Carnera was again warned for his bear-like tactics Sharkey drove him round the ring with smashing blows, then caught him a terrific right to the temple causing the giant to wobble like a chimney.

In the sixth round Sharkey, crouching low, made stabbing blows to the face and hooked viciously to the body.

TERRIFIC UPPERCUT.

Carnera counterattacked pushing, and thumping the champion backwards and landing with ponderous rights. He then sent in a terrific uppercut, the champion reeled to the boards unable to rise. He made no effort to get up, and was counted out.

The final round lasted 2 minutes 27 seconds.

YORKSHIRE FOLLOW ON AGAINST SUSSEX

Langridge Dismisses Four Batsmen For 20 Runs

LONDON, June 29.

Yorkshire had a sad day having to follow on after scoring 131. The tale would have been sadder still had Leyland who scored a confidence 50 been caught off an easy chance by John Langridge at slip when he had made 2.

Yorkshire's downfall was mainly due to the all-rounder James Langridge a future test match player, who played a chanceless innings giving a delightful exhibition of polished batting, scoring on both sides of the wicket.

He scored 80 in boundaries alone. He followed up his batting success by taking 4 Yorkshire wickets for just over 3 runs apiece, his slow left hand spinners being almost unplayable.

Surrey also had a few shocks in losing Hobbs for 5 Sandham for 0 and Gregory for 1 in a few minutes. For a total of seven runs Mayer took all 3 wickets for 3 runs. Hendren brightened the dull batting by sneaking runs.

The only bright feature of the Kent innings was stand of Chapman and Hardings who added 33 runs in 23 minutes.—Reuter.

JAIPUR POLO TEAM DEFEATED

6½ Goals Handicap Turns Tide

LONDON, June 29

At Roehampton Friar Park with a 6-1/2 goals handicap start beat Jaipur by 11 1/2 goals to 10.—Reuter.

SHAHABAD DEFEAT SHOLAPUR AT CRICKET

R. J. O. Meyer Scores 208 For Winners

(From a Correspondent)

SHAHABAD, June 23.

In a two day Match at Shahabad on June 21st and 22nd between the Shahabad Cement Works XI and a Sholapur Combined XI, the visitors batted first and were all out for 138 runs.

The Home side scored 348 runs for 4 wickets of which Mr. R J O Meyer, the Cambridge Cricket Blue, scored a brilliant 208.

In the second innings Sholapur were all out for 152 runs leaving Shahabad victorious by an innings and 58 runs.

SCORES

SHOLAPUR COMBINED
1st Innings

Sattar b Meyer	8
Dawoodkhan c Symons b Meyer	2
Bali c & b Vajubha	36
Yakub b Meyer	16
Jakkal b Naik	24
Omar st b Vajubha	13
Aziz b Meyer	15
Md Hussain run out	0
Kakade c Pratapsinji b Meyer	2
Phatate (not out)	1
Ibrahim c Machhe b Pratapsinji	3
Extras	18
Total	138

Bowling Analysis:—
Meyer 5 wickets for 45 runs.
Dayanand 0 wicket for 17 runs.
Naik 1 wicket for 15 runs.
Partapsinji 1 wicket for 31 runs.
runs.
Vajubha 2 wickets for 12 runs.

SHAHABAD CEMENT WORKS XI
1st Innings

Meyer c Dawoodkhan b	
Khakade	208
Machhe b Yakub	13
Maganlal c & b Kakade	62
Dayanand c Md Hussain b Ibrahim	2

Edited by V. V. KUMTEKER (Acting Editor) and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Hari Building, Old Colony Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.